THE DIAPASON

AN INTERNATIONAL MONTHLY DEVOTED TO THE ORGAN AND THE INTERESTS OF ORGANISTS

Sixtieth Year, No. 6 - Whole No. 714

MAY, 1969

Subscriptions \$3.00 a year - 30 cents a copy

Church in Montclair **Buys Large Austin**

The Union Congregational Church, Upper Montclair, N.J., has contracted with Austin Organs, Inc. for a new three-manual organ to replace an early E. M. Skinner instrument. In 1960 the E. M. Skinner instrument. In 1960 the old console of the present instrument was replaced with a new Austin console and a new great division was provided by Austin. The Skinner great was connected to serve as pedal additions. The current contract includes new swell, choir, pedal and antiphonal sections, the new pedal to match the functional great visually.

The specification was drawn up by Austin in consultation with Julius C. Zingg, organist and choirmaster. Charles L. Neill handled details for Austin.

GREAT GREAT
Spitzflöte 16 ft. 61 pipes
Principal 8 ft. 61 pipes
Spitzflöte 8 ft. 12 pipes
Octave 4 ft. 61 pipes
Flute Couverte 4 ft. 61 pipes
Fifteenth 2 ft. 61 pipes
Mixture 3 ranks 183 pipes
Bombarde 8 ft.

SWELL
Lieblich Gedeckt 16 ft. 12 pipes
Rohrgedeckt 8 ft. 61 pipes
Viola 8 ft. 61 pipes
Voix Celeste 8 ft. 49 pipes
Flauto Dolce 8 ft. 61 pipes
Flute Celeste 8 ft. 61 pipes
Flute Celeste 8 ft. 61 pipes
Principal 4 ft. 61 pipes
Koppelflöte 4 ft. 61 pipes
Flautino 2 ft. 61 pipes
Larigot 1½ ft. 61 pipes
Larigot 1½ ft. 61 pipes
Contra Fagotto 16 ft. 61 pipes
Trompette 8 ft. 61 pipes
Fagotto 8 ft. 12 pipes
Rohrschalmei 4 ft. 61 pipes
Tremulant

CHOIR CHOIR
Gedeckt 8 ft. 61 pipes
Erzähler 8 ft. 61 pipes
Erzähler Celeste 8 ft. 49 pipes
Nachthorn 4 ft. 61 pipes
Oktav 2 ft. 61 pipes
Sesquialtera 2 ranks 122 pipes
Cymbel 3 ranks 183 pipes
Krummhorn 8 ft. 61 pipes
Bombarde 8 ft. 61 pipes
Tremulant

PEDAL

PEDAL
Resultant 32 ft.
Principal 16 ft. 32 pipes
Spitzflöte 16 ft.
Bourdon 16 ft. 32 pipes
Erzähler 16 ft. 12 pipes
Lieblich Gedeckt 16 ft.
Octave 8 ft. 32 pipes
Spitzflöte 8 ft.
Bourdon 8 ft. 12 pipes
Rohrgedeckt 8 ft.
Super Octave 4 ft. 32 pipes
Flute 4 ft. 12 pipes
Mixture 3 ranks 96 pipes
Bombarde 16 ft. 12 pipes
Fagotto 16 ft. Fagotto 16 ft. mbarde 8 ft. Krummhorn 4 ft.

ECHO
Cor de Nuit 8 ft. 61 pipes
Salicional 8 ft. 61 pipes
Voix Celeste 8 ft. 49 pipes
Harmonic Flute 4 ft. 61 pipes
Vox Humana 8 ft. 61 pipes
Chimes 25 tubes
Tremulant

AEOLIAN-SKINNER COMPANY ANNOUNCES NEW OFFICERS

The Aeolian-Skinner Organ Company The Aeolian-Skinner Organ Company at its annual meeting of stockholders and directors elected the following officers for the ensuing year: president, Donald M. Gillett; vice-president, Thomas V. Potter; vice-president, Arthur Birchall; vice-president, Robert L. Sipe; treasurer, Vernon C. Saunders.



Among the honored participants in Northwestern University's annual church music conference April 13-15 were three visitors from overseas, shown grouped in front of the positiv built and played during lunch hour by Peter Crisafulli, graduate student. Northwestern Professor Klaus Wachsmann, specialist in ethnomusicology stands on the reader's right.

Overseas guests from the left: England is represented by Peter Le Huray, organist and music historian from St. Catharine's College, Cambridge; Germany is represented by Hans Klotz, musicologist from Cologne; and the Netherlands by Dirk Flentrop, organ designer and builder from Zaandam.

RECITALISTS FROM EUROPE RETURN IN COMING SEASON

Lilian Murtagh's 1969-70 season will include the return of several European organists. Marie-Madeleine and Maurice Duruflé will open the season, arriving Sept. 12. Their tour will include performances of Mr. Duruflé's new Mass, Cum Jubilo, Oct. 10 at Grace Cathedral, formances of Mr. Duruflé's new Mass, Cum Jubilo, Oct. 10 at Grace Cathedral, San Francisco, and Oct. 20 at Riverside Church, New York City. He will conduct his Requiem Oct. 23 at Hope College, Holland. Mich. The tour will extend through the Oct. 26 recital at Grace Methodist Church, Baltimore.

Jean Langlais will begin his eighth American tour with a recital at St. Thomas Church, New York City. His Solemn Mass will receive its premiere American performance Nov. 10 at the National Shrine of the Immaculate Conception, Washington, D.C.

Lionel Rogg will return in October and Gillian Weir in November. Peter Hurford will be here for a month beginning Jan. 12. Michael Schneider will be heard at three AGO regional conventions in June and will return for a tour in March and April 1970. Francis Jackson will be here in April and May 1970.

Lady Susi Jeans, booked for a week of lectures at Yale University in late February and for a two-week session of master classes at the University of Michigan in early March, will be available for recitals, lecture-recitals and master classes.

SUSI JEANS LEADS TOUR OF AUSTRIAN, ITALIAN ORGANS

Lady Susi Jeans will lead a party of 24 leaving London Aug. 29 to see interesting old organs and harpsichords in the Austrian Tyrol. The trip will culminate in seven days (Sept. 1-7) at the meeting of the German Gesellschaft der Orgelfreunde in Northern Italy. Centering in Bologna, the Italian meeting will include excursions to Ferrara, Lugo, Ravenna, Brescia, Bergamo and Verona.

CHOIRS FROM 14 COUNTRIES IN INTERNATIONAL FESTIVAL

Washington Cathedral was host March 22 for the second International Choral Festival, jointly sponsored by the Lincoln Center for Performing Arts and the Friends of the John F. Kennedy Center for the Perforning Arts. The festival concert was under the honorary chairmanship of Senator and Mrs. Edward M. Kennedy.

Participating were choruses from 14 countries. The United States was represented by the Occidental College Glee Club, Los Angeles, Calif., and by the Morehouse College Glee Club, Atlanta, Ga.

lanta, Ga.

The two-day Washington visit provided hospitality in private homes arranged by the International Visitors Service Council.

BIGGS PLAYS RECITAL ON RESTORED HENRY ERBEN

E. Power Biggs played a recital April 8 on the newly restored Henry Erben

8 on the newly restored Henry Erben organ in the historic French Huguenot Church, Charleston, S.C. His program consisted entirely of Italian music. The performance was sponsored by the estate of the late Mrs. Henry V. Erben, widow of the grandson of the builder, and the local AGO chapter.

The instrument, built in 1845, was restored by the Hartman-Beaty company. The restoration was initiated by the AGO chapter and the Charleston Preservation Society. Charleston Mayor Palmer Gaillard and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Erben Gaillard, Scarsdale, N.Y., were special guests. The Charleston Preservation Society held a reception after the recital in the drawing room of the Dock Street Theater. of the Dock Street Theater.

DE CASTRO RAFAEL Zacarías played four of the six Soler Concertos for Two Organs March 26 in Sala Manuel M. Ponce, Mexico City.

Northwestern Conference **Continues Explorations**

(The usual style of The Diapason is objective reporting. The particular character of the events discussed below seems to us to call for a more subjective report. Our usual play-by-play style is therefore temporarily abandoned.)

Northwestern University's annual church music conference committee provided a too ample and varied menu to guests from several states who accepted the dinner invitation, as well as guests of honor from both sides of the Atlantic. Some guests found certain of the entrees unpalatable and even indigestible, and yearned for a return to the conference's former more staple and generally nourishing diet. As a result, there should and will be some staff conferences in the kitchen, so that perhaps a future year may avoid the too-many-cooks formula.

An attempt was made to repeat the wholesome shock values of last year's big change from preceding conferences. An attempt to assure that repeated shock by adding voltage did not succeed. The panels which were so abrasive and so communicative last year were far from so effective this year, probably because not enough time was provided and because the schedule itself ran chronically late. Even the overwhelming presence of Chairman Thomas Willis, so helpful in holding last year's conference's loose ends together, failed to repeat its effectiveness.

If the overall impact and success of 1969 did not match that of 1968, some individual segments were of such high caliber that one regretted they were not given enough time, and that less communicative segments were allowed to impinge upon them. Three people will stand out most clearly in the minds of those with whom we spoke: Margaret Hillis, whose two hours of lecture and demonstration of the choral conductor's function would have been a highlight of any meeting: Peter LeHuray's lecture on English Reformation church music which successfully surmounted barely excusable errors in scheduling, and mechanical and luman failure of recording equipment; and Dirk Flentrop's beautifully organized lecture demonstration with cutouts, Language of the Organ Builder, which we heard many say was in itself enough to justify the whole conference. Mr. Le Huray's playing of two major organ works by kenneth Leighton was also an important contribution;

Sunday

Sunday
Sunday night's program juxtaposing late Renaissance choral, instrumental and organ music against contemporary sacred music was interesting and valuable but about twice as long as it should have been. The star of the program was surely Richard Alderson, whose firstrate baritone singing dominated the contemporary segment of the program.

Magnificat septimi toni, Cabezon, Magnificat quinti toni, Forster, Scheidt; Veni Creator Spiritus, Plainsong, Dufay, Balthasar Resinarius, Scheidt; Ave Regina Caelorum, Plainsong, Dufay; Ad Regias Agni Dapes, Titelouze; In Dulci Jubilo, Praetorius, Walther, Scheidt; Ein feste Burg, Walther, Kugelmann, Franck. The Great Day of the Lord, Alan Stout; Cantus Psalmorum, Pololanik; Lucis Creator Optime, Salvete Christi Vulnera, Petrassi; Psalmkonzert, Zimmermann.

Monday night's program, of high intrinsic interest simply abad as seven

Monday night's program, of high in-trinsic interest, simply had no com-fortable berth in a church music con-ference. All of us need and want to know what is being done in the experi-

mental creative arts. And certainly Robert Wykes's Studio for New Music is a nearly ideal group to demonstrate this. As part of a symposium on contemporary trends, it could hardly be improved upon. As part of a church music conference, it was lost, and even its shock value (and many did feel its shocks) does not make for communication in such a setting.

Mighty Thor, op'ratorio in 32 frames, Charles Garland; Biography, Olly Wil-son; Study for Amplified Tam-Tam, Richard O'Donnell; Letter to an Alto Man, Robert Wykes; Immobiles for Tape and Diverse Instruments, Mel

After this mixed-media, the second half of the program sounded remarkably conservative:

Optavi, Heiller; Lacrimosa, Lutoslaw-ski; Psalm 41, Paukert; — Noriko Fujii, soprano, Karel Paukert, organ. Canti-cum Canticorum, Alan Stout; Lamenta-tions, M. William Karlins, Miss Fujii, Mr. Paukert, narrator, instruments.

As much lost in the shuffle as the mass-media demonstration, was the Ger-man scholar Hans Klotz, whose long, man scholar Hans Klotz, whose long, bookish lecture on the Renaissance and early Baroque organ, illustrated with illegible slides of their stoplists, and a dry, scholarly organ recital had almost no revelance to the overall feel of the conference. In the proper setting we assume Dr. Klotz is capable of communication munication.

Maria zart von edler Art, Schlick: Maria zart von edler Art, Schlick; Ave Maris Stella, Hofhaimer; Recerchare Primo, Cavazzoni; Preambulon in fa, Kleber; Fancy, Byrd; Salve Regina, Cor-net; Fantasia, Sweelinck; Wic schön leuchtet der Morgenstern, anon.; Intro-duction, Passacaglia and Fugue in E minor, Reger.

We had a good deal of unfavorable reaction to the continued over emphasis on the highly publicized "urban church" movements in music. There is some question as to whether it is advisable or even possible for such a school as Northwestern to assume an effective leadership in such a movement, and whether the love-in, rock culture can be successfully crammed down all or even successfully crammed down all or even

very many throats. The final "service", dominated by a "soul" group, was the summation of the trend of earlier panels. Very few people remained to the end; many reported themselves bored, indeed strongly "turned-off" by the indeed strongly whole affair.

Panel on Rennaissance Old and New Common Bonds: Moderator, Thomas Willis; George Howerton; Dirk Flentrop,

Peter Le Huray, Howard Brown.
Panel on Pathways to Global Villages:
Robert Wykes, Paul Firnhaber, Klaus
Wachsmann, Avon Gillespie.
Panel on Worship, Art and the Human Spirit; Kent Schneider, Derek Sim-

ons, Elizabeth Stout.

Northwestern is to be congratulated for an interesting try. But where do we go from here? Not many more miles down that same road!

Post conference

Post conference
Not officially part of Northwestern's conference but for many people a kind of beautiful benediction to it was Catharine Crozier's recital at St. Paul's United Church of Christ, Chicago. To make possible general acceptance of the church's invitation to conference visitors, the conference closed before the dinner. the conference closed before the dinner hour Tuesday.

Miss Crozier was in top form, arous-Miss Crozier was in top form, arousing, with only the high artistic communication of her playing, an audience enthusiasm fully the equal of what the intentional showmen can whip up. Sure-Intentional showmen can whip up. Surely no one can equal her performance of the Sowerby Passacaglia or of the Messiaen Communion. Nor is such direct communication in Bach very often encountered. She would not have needed to resort to "milking" her audience to have added any number of encores beyond the three she provided.

Toccata 9 in C minor, Muffat; Whate'er My God Ordains is Right, Kellner; A Mighty Fortress, Hanff; To Jordan Came Our Lord, Prelude and Fugue in G major, Bach; Passacaglia, Symphony in Compains Sowerby. Postlyda for the in G major, Sowerby: Postlude for the Office of Compline, Fantaisie 2, Alain; Communion, Mass for Pentecost, Messiaen; Passacaglia quasi Toccata on siaen; Passacagl B-A-C-H, Sokola.



ORGAN MUSIC WITH OTHER INSTRUMENTS

Performance material on rental 6001 PEETERS - Concerto for Organ and Orchestra. Organ Solo Part (with piano reduction of orchestra) \$5.00 Entrata Festiva (Lat-Eng). Organ, 2 Trps, 2 Trbs (Timpani and Unison Chorus ad lib). Score and Parts \$5.50 6159 - Extra Chorus Parts, each 6159D 6848 PINKHAM - Concertante. Organ, Brass (2 Trps, 2 Trbs), Percussion (2). Set of Parts 6848A - Full Score \$3.00 - Concertante. Organ, Celesta, Percussion (2) Set of Parts \$7.50. Full Score (6507A) 6507 - Concertante for Guitar, Harpsichord, Organ, Percussion* 66293 RAPHAEL - Concerto for Organ, 3 Trumpets, Timpani, Strings, Op. 57.* Organ Score **WM16** 7.50 ZA3797 H43 ROWLEY - Meditation. String Orchestra, Organ. 4.50 Score and Parts - Full Score alone \$1.50. Extra Strings, each \$.60 6886 STOUT - Screnity. V'cello (Bassoon) and Organ 1.25 STRAUSS, R. - Festival Procession (Reger). Organ (2 or 3 Trbs, Timpani ad lib) R30 STRINGS IN SERVICE - 12 Well-known Hymn Tunes for Organ with Unison, 2-Part or Descant Violin Accompani-H170A Concerto (A). V'cello Solo, String Orchestra, ZA3166 TARTINI -Organ. Full Score

— Set of Parts \$7.50. Extra Strings, each \$1.00 5.00 TIESSEN - Music for Viola and Organ, Op. 59 3.00 TOEBOSCH - Allegro for Organ and Orchestra.* Pocket WESLEY, CHARLES - Concerto No. 4 (C) (Finzi). Organ Solo Part \$1.50. Full Score (H290) \$5.00 — Set of Parts \$5.60. Extra Strings, each \$.80 H290A WEYRAUCH - Herzliebster Jesu, was hast Du verbrochen (Sonata). Viola and Organ HE13.3

C. F. PETERS CORPORATION

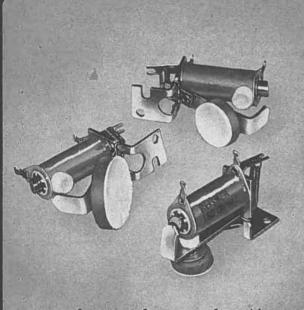
ZAGWIJN - Andante. Flute and Organ

373 PARK AVENUE SOUTH NEW YORK, N. Y. 10016

9 00

2.00

Convert your pneumatic chest to modern direct electric...



. . . for year after year of troublefree operation, specify the Reisner 601 Direct Electric Chest Magnet. Available in three standard valve sizes, three coil resistances.

with the Reisner 601!

For more responsive pipe operation at very low or standard wind pressures, the Reisner 601 Direct Electric Chest Magnet leads its field. Why? Twenty years of experience has made it the most DEPENDABLE! Featuring easy installation, the 601 saves money by eliminating boring and deteriorative pneumatic leathers. It is supplied with 5/8", 3/4", or 1-1/8" valves in 40, 90, or 150-ohm coils, plus other sizes on special order. The 601 can be checked and regulated with the chest open-only an electric circuit is required. Also, two manuals can operate the same note without relays by means of

duplex coils (furnished upon request). Write for information today, or call your organ technician.

P. O. Box 71, Hagerstown, Maryland 21740, phone 301-733-2650

A Few Additions to Workshop Checklist

These workshop listings supplement those which appeared on page 16 of the

those which appeared on page 16 of the April issue:

Florida Southern College, Lakeland. NAFOMM sponsorship. V. Earle Copes, Gordon Johnson; choral and organ techniques. June 16-20. Write Martha Ann Chapin, 5890 41st Ave. N., St. Petersburg, Fla. 33709.

Fairmont State College, Fairmont, W. Va. June 15-29. Peter Wilhousky, choral. Many instrumental teachers.

Dartmouth College, Hanover, N.H. Congregation of the Arts. June 30-Aug. 23. Luigi Dallapiccola, Roger Sessions, Roberto Gerhard, others. Write Hopkins Center, Dartmouth College, Hanover, N.H.

Concordia Seminary, St. Louis. Schola Cantorum June 16-July 10. Bender, Gerhke, Bergt, Bangert others. Write registrar, 801 De Mun Avc., St. Louis, Mo. 63105.

University of Oklahoma, Norman. Choral Institute sponsored by American Choral Foundation. Four one-week segments beginning July 28, Aug. 4, 11, 18. Write Russell Mathis, Director Summer Session. Lef Oklahoma, Norman, Oklah Session, U of Oklahoma, Norman, Okla.

Taylogo

University of Wisconsin, Madison.
Church Music Cenference July 30-Aug.
1. John W. Harvey, Arthur Becknell,
Donald Neuen. Write Paul G. Jones,
UW School of Music, Madison 53706.

Paul Christiansen Choral Workshops:
West Liberty, W. Va. State College July
27-Aug. 1: Bemidji, Minn. State College.
Aug. 17-22. Write Kurt J. Wysick, Concordia College, Moorhead, Minn. 56560.

Colby Institute, Waterville, Maine,
Aug. 24-80. Mildred Andrews, Thomas
Richner, Phyllis Cobb. Samuel Walter,
Adel Heinrich. Write, Everett F. Strong,
Colby College, Waterville, Maine 04901.

JUNIOR AND YOUTH choirs from 17 churches of five denominations participated March 2 in a festival sponsored by the Nassau Council of Churches at Roosevelt Field Shopping Center, Garden City, N.Y. Margaret McClellan was guest conductor, Prentice Whitlock festival chairman and Robert E. Flood festival organist and director of the handbell choir.



Ray E. Robinson, associate director of the Peabody Conservatory of Music, Baltimore, will succeed Lee H. Bristol, Jr. as president Westminster Choir College, Princeton, N.J.

graduate of San Jose State College in California, his advanced degrees in must are from Indiana University. After army service, he taught at Indiana University and cascade College, Portland, Ore., before joining the staff of Peabody. In Baltimore he has served on the boards of the Baltimore Symphony Orchestra, Maryland Youth

Symphony, and Young Audiences, Inc.
Mr. and Mrs. Robinson and their five
children will live in Hamilton House, the
president's residence on the Westminster

GORDON KEDDINGTON was scheduled organ soloist with the Contra Costa Youth Symphony May 4 at Temple Hill, Oakland, Calif., playing has own Three Pieces for Organ and Brass and the Handel Concerto 13, with Nico Snel conducting.

VIVALDI'S Chamber Mass for double choir, double orchestra and soloists was featured March 2 when the university chorale and chamber orchestra and the Borromeo Boy choir sang at Pacific Lutheran University, Tacoma, Wash.

THE DIAPASON

Established in 1909

(Trademark registered at U. S. Patent Office)

S. E. GRUENSTEIN, Publisher (1909-1957)

FRANK CUNKLE, AAGO

MAY, 1969

DOROTHY ROSER **Business Manager**

WESLEY VOS. PhD Assistant Editor

An International Monthly Devoted to the Organ and to Organists and Church Music

Official Journal of the Union Nacional de Organistas of Mexico

The Diapason Editorial and Business Office, 434 South Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.; 60605. Telephone 312-HA7-3149 Subscription price, \$3.00 a year, in advance. Single copies 30 cents. Back numbers more than two years old, 50 cents. Foreign subscriptions must be paid in United States funds or the equivalent thereof.

Advertising rates on application.

Routine items for publication must be received not later than the 10th of the month to assure insertion in the issue for the next month. For recital programs and advertising copy, the closing date is the 5th. Materials for review should reach the office by the

Second-class postage paid at Chicago, Ill., and at additional mailing office. Issued monthly. The Diapason Office of publication, 434 South Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill. 60605

FEATURES

Northwestern University Conference 1-2 Summer Workshop Additions Andre Marchal at 75 1 '-15 Viennese Keyboard Music at Mid-Baroque by C. David Harris 18-21 Liszt and the Organ by Howard Bakken 27-29 NUNC DIMITTIS 8 CALENDAR 11

12-13

22.26

30-31

14

REVIEWS

EDITORIALS

RECITALS

HARPSICHORD NEWS

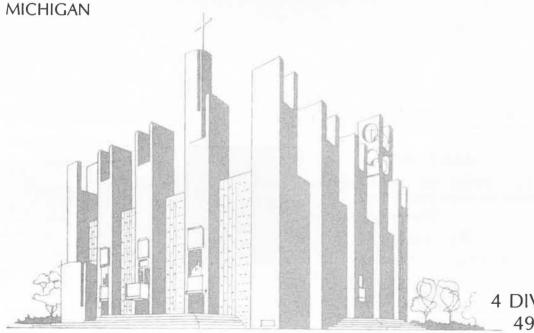
CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Choral Music 14 Organ Music 14

All subscribers are urged to send All subscribers are urged to send changes of address promptly to the office of The Diapason. Changes must reach us before the 15th of the month preceeding the date of the first issue to be mailed to the new address. The Diapason cannot provided the line of the provided the line of the provided the line of vide duplicate copies missed because of a subscriber's failure to notify.

KALAMAZOO

THE CATHEDRAL CHURCH OF CHRIST THE KING



4 DIVISIONS

AEOLIAN-SKINNER ORGAN CO., INC.

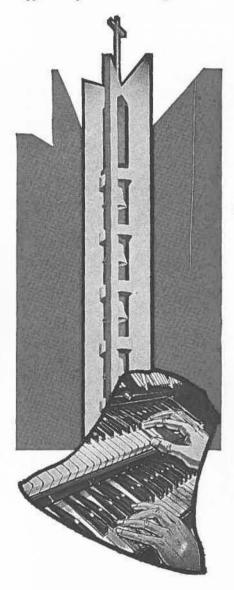
PACELLA PARK DRIVE RANDOLPH, MASS. 02368



GREATER MAJESTY
TO

CHURCH ORGANS
and

a Whole New Range of Effects for the Organist!



The stirring resonance of Schulmerich® Carillons—lyrical or grave, light or sacred—can be an integral part of your music ministry. The Carillon puts a magnificent, new world of melody and harmony at your fingertips

Mighty voice of thousands of churches, the bells may be played alone, within or without the building; or together with the organ, by the organist. There is a Schulmerich Carillon for every budget, every situation. An expert Schulmerich representative will be pleased to discuss your church's needs. No bell tower is needed. Write for details. No obligation.

SCHULMERICH CARILLONS, INC.

4159 Carillon Hill • Sellersville, Pa. World's Most Honored Name in Carillons, Bells, Chimes, © Trademark of Schulmerich Cerillons, Lan



Gerre Hancock has been granted a six months' sabbatical leave from Christ Church, Cincinnati, where he is organist and choirmaster. Most of this time starting in May will be spent in Cambridge, England, observing and working under David Willcocks at King's College Chapel. In September he will study with Marie-Claire Alain in France. His wife Judith and their two daughters will sail with him May 9 on Queen Elizabeth II.

Mr. Hancock will make a brief trip back in June to fill his recital engagement for the Ohio Valley Regional Convention, where he is to play the new organ at West Liberty State College, in West Virginia.

HURFORD RECORDING BACH ON TRACKERS OF MANY LANDS

Peter Hurford is making a series of stereo recordings of the organ works of Bach played on 20th-century tracker organs throughout the world. The instruments are all to be by indigenous builders in each country, on the Abbey label and issued every two months. The May 1 release will feature the Casavant instrument in the Sanctuaire Marie-Reine-des-Coeurs, Montreal. The second issue will be on the von Beckerath in St. Andreaskirche, Hildesheim, Germany.

PAUL SALAMUNOVICH conducted a choral clinic, Helen Kemp lectured on children's choir methods, Emmett Smith spoke on the contemporary status of church music and Noel Goemanne lectured on the organ in the new liturgy and played an organ recital at the diocesan music workshop March 15-16 at Nolan High School, Fort Worth, Tex.

CELIA MAE BRYANT, University of Oklahoma, Norman, is the first woman to be elected national president of the Music Teachers National Association. Other officers elected at the annual national convention in Cincinnati March 10-13 were Marvin Thostenson, University of Iowa, and James P. Kennedy, Bowling Green, Ohio, State University, vice-presidents; Allen I. McHose, Naples, N.Y., treasurer.

EMMA LOU DIEMER has been awarded a grant by the University of Maryland for support of creative work in the summer of 1969.



John Carruth, College of Wooster, Ohio, is spending his sabbatical on a tour of the world and a period of residence in England. In addition to performances in England he will play in Hawaii, Japan, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Phillippines and Singapore.

Dr. Carruth received his undergraduate training and his MA from Cornell University and his DMA from the University of Michigan. Since 1952 he has been on the Wooster faculty. He directs a student choir of more than 100, plays for weekly services and teaches courses in music theory and literature as well as organ.

The CHARLES W. McMANIS Company

Organ Builders

TENTH AND GARFIELD KANSAS CITY 4, KANSAS

TUNING YEARLY CARE MOVING CLEANING REPAIRING REBUILDING MODERNIZING ADDITIONS

Bolton Pipe Organ Co.

820 CENTRAL STREET

872-1900

CHARLES L. BOLTON FRANK G. KIERAN

JANICE BECK

a "... brilliant new performer winning laurels in the concert area ... "

The American Organist

Recitals

512 E. Huron St., Ann Arbor, Mich



ORGANCRAFT ASSOCIATES

ASSOCIAT

PITTSBURGH, PA.
PIPE ORGAN ARTISANS

AN ESTABLISHED PITTSBURGH FIRM WITH A REPUTATION FOR MAINTAINING THE HIGHEST STANDARDS OF CRAFTSMANSHIP



Greenwood Organ Company

3553 DRIFTWOOD DRIVE
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA 28205
"THREE GENERATIONS OF ORGAN BUILDING"

JAMES LELAND

LAWRENCE ROBINSON

VIRGINIA COMMONWEALTH UNIVERSITY
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

Felix Schoenstein

& SONS Pipe Organ Builders

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.



PELS PIPE ORGANS

Johann Heerspink 1329 Thomas, S.E. Grand Rapids, Mich.



Your personal withes are in good hands

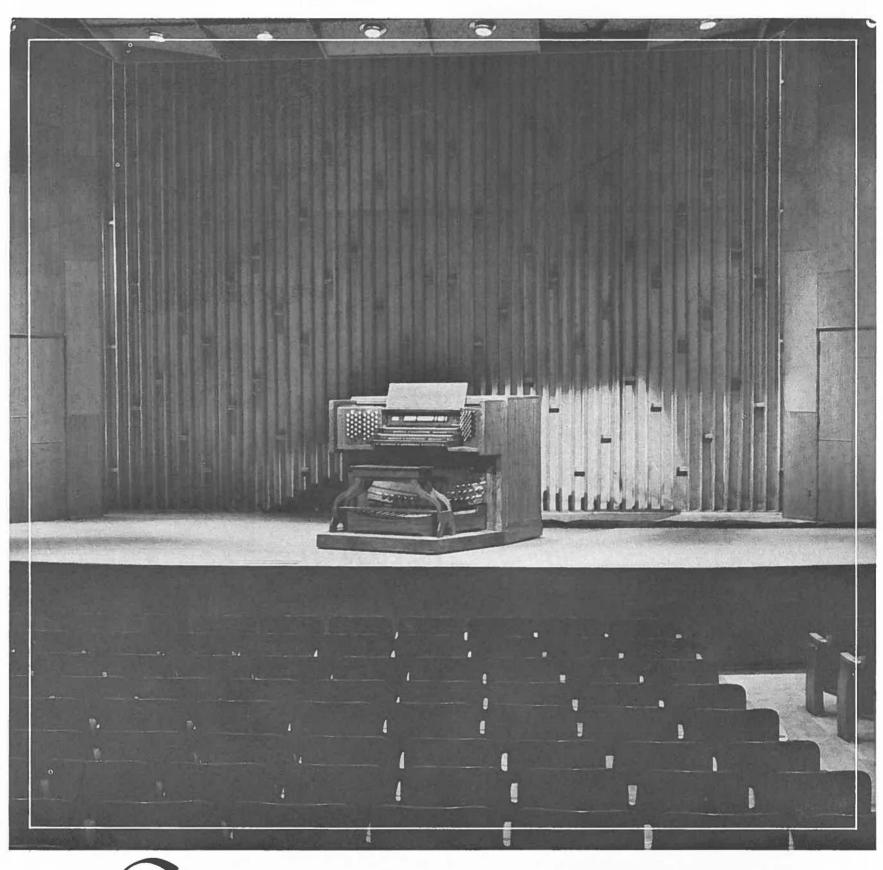
a. Jucy. Stinkens

ZEIST

ORGAN SERVICE - J. E. Lee, Jr.

KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE 37901 Box 2061

Tuning - Maintenance - Rebuibling Consultants





Hall university of Kansas · LAWRENCE, KANSAS

3 MANUALS — 72 RANKS

DR. THOMAS GORTON

DEAN, SCHOOL OF FINE ARTS

DR. JAMES MOESER ORGANIST

Leuter

MEMBER APOBA

BOX 486 AE/ LAWRENCE, KANSAS . 66044



FIRST UNITED METHODIST CHURCH Richardson, Texas

Rev. Leighton Farrell, Minister Mrs. Wm. C. Jacob, Jr. Organist THIRTY-NINE RANKS THREE MANUALS FREE-STANDING

WICKS ORGAN COMPANY/Highland, Illinois 62249 Pipe Organ Craftsmen Since 1906

YOUTH CHOIR DIRECTORS:

If you are looking for a way to increase the enthusiasm and interest of your youth choirs — or, if you are looking for new material for this summer's choir school — mail the coupon below for a complimentary reference copy of Lou Hayward's new collection of youth-oriented songs, RUN and CATCH the WIND.

RUN and CATCH the WIND is useful

- to give valuable training in reading and holding parts by using songs that are especially appealing to young singers . . .
- to give boys whose voices are changing a successful singing
- to provide entertainment at special programs . . .
- in church, Sunday School or at youth group meetings.

RUN and CATCH the WIND is for 2, 3 or 4-part mixed choirs, or all-treble choirs, or all-boys choirs (with any combination of changed, unchanged or changing voices) — all in one collection. A most versatile and valuable addition to any youth choir's repertory.

Send the coupon below for a reference copy — at no charge — of RUN and CATCH the WIND.



| Pleas | se send me | — a | at no cl | harge — a | a refer | ence | copy of I | ou | Hayward | 's new |
|--------|------------|------------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-----------|-----|---------|--------|
| choral | collection | for | young | singers, | RUN | and | CATCH | the | WIND | (G49). |

NAME .. ADDRESS

"C" D 569

STATE

ZIP

College in Oregon Opens New Casavant

A three-manual Casavant organ has A three-manual Casavant organ has been installed in Melrose Chapel, Lin-field College, McMinnville, Orc. The instrument is a memorial to Alice Clement who served the college as dean of the conservatory from 1922 until her retirement in 1946. Funds for the memorial organ were made available from her estate in fulfillment of her wishes. The class of 1963, friends and students of Miss Clement and Epsilon Theta Chapter of Mu Phi Epsilon contributed funds for one rank of pipes.

Located on the stage of the auditorium, the instrument was designed by Lawrence I. Phelps, vice-president and tonal director of Casavant in conand tonal director of Casavant in consultation with Florence Kinney, professor of organ at the college. Mrs. Kinney's dedicatory recital, Feb. 24 appears in the recital pages.

GREAT

Quintaden 16 ft. 61 pipes
Prinzipal 8 ft. 61 pipes
Rohrliöte 8 ft. 61 pipes
Oktav 4 ft. 61 pipes
Spitzliöte 4 ft. 61 pipes
Nasard 2½ ft. 61 pipes
Oktav 2 ft. 61 pipes
Mixtur 4 ranks 244 pipes
Trompete 8 ft. 61 pipes
SWELL
Salizional 8 ft. 61 pipes

SWELL
Salizional 8 ft. 61 pipes
Vox Coelestis 8 ft. 54 pipes
Gedacktflöte 8 ft. 61 pipes
Weidenpfeife 4 ft. 61 pipes
Nachthorn 4 ft. 61 pipes
Nachthorn 4 ft. 61 pipes
Waldflöte 2 ft. 61 pipes
Scharf 3 ranks 183 pipes
Fagott 16 ft. 61 pipes
Oboe 8 ft. 61 pipes
POSITIV
Gedackt 8 ft. 61 pipes

Gedackt 8 ft. 61 pipes George 4 ft. 61 pipes Frinzipal 4 ft. 61 pipes Koppelflöte 4 ft. 61 pipes Gemshorn 2 ft. 61 pipes Quintflöte 11/3 ft. 61 pipes Sesquialtera 2 ranks 98 pip Zimbel 3 ranks 183 pipes Krummhorn 8 ft. 61 pipes



W. David Lynch will assume chairmanship W. David Lynch will assume chairmanship of the department of music at Meredith Col-lege, Raleigh, N.C. effective next fall. He will succeed Dr. Harry E. Cooper who re-tires as chairman of the department of the end of the current school year but remains as professor of music.

Mr. Lynch's personal and professional background was summarized in the March 1969 issue upon his appointment to Centenary College for Women, Hackettstown,

PEDAL

Prinzipal 16 ft. 32 pipes Prinzipal 16 ft. 32 pipes Subbass 16 ft. 32 pipes Quintaden 16 ft. Oktav 8 ft. 32 pipes Gedacktpommer 8 ft. 32 pipes Oktav 4 ft. 32 pipes Rohrpfeife 4 ft. 32 pipes Mixtur 4 ranks 128 pipes Posaune 16 ft. 32 pipes Fagott 16 ft.
Trompete 8 ft. 32 pipes
Schalmei 4 ft. 32 pipes

IN CANADA

The choice of discriminating buyers in Church, School and Home organs

A Conn Organ offers completeness unmatched today in its size or price range. Conn models represent many technological advancements to meet or exceed the demands of those who seek a genuinely fine instrument.

Exclusive Canadian Distributor



55 BRISBANE ROAD, DOWNSVIEW, ONTARIO, TELEPHONE 633-4325

Tri-Tel associates limited

Vernon de Tar

F.A.G.O., Mus. Doc., S.M.D. Church of the Ascension Fifth Avenue at Tenth Street New York, N.Y. 10011

Juilliard School of Music Union Theological Seminary

Recitals Organ and Choral Workshops

> Designer and Builder **Tonal Revisions** RICHARD MINNICH 156 LONGVIEW AVE. WHITE PLAINS, N. Y. 10605



Reid Organ Co.

P.O. Box 363 (408) 248-3867 Santa Clara, California

George Wm. Volkel SAC. MUS. DOC., F.A.G.O.

All Saints Episcopal Church **Drake College** Fort Lauderdale FLORIDA

METAL PIPES

Quality Manufacturers since 1916 R. V. Anderson Sons, Inc.

Brattleboro, Vt.

euler

Pipe Organs

H. Leon Hiett & Associates 309 Crescent Drive, Wheeling, Ill. 60090 Phones: 312-537-5011-21



Malcolm M. Johns was honored April 13 on the completion of 30 years of service at Grosse Point Memorial Church, Grosse Point Farms, Mich. He is a professor at Wayne State University and conductor of its choral union. He has conducted workshops in this country and in Germany and in Tokyo where he was the first American to teach at the Musashino School of Music.

In 1963 Mr. Johns initiated an annual concert to salute the various ethnic communities for their cultural contributions to Detroit. The first at historic Old St. Anne's, oldest French Catholic Church, included the American premiere of the Duruflé Requiem. The series has also included premieres of Heinz Werner Zimmerman's Psalmkonzert in German and The Execution of Stepan Bazin by Shastakovich in tribute to the Russian community.

Mr. and Mrs. Johns will leave July 3 for a European trip which will include a visit to Poland where Mr. Johns will search for the large choral work for next season's salute to Detroit's Polish community.

KAREN GRANDY and Lilia Xochihua, Minneapolis students of Louise Borak, won the finals in the Minnesota Music Teachers Association organ contest.

Aeolian-Skinner Goes to Jackson Cathedral

A three-manual Acolian Skinner organ is about to be installed in St. Andrew's Cathedral, Jackson, Miss. The swell and pedal are in the existing chamber on the Gospel side of the chancel with the great and pedal principal cantilevered and displayed in front of the chamber. Exposed pipes of the positiv are located over the ambulatory, behind the console, on the Epistle side. John Paul, organist, prepared the specification with members of the Acolian-Skinner staff.

GREAT
Quintaton, 16 ft. 61 pipes
Principal 8 ft. 61 pipes
Bourdon 8 ft. 61 pipes
Octave 4 ft. 61 pipes
Koppelflöte 4 ft. 61 pipes
Blockflöte 2 ft. 61 pipes
Mixture 4-6 ranks 281 pipes
Krummhorn 8 ft. 61 pipes
Festival Trumpet 8 ft. (prepared)

POSITIV
Holzgedackt 8 ft. 61 pipes
Principal 4 ft. 61 pipes
Principal 4 ft. 61 pipes
Nachthorn 4 ft. 61 pipes
Nasat 2½ ft. 61 pipes
Gemshorn 2 ft. 61 pipes
Terz 1½ ft. 61 pipes
Scharf 4 ranks 244 pipes
Festival Trumpet 8 ft. (prepared)
SWELL

SWELL
Viole 8 ft. 61 pipes
Viole Celeste 8 ft. 61 pipes
Flute à Cheminée 8 ft. 61 pipes
Principal Conique 4 ft. 61 pipes
Flute Harmonique 4 ft. 61 pipes
Octavin 2 ft. 61 pipes
Carillon 2 ranks 122 pipes
Plein Jeu 4 ranks 244 pipes
Hautbois 16 ft. 61 pipes
Trompette 8 ft. 61 pipes
Clairon 4 ft. 61 pipes
PEDAL

PEDAL
Resultant 32 ft.
Principal 16 ft. 32 pipes
Subbass 16 ft. 32 pipes
Quintaton 16 ft.
Octave 8 ft. 12 pipes
Bass Flute 8 ft. 12 pipes
Quintaton 8 ft.
Choral Bass 4 ft. 32 pipes
Bourdon 4 ft. 12 pipes
Posaune 16 ft. 32 pipes
Trompete 8 ft. 12 pipes
Klarine 4 ft. 12 pipes



Arnold S. Bowman, organist and choirmaster of Darry Street United Methodist Church, Harrisburg, Pa., has retired as music therapist and director of recreation of the Harrisburg State Hospital after 35 years in civil employment. He also served as arganist director of the hospital change

as organist-director of the hospital chapel.

Mr. Bowman will continue to serve the church and will celebrate his 40th anniversary as a church organist in October. After years of private study he attended Zecher-Hahn Academy of Music and Temple University School of Music, Philadelphia.

HAMRICK AEOLIAN-SKINNER GEORGIA REPRESENTATIVE

George Lee Hamrick, Atlanta, has been appointed Acolian-Skinner representative for the Georgia area. He was organist for the First Baptist Church, Atlanta, for 17 years and for the Baptist Radio Hour while it originated in Atlanta. He served two terms as dean of the Atlanta AGO Chapter, and has extensive experience as an organ consultant.

THE CONCERT CHOIR of the University of Southern California toured California, Nevada, Utah and Colorado April 16-24 under the direction of James H. Vail.

Harpsichords Clavichords

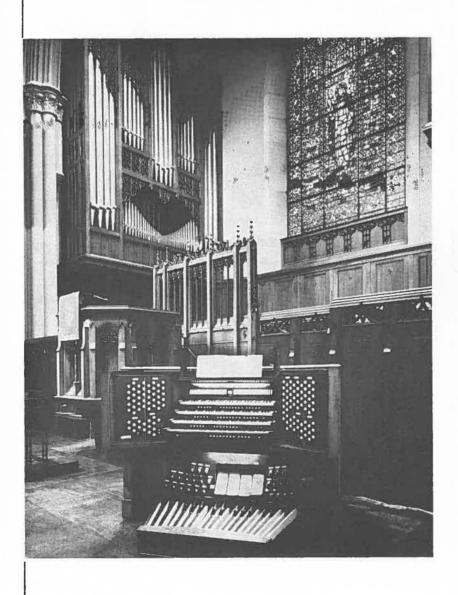


Sperrhake Harpsichords

Passau/W.-Germany

PORTER HEAPS

St. Matthew's Episcopal Church
Evanston, Illinois



FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Tulsa, Oklahoma

One of two matching cases on opposite sides of chancel. Console shown in recital position

9 Divisions

113 Ranks

Dedicated January 12, 1969

Frederick Swann, Recitalist

Minister of Music Roy Hallman Organist Nyle Hallman

AUSTIN ORGANS

INCORPORATED
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT, 06101

Member: Associated Pipe Organ Builders of America

TELLERS

• OSWEGO, NEW YORK — ST. PAUL'S R. C. CHURCH 3 Manuals, 43 Ranks

architects and builders of custom instruments created for a purpose

1906 - 1969

Erie. Pennsylvania

WHITE, SON COMPANY, INC.

SPECIALISTS IN THE MANUFACTURE OF

ORGAN LEATHERS

Samples on Request — Phone Liberty 2-7550 222 Summer Street, Boston 10, Massachusetts

"ORGANERIA ESPAÑOLA"

Organ Manufacturers of Spain — (Madrid)

Rebuilt organs at Toledo, Escorial, Royal Palace -Built Teatro Royal and many others — now building for Lourdes Basilica, France and others — Top Quality — Early Delivery — Minimum Prices

Would like to Bid on your New Organ — Send Specs and Bldg. Design for Estimate — Results could surprise you!

Agent — D. Whiting (AGO) 609 So. Grand Ave., Los Angeles, 90017

DELAWARE

ORGAN COMPANY, INC.

a progressive company with traditional ideals designing and building custom pipe organs

252 FILLMORE AVE.

TONAWANDA, N. Y.

CHESTER A. RAYMOND, INC. PIPE ORGAN BUILDERS

Rebuilding, Maintenance and Additions P.O. Box 55 Princeton, N.J. 08540 Phone: 609-924-0935



pipe organ builders tracker and electro-pneumatic

W. Zimmer & Sons

4900 WILMONT ROAD . CHARLOTTE, N. C. 28208



BERKSHIRE ORGAN COMPANY

68 So. Boulevard, West Springfield, Massachusetts PIPE ORGAN ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS



J. H. & C. S. ODELL & CO.

82-84 Morningside Ave., Yonkers, New York 10703 ONE HUNDRED & TEN YEARS 1859 - 1969

Five Generations building Odell Organs 914 Yonkers 5-2607

Church in South Orange Orders Austin Organ

The Church of the Holy Communion, South Orange, N.J. has commissioned Austin Organs, Inc. to construct a new three-manual organ. Several instruments have served this late Victorian ments have served this late Victorian building, including an early Austin two-manual. The present highly unified instrument was installed in 1929 as a memorial by one family of the parish. The church plans to make extensive renovations to the interior of the building, improve the acoustics and revise the altar area. The new organ will be placed toward the front of the present second floor organ space behind the existing hand-carved membehind the existing hand-carved memorial screens. Large openings toward the chancel and transept will be utilized

The specification was drawn up by Austin with the assistance of Joan Hult Lippincott, Westminster Choir College, and George J. Nicosia, organist and choirmaster. Charles L. Neill handled negotiations for Austin.

GREAT
Quintaton 16 ft. 61 pipes
Principal 8 ft. 61 pipes
Bourdon 8 ft. 61 pipes
Octave 4 ft. 61 pipes
Nachthorn 4 ft. 61 pipes
Superoctave 2 ft. 61 pipes
Fourniture 4 ranks 244 pipes
Trompete 8 ft. 61 pipes
Chimes GREAT

SWELL. SWELL
Viola 8 ft. 61 pipes
Rohrgedeckt 8 ft. 61 pipes
Viola Celeste 8 ft. 49 pipes
Principal 4 ft. 61 pipes
Waldflöte 4 ft. 61 pipes
Blockflöte 2 ft. 61 pipes
Plein Jeu 4 ranks 244 pipes
Fagot 16 ft. 61 pipes
Trompette 8 ft. 61 pipes
Schalmei 4 ft. 61 pipes
Tremulant

NUNC DIMITTIS

RUSSELL BROUGHTON DIES: LONG AT RALEIGH SCHOOL

Russell Broughton, retired music department chairman of St. Mary's Junior College, Raleigh, N.C., died Feb. 7 at the age of 74. He was at St. Mary's for 25 years until his retirement in 1965.

Mr. Broughton was well known as a

composer of organ and choral music isued by leading publishers. He was winner of several composition prizes. A graduate of Oberlin, where he studied with George W. Andrews, he won the Estey award in 1926 for study at Fontainhleau tainbleau

Like many organists of his generation, he began his association with church music as soprano soloist in a boy choir, that of Grace Church, Grand Rapids,

POSITIV

POSITIV Gedeckt 8 ft. 61 pipes Koppelflöte 4 ft. 61 pipes Prinzipal 2 ft. 61 pipes Quint 1½ ft. 61 pipes Cymbel 2 ranks 122 pipes Krummhorn 8 ft. 61 pipes Tremulant Cymbalstern

PEDAL Principal 16 ft. 32 pipes Principal 16 ft. 32 pipes Quintaton 16 ft. Gedeckt 16 ft. 12 pipes Principal 8 ft. 12 pipes Gedeckt 8 ft. Choralbass 4 ft. 12 pipes Mixture 3 ranks 96 pipes Posaune 16 ft. 12 pipes Trompette 8 ft. Fagot 16 ft. Krummhorn 4 ft.

Margaret

DICKINSON

University of Louisville Louisville Bach Society

Calvary Episcopal

St. Francis-in-the-fields Episcopal

Melvin

ROBERT

GLASGOW

HILL AUDITORIUM

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, ANN ARBOR

Faculty: HARTT COLLEGE, University of Hartford Organist: CENTER CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Hartford

david m. lowry

^

college organist

WINTHROP COLLEGE

ROCK HILL, SOUTH CAROLINA

Betty Louise Lumby D.S.M.F.A.G.O ALABAMA COLLEGE + MONTEVALLO

ST. LUKE'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH + BIRMINGHAM

August MAEKELBERGHE



What do the Violin, the Oboe, the human voice, the Organ Pipe, the Trumpet, and every other musical instrument you can name have, that the ordinary electronic organ does not have?



Random, natural motion in its sustained sound.

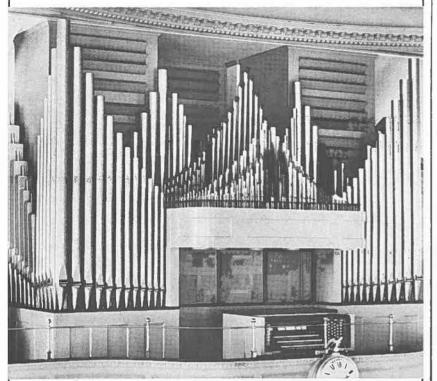


Is there any electronic organ which does?



One*

FIRST UNITARIAN CHURCH PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND



3 MANUALS - 53 RANKS

ARTHUR CHATFIELD, Organist EDWARD GAMMONS, Consultant



OUR RECTIFIERS NOW USE COMPUTER GRADE CAPACITORS - FOR GREATER LIFE EXPECTANCY

Another improvement from

"The House Of Quality ORGAN SUPPLY CORPORATION

540 East Second St. (PO Box 999)

Erie, Pa. 16512

Suppliers to the organ trade

UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA Winnipeg, Canada SCHOOL OF MUSIC Director, Leonard Isaacs, B. Mus. (London)

STAFF: Peggie Sampson, D. Mus. (Edinburgh): Robert Irwin, F.R.A.M.,; Robert Turner, D. Mus. (McGill); Conrad Grimes, B. Mus. (Stetson) M. Mus. (Oklahoma); Lawrence Ritchey, A.R.C.C.O.: William Aide, B. Sc. (Juilliard): Harold Lugsdin, A.R.C.T.: Garth Beckett, L.R.S.M.,; Boyd McDonald, L.R.S.M.: Alma Brock-Smith: Christine Mather, A.R.C.M.

Courses leading to the Degree of Bachelor of Music

(General - 3 years Honours - 4 years) Majors &/or Minors in most fields, including organ and harpsichord.

The School possesses a Casavant neo-baroque organ, and a von Beckerath tracker practise organ: also a Neupert and a De Blaise harpsichord.

Special interest in mediaeval and baroque music. Resident group — the Manitoba University Consort, (Director: Christine Mather)

For further information apply School of Music, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg 19, Canada.

Restoration of Historic Church; Schantz Organ

The Schantz Organ Company has completed the installation of a three-manual organ in the First United Church of Christ, Philadelphia. The church was originally Old First Church and was established in 1727 in the present location. In 1882, because of the changing environment, the congregation moved to a new location.

As part of the current restoration of Independence Mall and the historic buildings adjacent, the congregation has moved back to the original location at Ath and Race Street and is restoring the original building in the style of 1837 at which time it was enlarged. It has become part of the Restoration area. The come part of the Restoration area. The entire project is being supervised by Owen L. Fox, chairman of the board of trustees. The organ is located in the rear balcony and is concealed by an organ screen as specified by the restoration architect. Negotiations were handled by Edgar H. Mangam, Schantz area representative. representative.

GREAT GREAT Principal 8 ft. 61 pipes Holzgedackt 8 ft. 61 pipes Gemshorn 8 ft. 61 pipes Octave 4 ft. 61 pipes Fifteenth 2 ft. 61 pipes Mixture 4 ranks

SWELL Rohrgedackt 16 ft. 32 pipes Rohrflöte 8 ft. Gamba 8 ft. 61 pipes Gamba Celeste 8 ft. 49 pipes Principal 4 ft. 61 pipes Waldflöte 4 ft. 73 pipes Flöte 2 ft. Plein Jeu 3 ranks 182 pipes Figure 16 Fanks 162 pip Fagotto 16 ft. 61 pipes Trompette 8 ft. 73 pipes Fagotto 8 ft. Clarion 4 ft.

CHOIR

Nasonflöte 8 ft. 61 pipes

Dulciana 8 ft. 61 pipes

Unda Maris 8 ft. 49 pipes

Koppelflöte 4 ft. 61 pipes

Nazard 2½ ft. 61 pipes

Principal 2 ft. 61 pipes

Tierce 1¾ ft. 61 pipes

Krummhorn 8 ft. 61 pipes

PEDAL.

Resultant 32 ft Contrabass 16 ft. 68 pipes Bourdon 16 ft. 56 pipes Rohrgedackt 16 ft. Principal 8 ft. Bourdon 8 ft. Rohrflöte 8 ft. Octave 4 ft. Super Octave 2 ft.
Posaune 16 ft. 32 pipes
Fagotto 4 ft.

WINNIPEG CHOIR FESTIVAL; NINE CHURCHES COOPERATE

Winnipeg's Third Annual Choir Festival was held Feb. 27 at the West-minster United Church. Choirs of nine minster United Church. Choirs of nine churches participated, each singing one anthem written before 1950 plus another, often contemporary. A new hymn was taught to the choir and the congregation. Several Canadian composers were represented including three women, Travis Grimes, Winifred Sim and Violet Archer.

Violet Archer.

Filmer Hubble was festival choir director and Don Menzies organist; a brass quartet and timpani assisted.

ESKELIN ADDED TO CHURCH MUSIC FACULTY AT USC

Gerald R. Eskelin has joined the faculty of the department of church music at the University of Southern California. A graduate of Florida Southern College, Lakeland, and of Indiana University, he was formerly chairman of the department of music at Southern California College. Costa Mesa.

of the department of music at Southern California College, Costa Mesa.

Dr. Eskelin will be permanent conductor of the newly-formed Trojan Chorale and will serve as advisor to church music majors working for bachelor and master degrees. He is presently minister of music of the Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Los Angeles.

THOMAS RICHNER will play the Poulenc Organ Concerto and the D minor Bach Piano Concerto May 18 with a chamber orchestra conducted by Louis Hooker at the Community Presbyterian Church, Mountainside, N.J.

ORGAN VIRTUOSO

Personal Representative JANE PAGE MARKEY 921 Madison Avenue New York, N.Y. 10021 201-762-7674

MARILYN MASON CHAIRMAN, DEPARTMENT OF ORGAN UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN ANN ARBOR

"Miss Mason played with austerity and reserve, demonstrating anew her extraordinary facility . . ." Des Moines Register, October 5, 1964

Oswald G.

Recitals

Recitals

Professor of Organ INDIANA UNIVERSITY

Lectures

... superlative musical intelligence, fine, clear technique and a remarkable sense of rhythm . . . He is a true genius of the organ! Ruth S. Hocker - Casper (Wyoming) Star-Tribune

Recitals: P. O. Box 37, Niles, Michigan 49120

PAUL LINDSLEY THOMAS

F.A.G.O., M.MUS.

St. Michael and All Angels Church 4300 Colgate Street at Douglas Dallas 25. Texas

ROBERT F. WOLFERSTEIG, Mus. Doc.

Chairman, Department of Music

Georgia College

Milledgeville, Georgia 31061

Lectures

May II
Michael Murray Bach series, Heights
Christian, Shaker Heights, Ohio 8:00
Bach Cantata 86, Holy Trinity Lu-

Bach Cantata 86, Holy Trinity Lutheran, New York City 5:00
Suzanne Kidd, Union Methodist,
Washington, D.C. 8:00
James Lazenby, All Saints Cathedral,
Albany, N.Y. 4:30
Timothy Zimmerman, Methodist
Church, Boonton, N.J.
Festival Concert, St. Paul's Chapel,
Columbia U 8:30
Arthur Lawrence, Christ Church, Cincinnati, Ohio 4:30

cinnati, Ohio 4:30

Stephen Hermes, First Congregational Church, West Boylston, Mass. Dvorak, Calvary Episcopal, New York

Joan Lippincott, Westminster Alumni hoir, Fifth Avenue Presbyterian, New Joan Lippincott, Westminster Alumni Choir, Fifth Avenue Presbyterian, New York City Simon Preston, First Congregational, Oakland, Calif. 8:00

William Whitehead, Zion Mennonite Church, Souderton, Pa. 8:00 Richard Peek, Raeford, N.C. Presbyterian 8:00

Charles John Stark, Bethesda Lutheran, Ames, Iowa 8:00

Preston Rockholt, First Baptist, Savannah, Ga.

Cincinnati College-Conservatory choirs, orchestra, Robert Shaw, Corbett Audi-

torium

Roanoke College Choir, Virginia
Heights Baptist, Roanoke 8:00
George Markey, Princeton Theological
Seminary 8:00
Simon Preston, First Congregational,
Long Beach, Calif.
Dale Caldwell, First Presbyterian,
Indianapolis Ind 8:15

Indianapolis, Ind. 8:15

Roberta Gary, Corbett Auditorium,

Cincinnati 8:00

Belinda Goodman, First Congregational. Kokomo 12:30

Robert S. Baker, St. Paul's Chapel, Columbia U

Rosalind Mohnsen, Westmar College, Le Mars, Iowa

MAY 3 4 5 7 8 9 6 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 19 20 21 22 24 23 25 26 27 28 29 31 30

DEADLINE FOR THIS CALENDAR WAS APRIL 10

Frederick Swann, Methuen, Mass.,

Music Hall

Karel Paukert, Lawrence U Chapel,

Appleton, Wis. 8:00

Beaumont 20th Century Folk Mass,
Emanuel Episcopal, Webster Groves, Mo. 8:00

Simon Preston, University of Colorado, Boulder

Burns Taft Chorus, chamber orches-Westminster Presbyterian, Port Hueneme, Calif.

Marianne Webb, St. John's United Church of Christ, Evansville, Ind. 8:00

Marianne Webb class, S Church, Evansville, Ind. 9-12 St. John's

Haydn Creation, St. George's, New

York City 4:00 Frederick Swann, St. George's, New York City 3:00

Bach Cantata 44, Holy Trinity Lutheran, New York City 5:00

Poulenc, Kodaly, Madison A Presbyterian, New York City 3:00 Avenue

Louisville Bach Society, Christ Church

Haydn Lord Nelson Mass, Sauganash Community Church, Chicago 4:30

Haig Mardirosian, National Cathedral, Washington, D.C. 5:00

Joseph Norton, Christ Church, Cincinnati, Ohio 4:30

Contemporary Choral Music, Weminster Presbyterian, Greenville, S.C.

Simon Preston, Central Presbyterian, Des Moines, Iowa 8:00

Julia Anderson, Jane Weidensaul, St. Paul's Lutheran, Teaneck, N.J. 4:00

Vaughn Williams, Dona Nobis Pacem, Fourth Presbyterian, Chicago 6:30

Julia Anderson, Jane Weidensaul, Interchurch Chapel, New York City 12:00

Berlioz Requiem, Emory University, Atlanta, Ga.

Berlioz Requiem, Emory University, Atlanta, Ga.

James W. Good, First Congregational, Kokomo, Ind. 12:30

Keith Shawgo, St. Paul's Chapel, Co-

Simon Preston, First Congregational, Pittsfield, Mass.

William Osborne, American mus Corbett Auditorium, Cincinnati 8:00

Contemporary music festival thru 27, St. Paul's Cathedral, Buffalo, N.Y. Simon Preston, Hammond Museum,

Gloucester, Mass.

Bach Cantata 172, Holy Trinity Lutheran, New York City 5:00
Bach B minor Mass, Grace Episcopal, Elmira, N.Y. 8:00
Bach St. Matthew, Northwestern U

choral union, First Methodist, Evanston,

Chicago Chambers Choir, McCormick Seminary, Chicago 4:00 Bonnie Sahadi, Christ Church, Cin-

Bonnie Sahadi, Christ Church, Cincinnati, Ohio 4:30
Claire Coci, Covenant Avenue Baptist, New York City
Joan Lippincott, Kingston, N.Y. Presbyterian 4:00

Simon Preston, Second Congregational, Attleboro, Mass. 8:30 William D. Peters, Lutheran Church, Bethel Park, Pa.

Roberta Gary, Church of the Ascen-sion, New York City 8:15 Simon Preston, First Baptist, Wor-

cester, Mass. 28

Rosamond Hearn, First Congrega-tional, Kokomo, Ind. 12:30 Searle Wright, St. Paul's Chapel, Columbia U.

June 2

John Weaver, St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, Stamford, Conn.

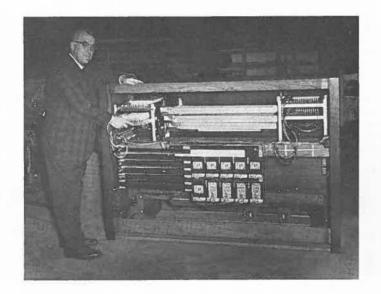
Donald McDonald, Michigan State U, East Lansing

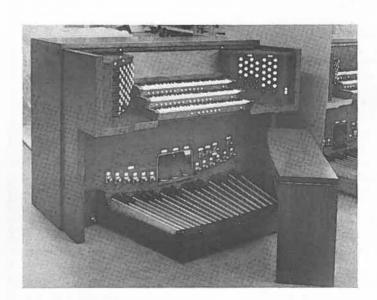
George Markey, master classes through 13, First Methodist, Phoenix, Ariz. Lewis E. Rowell, Christ Church, Cin-cinnati, Ohio 4:30

Marilyn Mason workshop, Wheeling, W. Va.

Marilyn Mason workshop, Wheeling,

THE ANSWER TO AN ORGANIST'S PRAYER A RELIABLE CAPTURE COMBINATION ACTION





Clarence Roggmann, Sales Manager, Klann, Inc., points out the new solid State Capture Action which is installed in the console. Note the ease of accessibility.

Write for a quotation on your next console.

KLANN, INC. WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA 22980

musical notes from abingdon

Anthems

"Let Us With a Gladsome Mind," Eugene S. Butler. Text by John Milton. For general use. Easy. SATB. APM-659 25¢

"Festival Introits," Alinda B. Couper. Four short anthems with biblical text and trumpet score. Moderate. SATB. APM-780 50¢

"Come, Holy Ghost, Creator Blest," Doreen Droste. Especially appropriate for Pentecost and Confirmation. Moderate. SATB. APM-675 40¢

"Lord of All Being," Alex F. Hegenbart. Familiar text by Oliver Wendell Holmes. Moderate. SATB. APM-544 25¢

"They That Wait Upon the Lord," Ronald A. Nelson. Biblical text. Moderately easy. SATB. APM-596 20¢

"Bread of the World," Albert D. Schmutz. New setting of the well-loved text by Reginald Heber. Moderate. SATB. APM-635 20¢

"O Lamb of God," Johannes Eccard, arranged by David Nott. For mixed voices. Original German text included. Moderate. SATT(or B)B. APM-584 25¢

"Christ Whose Glory Fills the Skies," Austin C. Lovelace. An excellent setting of a strong text by Charles Wesley. Moderate. SAB. APM-791 25¢

"Puer Nobis," Lloyd Pfautsch. Interesting rhythm. Moderate. SATB. APM-422 30¢

"Children of the Heavenly Father," Marie Pooler. May be sung effectively by either adult treble or children's voices. Easy. SA. APM-705 20¢

"Meditation," Alex F. Hegenbart. A contemplative anthem stressing the supreme sacrifice of our Lord. For Easter. Moderate. SATB. APM-505 35¢

At your book or music store

ABINGDON PRESS

Harpsichord News



Hugo Distler's Harpsichord Concerto

By Larry Palmer

Thanks largely to the recording of Distler's Harpsichord Concerto (Baerenreiter Musicaphon, Rote Serie BM 30 SL 1204), a larger public may now discover for itself that his opus 14 is a masterpiece, and indeed the composer's most successful instrumental work. The Concerto, scored for solo instrument and string orchestra, consists of three movements, lasting slightly longer than 30 minutes.

At the world premiere in Hamburg (1936) the work was attacked by the National Socialist press as "Bolshevist" music. When it was heard at the Festival of German Church Music in Berlin in 1937, the Nazi press again labelled the work as "unGerman" and "degenerate." This official unpopularity kept the work from further German performances. Along with most of Distler's music, it has until recently been unfamiliar to all but a very few on this side of the Atlantic; the rhythmic complexities of the score present sufficient problems of ensemble to keep present-day hearings infrequent. Also, while the score is readily available from Baerenreiter, the performance materials are for rental cnly, not for purchase.

Distler notes in the score that his dynamic indications are intended for

OFF THE SOUNDBOARD

The Lute Society of America (c/o Kenneth La Barre, President, 128 Norwood Ave., Upper Montclair, N.J. 07043) now publishes a quarterly newsletter, sheet music, and an annual journal. Anyone interested in the lute and other stringed instruments is invited to join the Society.

Buecker & White Cembalo Co. had an exhibition of some unusual new harpsichords and clavichords at the Richard Feigen Gallery (141 Greene St., New York City) last month. An illustrated brochure reached us too late for the April issue.

Allan Birney was harpsichordist for a performance of the Brandenburg Concerto No. 5 in a concert at Central Moravian Church, Bethlehem, Pa. on April 20.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Cochrane Penick played pieces for harpsichord and violin by Purcell, LeRoux and Corelli in a program for the Navasota, Tex. Music Study Club on April 9. Mr. Penick is with the faculty of Georgetown University.

Morehead State University, Morehead, Ky. now offers both undergraduate and graduate degrees with a major in harpsichord. Mrs. Violet C. Severy is in charge of the harpsichord program and recently played in the premiere of her Concerto for Cello, Oboe and Harpsichord with chamber orchestra.

an orchestra consisting of, at most, four first and four second violins, three violas, two 'celli, and doublebass; in no circumstances, he notes, should the disposition of the orchestra be larger, although it may be smaller. The harpsichord (his own was a two-manual Neupert), should have the following registers: Manual I: 8', 16'; Manual II: 8', 4'; Coupler; Lute, 8' II; Lute, 16'. Compass FF — f'''.

The first movement (Allegro vivace, C Major), is in Sonata-Allegro form. The first subject (Ex. 1) is played immediately by first violins and violas in octaves, accompanied by the other strings. The solo instrument enters at m. 13 with a rhythmic figure that leads at once to a statement of Ex. 1 in E Major by the harpsichord. A development of this theme follows, with fragments and sequences tossed back and forth from soloist to orchestra. A recitative-like cadenza leads to the lyric second subject, played first by the harpsichord (Ex. 2). This theme, echoed by

measures long, to a happy C Major conclusion.

The second movement (Andante, poco Adagio, tonally centered in F with many chromatic alterations) is an aria built on two short themes (Ex. 5 and 6). Both the harpsichord and strings have rhythmic figurations that sometimes attain great complexity — many 64th-note groups, groups of 4 against 6, quintuplets for the soloist, etc. In this movement the harpsichord is used as accompaniment as often as it is given solo passages, even serving, toward the end of the movement, the role of percussion instrument ("Schlagzeug") under the solo violin's singing of Ex. 6. A pizzicato solo of the assistant concertmaster and the arpeggio with the added second for the solo instrument with which the movement comes to a close produce an exquisite effect.

The third movement (Alla breve, C Major), consists of 13 variations on the Dutch tune "Ei du feiner Reiter" from Samuel Scheidt's Tabulatura Nova of



Hugo Distler at the harpsichord.

the upper strings, leads to a rhythmic motive (Ex. 3), which combined with Ex. 2 provides material for contrapuntal development.

The second subject, a third higher, is played by the solo harpsichord; the initial bars of the melody, echoed first by violas, then by 'celli, lead to a rocking back and forth on the B and C; each part enters on these notes, resulting in a tremendous crescendo leading to a recapitulation of the first subject. A second development of this theme follows. Octave arpeggios moving chromatically upward from F-sharp to C lead to a Presto coda, based on yet another theme (Ex. 4). This rollicking theme brings the first movement, 669

1624. The theme (Ex. 7) is quoted in Scheidt's harmonization by the strings, whereupon the soloist plays the first variation, which resembles a Czerny exercise in its unwavering rhythm and constant finger patterns. Variation 2 gives the accompanimental patterns to the orchestra while the harpsichord plays the theme in octaves. Variation 3, for harpsichord solo, alternates short phrases between the two manuals of the instrument.

The lower strings have prominence for Variation 4, the upper strings commenting "pizzicati" and the harpsichord, still in octaves, having a syncopated running figuration, which is taken over by the violins (arco) for



Variation 5. Variation 6, for the Lute stops of the harpsichord, presents the thematic outline in 8th-note arpeggios, reminiscent of the 15th variation in Bach's C Minor Passacaglia. Variation 7 again features a busy running line for the harpsichord and viola punctuated by sharp chords from the other instruments.

Variation 8 is a "Distler-ism" — a bicinium for first and second violins, with many "across-the-barline" syncopations. Variation 9 presents the running theme of Variation 7 in dialogue between harpsichord and orchestra. Variation 10 is, in effect, a perpetual motion, with the strings sawing away in 8th-notes throughout. Number 11 breaks this incessant motion with a jazzy, syncopated dialogue, which leads without pause into Variation 12, the solo cadenza of powerful, reiterated chords.

Variation 13 is again a "Perpetuum mobile," the rhythmic drive of which seems relentless, until it is abruptly broken off by all instruments except the second violin, left in lonely surprise to hold the note C. This serves as a bridge to a most inspired repetition of the theme, marvellously transposed to Aflat major and set this time as dialogue between strings and soloist.

The ending of this presentation of the theme is Haydnesque in effect: at first the dialogue proceeds phrase by phrase; then, after a string phrase, the harpsichord entry is delayed a measure: the next string phrase remains unanswered, so, after a pause, the strings try again. Still no answer; they try again, this time with only three notes of the four-note phrase, questioningly; then, again, with only two notes — even more tentatively; finally, after a pause, the soloist and orchestra break pell-mell into a recapitulation of the 10th variation — furioso, driving right to an "in tempo" C Major ending.

In effect, Distler's Concerto is a neo-

In effect, Distler's Concerto is a neo-Baroque work, dominated especially in the two outer movements by the forward-driving "motor-rhythm" found in so many Baroque works. The harmonies are aggressive and assured. They are at home in the world of Hindemith, Bartok, and Stravinsky. This is assuredly no student work. It lays to rest any doubts one might have about Distler's ability to write for instruments, or, for that matter, about his ability to work in larger forms.

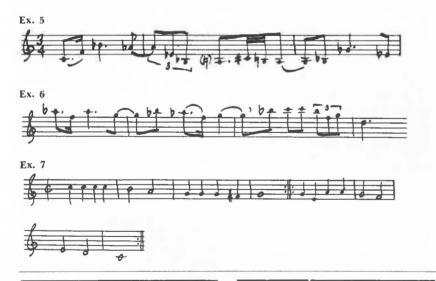
It is noteworthy that Manuel de Falla followed a similar pattern in working out the sonata form for the first movement of his Harpsichord Concerto — that of separate development sections for the various themes. One could make further comparisons between these two masterworks of the 20th-century harpsichord literature: the emotional heights reached in the second movements, for instance, or the conscious return to the model of a much earlier composer for the final movements — Falla with his debt to the spirit, if not the letter of Domenico Scarlatti, Distler to Samuel Scheidt.

And, now, a surprise coda! The work which has been discussed above is, in actuality. Distler's second Harpsichord Concerto. As far as I can discover this fact seems to have escaped all other Distler scholars. In June, 1967, while assisting Distler's widow, Frau Waltraut Distler, in sorting through a trunkful of her husband's sketches which had recently been sent to her from Luebeck, I found large segments of an earlier work for harpsichord and 11 instruments: flute, oboe, b-flat clarinet, bassoon, horn, and six strings (1st and 2nd violins, 1st and 2nd violas, 'cello, and bass). The score was in ink, suggesting that the work had been completed, although none of its three movements remained intact in this copy. The existence of this fragment explains what had previously puzzled many of us (including Frau Distler), namely, references to a Harpsichord Concerto in Hugo Distler's letters during the

carly 1930's.
Writing for the program booklet
"Forty Years of the Berlin Church
Music School, Spandau" (1968), Dr.
Ursula Herrmann quoted a letter from
Distler to Gerhard Schwarz (August
15, 1932):

15. 1932):
... I am working now on a large acappella Passion for five-part chorus, tenor soloist (Evangelist) and Bass soloist (Jesus). I have also completed a Concerto for Harpsichord and Eleven Solo Instruments that I have given to Professor Ramin to look over; so far as I can tell he would like to perform it this winter, perhaps even in Berlin. In addition, Frau Mann-Weiss wants to do it in Hamburg for the "New Music" series, also this winter. Perhaps the full score of this work will be found; it could exist among the books and papers of Distler's late

Perhaps the full score of this work will be found; it could exist among the books and papers of Distler's late teacher, Professor Guenther Ramin. At any rate, the discovery of large portions of this work points up again the fascination of historical research, as well as the pitfalls ever in store for the biographer or historian who attempts to reconstruct a life and its work from fragmentary sources.



Lake Erie College

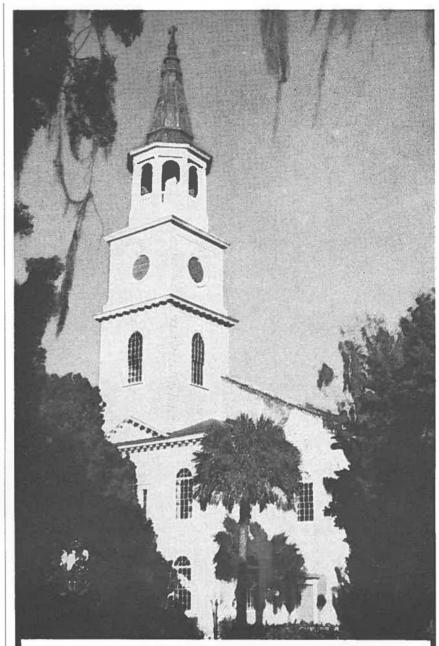
david gooding

The Temple
Cleveland 6, Ohio

David N. Johnson

Professor of Music and University Organist

Syracuse University
Syracuse, N. Y. 13210



THE SYBIL S. RIDINGS MEMORIAL CARILLON Harry van Bergen—Representative

ST. HELENA'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH

(Established 1712)

BEAUFORT, SOUTH CAROLINA



54 BELL CONSOLE

54 BELL SYMPHONIC CARILLON®

- 27 Minor Bells
- 27 Major Bells
- Automatic Keyselector
- Automatic Roll Player
- Chronobell® Automatic Bell Peal

®Trademark

MAAS-ROWE



3015 Casitas Avenue - Los Angeles, California 90039



The opinions, ideas and suggestions on the editorial page are the responsibility of the editors of this publication.

Ferment

For months our newspapers have been full of the unrest on our campuses. Perhaps never in the history of American education has such ferment developed, nor has such a threat been posed to the whole system of learning. The variety of colleges involved, the extreme violence in the most unexpected places, make this a period unparalleled in the experience of any of us.

We can't help noting that to our knowledge no schools or even depart-ments of music or church music have so far been directly involved. Perhaps there is no real "why" for this but it might be worth someone's study. We might venture a few thoughts to spark some better ones among our readers.

There has never been any difference in races among the arts, and least of all in music. Great performers and gifted creative personalities have always been judged by their accomplishments.

Perhaps, too, the extreme demands on a student's time, which any course in music makes, leaves less time and energy for other thoughts and activities This is, of course, a limitation as well as an advantage: too many music stu-dents know little outside their own fields, and care less.

In our fields, too, fairly orderly change and, on the whole, improvement have been so evident for the last gencration and a half that not all the rising group of organists can even keep abreast of what is already happening, and so feel small urge to make it happen faster.

It seems especially strange to us that within the ferment of our churches, more and more it is the clergy who are radical with the musicians trying to uphold and conserve tradition.

We wish we understood all this better. Perhaps some of our readers do. If so, there will be space in our "letters to the editor" columns. In the mean-time, we are relieved that Westminster Choir College students are not holding Dr. Bristol prisoner in his president's office, that Sibley Library at Eastman School isn't the scene of a violent sit-in, and that the boys and girls at Oberlin so far haven't set fire to Warner Con-

CORRECTION: A careful reader called our attention to a proof-reading slip on page 1 of the March issue: The floor area of the Linz Cathedral should have read 37,200 square feet — not 7, 200.

MARGARET HILLIS was featured clinician in the Northwestern University Choral Work-shop April 10. Students from Northwestern choral groups assisted in the demonstration.



Choral Music

Choral receipts this month were very light for May. Usually the week after Easter sees a great increase in our mail from publishers. Perhaps next month will restore the balance.

Associated Music Publishers sends unaccompanied SSATB Collect of Peace by Walter Wynn York, a work of medium difficulty.

Art Masters Studio had only one non-secular offering. There is a question in our mind about the suitability or effectiveness of Dale Wood's harmonization of the old tune of I Love Thee, My Lord.

Choristers Guild sends two unisons: consisters Guild sends two unisons:
Song of Praise by Joe Ridenour, with
tambourine, finger cymbals, solo instrument and organ, and Stanley Smith's
Sing unto the Lord, with optional percussion.

J. Fischer sends several unaccompanied anthems: Keith Clark's arrangement of a Kentucky Harmony hymn, Lord, Thou Hast Searched Me; Richard Gore's Psalm Diptych on psalms 50 and 150; James McCullough's arrangement of an American spiritual, On My Journey Home; and John Morehen's editing of Thomas Wilson's Prevent Us, O Lord. Accompanied anthems include: a rather busily contrapuntal O Christ, Wisc Teacher by James Boeringer; Austin Lovelace's simplification of the Gretchaninoff Blessed Is the Man, with doubling accompaniment; Albert Zabel's Our Father, by Whose Name, for combined choirs; and David McKay's SAB I Thank You God, with brass quartet accompaniment.

In H. T. FitzSimons Aeolian Choral Series are a small hymn-anthem, Come I. Fischer sends several unaccom-

In H. T. FitzSimons Aeolian Choral Series are a small hymn-anthem, Come Ye Disconsolate, and a Lenten Take Up Thy Cross, both by Joseph Roff; a D. W. Nordin arrangement of a pleasant Bruckner How Lovely Is Thy Dwelling Place, and an apparent resistue of Claude Means' 1955 O God of Light, with baritone solo and a rather English flavor.

Hope Publishing Company, whose

Hope Publishing Company, whose issues for choirs of limited abilities have seemed to us to be consistently on issues for choirs of limited abilities have seemed to us to be consistently on the upgrade, this month goes into music of more complexity, not always, we feel, with conspicious success. John F. Williams' God of Justice, Save Thy People divides into as many as seven parts a musical idea which would have had more clarity and strength in four. His Kum Ba Ya, on an African song, will have some appeal. Don McAfee's In the Bleak Midwinter uses oos, ahs and hums. Fred Bock's O Lord, We Beseech Thee, uses a recurrent accompanying figure to divide phrases. Eugene Butler's Praise and Sing ("with hard rock beat") might give effect without excess work. Gordon Young's Festival Alleluia uses optional brass quartet. Philip Landgrave's unison God Is Our Strength and Refuge uses narration to heighten its effect. For children is David Smart's largely unison Make a Joyful Noise, with rhythm instruments. Walter Ehret has made an SSA of a Glory to God in the Highest by J. Christoph Bach, and Austin Lovelace an SAB All My Heart This Night Rejoices on the Ebeling tune.

Some long-time Fred Waring arrangers are represented in this month's

Some long-time Fred Waring arrangers are represented in this month's Shawnee Press receipts. Hawley Ades has arranged a sacred-pop song, God Made Our Hands (SATB or SSA) by Jackson and Miller, with piano accompaniment. Harry Simeone has done something similar with the Tobias-Sherman In God We Trust. Roy Ringwald has done an original setting of the Whittier O Brother Man; many will compare it to his arrangement of a well-known musical setting. Luigi Zaninelli has set Wihla Hutson's version of Lord, Make Me an Instrument of Thy Peace. K. H. Barney's Psalm of Exaltation contains considerable division of parts but would cause no problems for a rather large, experienced group.—FC



Those Were the Days

Fifty years ago the May, 1919 issue contained these matters of interest—
Plans for war memorial organs dominated stoplists; an editorial was entitled "Organ Boom Has Begun."
Harold Gleason resigned as organist and director of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, New York City, to

and director of the Fifth Avenue Fresbyterian Church, New York City, to become private organist to George Eastman and to teach in the Rochester Institute of Musical Art.

A feature of the wedding ceremony of Joseph Gray Estey and Alice Low Wilson at Huntington, W. Va., was the dedication of the new Estey organ in the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church.

Healey Willan's Introduction, Passacaglia and Fugue, just published, was reviewed by Harold Mulligan.

Wesley Ray Burrough's movie organ column featured "comedy music." He made suggestions for accompanying Charlie Chaplin, Harold Lloyd, Mack Sennett and Fatty Arbuckle films.

Twenty-five years ago these events made news in the May, 1944 issue — The American Guild of Organists purchased a field ambulance for the

purchased a field ambulance for the United States Army.

A survey of recital pages for 1944 by Frederick L. Schwass showed a total of 7815 performances of chorale preludes, 5270 of Bach, 679 of Karg-Elert and 585 of Brahms among them.

The issue listed an extended number

of deaths in the field.

Ten years ago the following occurrences were brought to the attention of readers of the May, 1959 issue —

André Marchal was announced as headliner for the golden anniversary convention of the Canadian College of Organists.

A Handel festival opened Bexley Hall of Capital University, Columbus, Ohio. Feike Asma, Dutch organist, scheduled his first American tour.

Le Power Biggs and Daniel Pinkham played their first public performance at Busch-Reisinger Museum of the six Soler concertos for two organs. These later became a successful phonograph



Organ Music

New music is in uncommonly short supply this month. Elkan-Vogel sends "Pneuma" by William Albright. It is an imaginatively avant garde piece with less dependence upon specific registrations than his "Juba" reviewed in this column last August. There are several novel performance gimmicks, but these are in general subordinated to the larger form of the composition as a whole. An assistant is required for systematic stoppulling. pulling.

Triptyque pour Orgue (pro defunctis) by Dom Paul Benoit is available from J. Fischer & Bro. Several chant sources are paraphrased, and the style is by and large an extension of that found in his well-known Elevations.

Another new item from J. Fischer is Wedding Service Music, edited by David Drinkwater. It contains most of the old Drinkwater. It contains most of the old chestnuts and a few new ones (e.g. the wedding march from Mozart's "The Marriage of Figaro"). Many of the pieces would seem to demand more technical skill than one might realistically expect from organists and others who find themselves called upon to officiate at weddings. weddings.

Finally, from J. Fischer comes Charlotte Garden's arrangement of the Eucharistic Prelude from "Parsifal". The legibility strongly suggests that this is a reprint. In fact, a copyright date of 1947 remains unchanged. This arrangement is another interesting indication of the rapid changes in style and taste among organists; the piece would be anathema to many younger players. But it is a remarkably uncluttered arrangement and would be effective on a large instrument, especially one of pre-World War 2 vintage. — WV

Marchal at 75

Last Feb. 6, André Marchal passed his 75th birthday. Telegrams, telephone calls and letters from former students and friends all over the world poured

and friends all over the world poured in with affection and greetings.

M. Marchal's daughter Jacqueline, wife of musicologist Giuseppe Englert, wrote us about her father at this milestone in his life. The birthday itself was spent quietly at home with only the family present, as messages poured in from everywhere.

Permanent features of M. Marchal's

in from everywhere.

Permanent features of M. Marchal's artistic life in recent years are appearances at the Paris French Radio Concert Hall, playing for midnight mass at the Abbey of Royaumont, now a Foundation for artists, master-classes at the American School at Fontainebleau, playing the historical organ of the Royal Chapel of Versailles for the Society of Amis d l'Orgue and participations. ciety of Amis d l'Orgue, and participat-ing in the Festival of Prades where last summer he played a whole Bach program in the famed Church St. Pierre. In the fall of 1968 he celebrated the 300th year of the birth of Francois Couperin (le grand) by playing the two organ Masses at St. Merry.

In 1969 recitals are already planned for France, Morocco, Switzerland, Eng-land, Germany and Italy. He may re-visit the United States in the fall; if so, he says it will be his last trip over.

As far as current developments in organs, he is most happy about the come-back of the classical organ to which he has devoted himself in France for 50 years. It is with immense interest that he has witnessed its spectacular re-establishment in the United States since his first trip in 1930. He has al-ways appreciated the eagerness and enthusiasm of his American students. He has followed the development of organ teaching in American universities with great admiration.



Marchal's daughter and son-in-law, Jacqueline and Giuseppe Englert, play nearly indispensable roles in both his personal and artistic life. Above, Mme. Englert sits next to her father as the Mayor of Prades addresses the dinner following the Marchal recital at the 1968 Prades festival. Below, M. Englert leans on the console while M. Marchal plays his home organ. Note the koala bear above the right stop panel, a souvenir of the Marchal

On the opposite page Marchal is shown playing the 1968 midnight mass at the Abbey of Rayaumont (Foundation for Artists and Scientists) near Paris.



Seventeenth Annual Church Music Workshop

Jewish Roman Catholic Greek Orthodox **Protestant**

August 10-22, 1969

Boys Town, Nebraska

Dr. M. Alfred Bichsel

Dr. LaVahn Maesch

Rev. Charles Dreisoerner, S.M.

Dr. Peter Peacock, O.F.M.Cap.

Anna Gerotheou Gallos

Hazzan Samuel Rosenbaum

Rev. George P. Gallos

Msgr. Francis P. Schmitt

Anton Heiller

Francis Szynskie

Canon Jozef Joris

Dr. Roger Wagner

Inquire: Music Department, Boys Town, Nebraska 68010

ITHACA COLLEGE SCHOOL OF MUSIC

ITHACA, N. Y.

FELIX de NOBEL, internationally famous conductor of the Netherlands Choir and lieder coach, will offer a Master Class in Choral Conducting and Lieder at Ithaca College — AUGUST 11th through AUGUST 22nd.

Enrollees may take either or both sessions.

Those desiring to be performing members in the class in Lieder should arrange to bring their own accompanists.

Applicants should submit a tape recording of their lieder per-

formance.

Those desiring to be performing conductors in the Class in Choral Conducting should submit a tape recording and resume.

TUITION, ROOM AND MEALS - \$200.00

For Application and Brochure write:

DIVISION OF GRADUATE STUDIES

NEW ANTHEMS

for Mixed Voices

| O God of Love | .20 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Blest Are The Pure | .25 |
| Christ Is Our Cornerstone | .25 |
| Come, Risen LordLeo Sowerby | .20 |
| Our God To Whom We TurnBach/Blake | .20 |
| Two St. Bartholomew Amens 1. Pianissimo Amen Leopold Stokowski 2. Amen Jack Ossewaarde | .20 |

THE H. W. GRAY COMPANY, INC.

159 East 48th Street

New York, N. Y. 10017

RODGERS SPECIFICATION 660



The most versatile, authentic and tonally complete organ ever created in the medium price range*

*Prices start at \$12,900 in most states (tab console with setterboard)

The stop list below speaks eloquently for the SPECI-FICATION 660. But, that is only part of the exciting story. A spectacular new Chorus Reed brings vitality and excitement to both the Swell and Pedal divisions. The characteristic attack, bite, and body of a carefully regulated Reed are introduced in a manner fully satisfying and unexpected in an electronic instrument. Rodgers' exclusive Reed circuits permit easy rescaling and revoicing at each note. In addition, the Specification 660 provides a full range of pitches, from 32' in Pedal to 1' in Choir.

CONSOLE EQUIPMENT

Rodgers Specification 660 console equipment complies with American Guild of Organists' standards throughout.

DIVIDED EXPRESSION

The entire Swell division (both Flues and Reeds) is free from any borrowing from the other manual divisions and expresses correctly as an independent division.

FULL COUPLERS

A complete coupler complement, standard on the

Specification 660, provides for the full utilization of all divisions.

COMBINATION ACTIONS

The Specification 660 is available with either Setterboard Combination Action, or with the exclusive Rodgers Computer Capture Combination Action. The Setterboard is conveniently located in a drawer directly below the Choir keyboard. The unique Computer Capture Combination Action, which incorporates both hold-and-set and capture capabilities, occupies about one cubic foot within the console.

In the Specification 660, as in every Rodgers Organ, craftsmanship and quality of materials are of the highest order. Maintenance of this fully transistorized instrument is at an absolute minimum. The 660 is guaranteed for five years.

The Specification 660 is available either in DRAW-KNOB Console, as pictured, or STOP TABLET.

Write for name and location of the Rodgers' dealer nearest to you.

Pedal

- 32' Contra Violone
- 16' Principal
- 16' Bourdon
- 16' Lieblich Gedeckt
- 16' Dulciana
- 8' Octave
- 8' Flute
- 8' Gemshorn
- 4' Choralbass
- 16' Bombarde
- 8' Trompette (sw) 4' Clairon (sw)
- 8' Great to Pedal
- 4' Great to Pedal
- 8' Swell to Pedal
- 4' Swell to Pedal
- 8' Choir to Pedal
- 4' Choir to Pedal

Great

- 16' Gemshorn
- 8' Principal
- 8' Bourdon
- 4' Octave
- 4' Spitzflöte
- 2-2/3' Twelfth
 - 2' Super Octave
 - 2' Blockflöte
 - Mixture III 4' Great to Great

 - 16' Swell to Great
 - 8' Swell to Great
 - 4' Swell to Great
 - 16' Choir to Great
 - 8' Choir to Great
 - 4' Choir to Great

Swell

- 8' Geigen Diapason
- 8' Rohrflöte
- 8' Salicional
- 8' Voix Celeste
- 8' Flute Celeste II
- 4' Prestant
- 4' Nachthorn
- 16' Fagotto
- 8' Trompette
- 8' Oboe
- 4' Clairon
- 16' Swell to Swell
- Swell Unison Off
- 4' Swell to Swell

Choir

- 8' Viola
- 8' Gedeckt
- 8' Quintade (w/chiff)
- 8' Dulciana
- 4' Principal
- 4' Koppelflöte
- 4' Quintadena (w/chiff)
- 2-2/3' Nazard
- 2' Flachflöte 1-3/5' Tierce
- - 1' Sifflöte
 - Harp
 - Carillon
 - 16' Choir to Choir
 - Choir to Unison Off
 - 4' Choir to Choir
 - 16' Swell to Choir
 - 8' Swell to Choir
 - 4' Swell to Choir

Viennese Keyboard Music at Mid-Baroque

By C. David Harris

Among the numerous musicians connected with the music-loving court of Emperor Leopold I (reigned 1658-1705) were five composers of keyboard music: Alesandro Poglietti (d. 1683), Johann Kaspar Kerll (1627-93), Ferdinand Tobias Richter (1649-1711), Franz Matthias Techelmann (1648/49-1714), and Georg Reutter the Elder (1656-1738). Although their names are known to students of music history, their music is less well-known, and performances and recordings of their music are rare. This is unfortunate, since the repertoire that remains occupies a fairly important This is unfortunate, since the repertoire that remains occupies a fairly important place in the development of keyboard music in the Baroque era. Perhaps the increasing availability of editions in this area will encourage performance of the music. It is the purpose of this article to introduce the repertoire in its stylistic context in the hope that organists and harpsichordists will be attracted to it in their own areas of pertracted to it in their own areas of performance.

INSTRUMENTS

The instruments for which the music was composed were, of course, the or-gan and the harpsichord. As is true of so many aspects of Viennese culture during the Baroque era, taste in instruduring the Baroque era, taste in instruments was influenced by Italian principles of construction, and some instruments actually were imported from Italy. For this reason, neither the organs nor the harpsichords generally were as large as those that might be found at this time in northern Europe, although no expense was spared on decorative detail where the Viennese instruments were concerned. were concerned.

Even though few 17th-century Viennese instruments or illustrations of them remain, those that survive indicate the types of instruments that must have been used. Instruments of the harpsichord family, for example, generally had just one manual and various forms had just one manual and various forms of cases, including small pentagonal spinets, large, long harpsichords, and upright clavicytheria. Probably the most famous instrument of this genre that survives is the clavicytherium built for Emperior Leopold and now preserved in the Kunsthistorisches Museum in Vienna. The instrument has one manual with an apparent range of GG to vienna. The instrument has one manual with an apparent range of GG to c'''; the keyboard is fully chromatic except for GG-sharp. In order to give the instrument a symmetrical appearance, the longest strings are placed in the center making necessary a comance, the longest strings are placed in the center, making necessary a com-plicated tracker mechanism that con-nects the keys with the strings which they activate. The sumptuous case is made of ebony and inlaid with silver and tortoiseshell.

and tortoiseshell.

Probably more typical of harpsichords in general use at this time is one depicted in the Compendium of Alessandro Poglietti.³ The long, Italian-appearing instrument has a keyboard with a range of C to d''', chromatic except for c-sharp''' (8' pitch), and an extra set of strings at 4' pitch. Although chromatic tones are indicated for the lowest keys, short-octave arrangements also were used widely on instruments also were used widely on instruments at this time, and some of the Viennese keyboard repertoire must have been written for such instruments. Not only does the bass line sometimes descend below C, but also the wide spacing of chords and left-hand figuration would be difficult (if not impossible) on key-boards that are completely chromatic.

Even fewer early Viennese organs survive, but one built for the Franziskanerkirche in 1642 remains and was restored in 1950. Its specification, cited by Rudolf Walter,⁸ is as follows:

BRUSTPOSITIV (I)

Copula 8' Prinzipal 4' Oktav 2' Mixtur 2/3' (3 ranks)

HAUPTWERK (II)

Prinzipal 8' Waldflöte 8 Quintadena 8' Oktav 4' Kleingedeckt 4' Quinte 22/31 Quinte 23/3'
Superoktav 2'
Mixtur 11/3' (6 ranks)

Bordun offen 16' Oktav 8' Superoktav 4' Quint 23/3' Mixtur 2' (4 ranks)

The historical study by Oskar Eberstaller of Austrian organs gives additional information concerning the kinds of instruments probably used in the 17th century. From this study it can be surmised that the typical Austrian church organ of the time comprises about 20 ranks of pipes for two manuals with a range of $C - c^{\prime\prime\prime}$ and a pedal keyboard with a range of C - a. The lowest-sounding keys of the manuals and the pedals might have a short octave arrangement. The historical study by Oskar Eber-

tave arrangement.
According to Eberstaller, Baroque organs, with their emphasis on principal and flute stops, generally on principal and flute stops, generally have fewer reed registers than the organs of northern Europe. While this may stem in part from Italian influence, it also seems to indicate a definite native preference, since the Austrian organs generally are larger than typical Italian organs of the time. Perhaps a comparative lack of emphasis on captus Italian organs of the time. Perhaps a comparative lack of emphasis on cantus firmus compositions in Austrian organ music was also a contributing factor, since in northern Europe, reed stops served to highlight the cantus firmus in compositions based on chorale tunes. The reed stop most frequently contributions are presented to the contribution of the contributions the Pedal Posaune at 16' and 8' pitches. Other pedal reed stops occasionally found include the Trumpet, the Bombard, and the Fagott. Where the man-uals are concerned, reed registers might

bard, and the Fagott. Where the manuals are concerned, reed registers might comprise any of the following: Corno, Krummhorn, Regal, and Sordun.

Poglietti's Compendium contains a fanciful illustration of a one-manual organ with a pedal keyboard that appears to span nearly two and one-half octaves, although artistic license applied in the drawing makes this hard to determine. Some of the keys are replaced with scroll-like designs. Other decorative elements are emphasized as well, and angels with herald trumpets surmount the pediment of the case. The pediment itself contains the double-eagle emblem of the Habsburg Empire, and it seems possible that this drawing represents an organ situated in one of the Habsburg palaces at the time of Leopold I. An inscription along the base of the pediment proclaims: LAUDATE DOMINUM IN CORDIS ET ORGANO MDCLXVI.

Several pages later in the Compendium a list of registrations appears. These registrations could not apply specifically to the instrument depicted since they include registrations for a Rückpositiv. The list is interesting, however, for it is somewhat unusual to find a discussion of organ registration in writings of the time. There are 12 combinations of stops listed for the Hauptwerk (Manual) and pedal divisions, followed by some combinations for the Rückpositiv and pedal divisions. The list of registrations reads as follows:



The basic approach to registration evident in this list seems to indicate a preference for simple 8' tone composed mainly of principals and flutes. Special stops and mixtures are used only occasionally. The list also implies that each stop was distinctive in tone color, making it possible to achieve considerable variety with limited means.

REPERTOIRE

The repertoire of Viennese keyboard music at mid-Baroque comprises most genres of instrumental composition found in the 17th century: ricercar, canzona, capriccio, toccata, short liturgical piece, suite, variation, and descriptive music. Certain of these, especially some of the imitative forms, are con-

tive music. Certain of these, especially some of the imitative forms, are conservative and even retrospective in style; others demonstrate the considerable level of keyboard virtuosity that must have existed among the composers.

Although the keyboard instrument on which the works are to be performed is almost never specified, the function and style of the music generally will determine whether the organ or harpsichord is to be used. It is possible, however, to play most pieces on either instrument, since a designated pedal part is rare. When the composer wishes the pedal keyboard to be used, he may specify this in the title of the piece, as in Kerll's Toccata No. 6, Per li Pedali. Despite the implication such a title may have for modern musicians, the pedal part is not virtuoso in character; the title merely means that the lowest line is to be played on the pedal keyboard.

The heritage of Viennese keyboard.

lowest line is to be played on the pedal keyboard.

The heritage of Viennese keyboard composers at mid-Baroque includes the music of two great masters of the preceding era: Frescobaldi and Froberger. Works by both appear in numerous contemporary manuscripts preserved in Vienna, and Froberger was attached to the Imperial court in Vienna until the beginning of Leopold's reign. In the music of these masters are to be found the primary sources of style favored by Emperor Leopold's keyboard composers. composers.

RICERCARS

The most conspicuous link with the past, however, reaches back past Fro-berger and Frescobaldi to the Renaisbeiger and Prescondin to the Renassance — the writing of ricercars. Twelve by Poglietti⁵ and two by Techelmann⁶ remain. Their structure, as one would expect, entails maintenance of a nearly expect, entails maintenance of a nearly continuous polyphonic texture over a wide area. This is engendered usually by a single principal subject with one or two secondary subjects. Points of imitation and episodic material often are linked through deceptive resolutions of dominant harmony or by overlapping of new material in one voice with cadential gestures in the others. As a result, marked breaks and con-As a result, marked breaks and contrasts between sections are rare. This continuous approach to musical form sets the ricercars apart from most other genres of contemporary keyboard music, where sectional organization often is

Further links with the past are apparent in the modal designations applied to most of these ricercars and in the use of modal harmony. At the same time, many passages clearly demonstrate the harmonic ferment of the era, with tonal and chromatic harmony appear-



Dr. Harris has both a B.Mus. and a M.Mus. from Northwestern University and a Ph.D. in musicology from the University

a Ph.D. in musicology from the University of Michigan. He has also studied in Vienna on a Fulbright grant, where he was a harpsichord student of Isolde Ahlgrimm.

He has been a member of the faculty at Drake University, Des Moines, la. since 1965 and teaches music history and harpsichord. He plays with the Drake University Baroque Ensemble, which has received a grant to play concerts throughout Iowa under auspices of the State Arts Council.

ing within the basically modal frameing within the basically modal framework. The kaleidoscopic mixture of modal, tonal, and chromatic resources often results in music that is quite colorful and piquant. It is perhaps more for this reason than for the studied application of contrapuntal techied application of contrapuntal techniques that these works would be of interest to modern musicians, especially those with a penchant for harmony that is not always predictable.

CANZONAS

Like the ricercars, the canzonas are

Like the ricercars, the canzonas are polyphonic in conception, but their rhythms are more lively, and a decidedly sectional approach to formal organization is evident. A proportional or thematic relationship may bind together two different sections, however, as when a section in duple meter is succeeded by one in triple or compound meter, with three beats now occupying the time formerly taken by two. In the same manner, transformation of subjects is likely, with a subject originally in duple meter altered rhythmically to conform to triple meter.

Of the many canzonas preserved in the Viennese repertoire, the best are by Kerll, who left the important position of Kapellmeister at the Electoral court in Munich to become organist for St. Stephen's Cathedral in Vienna and for Emperor Leopold. The sharply profiled subjects of Kerll's six canzonas generate expositions and episodes prescient of the style of J. S. Bach, who is known to have copied some of Kerll's music, and of Handel, who adapted Kerll's Canzona No. 4 in composing the chorus "Egypt was glad" for the oratorio Israel in Egypt. In addition, their rhythmic verve approaches the drive often exemplified by Vivaldi in his concertos, and their technical demands sometimes are considerable.

As in the ricercars, modality exerts a substantial influence on the music

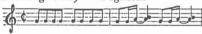
| im Manual | im Pedal | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Princ[ipal]: princ: flaut octav: 23/3 flaut: | Portu[nal]: flaut octav: | | | |
| Quint: super octav: Mixtur: Cymb[ale]: | Mixt: Pusaun | | | |
| 2. Princ: princ: flaut: Octav: quint | Portu: flaut: octav: Mixtur | | | |
| 3. Princ: princ: flaut: octav | Portu: flaut: octav: | | | |
| 4. Princ: Cop[pel]: quint | Portu: flaut: octav: | | | |
| 5. Princ: Cop: Spitzflaut | | | | |
| 6. Princ: princ: flaut | | | | |
| 7. Princ: flaut octav | Portu: flaut: | | | |
| 8. Princ: flaut: Cop | | | | |
| 9. Princ: flaut: Spitzflaut | Portu: flaut: | | | |
| 10. Princ: flaut: Quint | Portu: flaut: | | | |
| 11. Spitzflaut allein | Portu: flaut: | | | |
| 12. Princ: allein zum Tremolant | Portu: | | | |
| Rück Positiv | | | | |
| Princ: Cop: flaut: Schwebelflaut Quint: Sedecima | Portu: flaut: octav: Mixt: | | | |
| 2. Princ: Cop: flaut: quint | Portu: flaut: | | | |
| 3. Princ: Cop: flaut | | | | |
| 4. Princ: Cop: | | | | |
| 5. Princ: Schwebelflaut | | | | |
| 6. Cop: Schwebelflaut | | | | |
| 7. Cop: Schwebelflaut | | | | |
| 8. Princ: Schwebelflaut zum Tremol: | | | | |

of the canzonas. This is apparent especially when the subtonic degree is used where at a later time the leadingtone would be standard, and in the deceptive resolution of dominant harmony not only to the submediant chord but also at times to subdominant harbut also at times to subdominant harmony, a succession frequently heard in the music of preceding generations. In several of the canzonas, however, Kerll makes use of more modern sequences along a segment of the circle of fifths. (Ex. 1) Figuration outlines the successive harmonies, each of which serves as dominant to the next, with none prevailing for very long. Elisions permit skipping back to a harmony previously heard, so that another descent along the same sequence of fifths is possible. The harmonic flux resulting from these shifting tonalities must have been stunning on the bright-sounding instruments in use at that time. Persistent rhythmic drive enhances the tosistent rhythmic drive enhances the to-tal effect.

CAPRICCIOS

The capriccios are similar to the can-The capriccios are similar to the canzonas in form, but their subjects are of a striking character, and in some instances the music is descriptive. Poglictti, for example, wrote a capriccio on the song of the nightingale and another on the hen's cackle. Kerll composed the familiar Capriccio Cucu. The subject of Poglietti's Capriccio per lo Rossignolo gains momentum with successively shorter note values, culminating in a nolo gains momentum with successively shorter note values, culminating in a trill on the penultimate note. (Ex. 2) Poglietti's Capriccio uber dass Hennengeschrey accomplishes its imitation of nature through a measure of 8th notes on one pitch followed by a repeated upward flourish similar to the devices that would be used by Rameau in com-

Ex. 3. Subject of the Capriccio uber dass Hennengeschrey - Poglietti.



posing La Poule. (Ex. 3) The subject of Kerll's Capriccio Cucu evolves from repeated descending thirds in iambic rhythm. (Ex. 4) In various guises this descending-third motive pervades the composition, while different patterns are led against it in accompaniment. In this piece, as in various of the other capriccios, brilliant pasages more typical of toccata style than of a polyphonic composition are introduced. As in the toccatas, these passages are virtuoso in nature. The micro-rhythm at times becomes a perpetuum mobile of 8th notes or 16th notes, with various patterns of figuration treated in imitation and sequence. Despite a general tion and sequence. Despite a general lightness of texture, the capriccios present an interesting challenge to modern performers.

TOCCATAS

Of the various genres of composition in the Viennese keyboard repertoire, of the various genres of composition in the Viennese keyboard repertoire, the toccatas often seem to capture best the spirit of the Baroque. They are irregular in form, contain interesting treatment of harmony, and above all, display technical bravura and virtuos-ity. Most of the toccatas open with ity. Most of the toccatas open with sustained chords over pedal-points, and some include an interior imitative section, often based on a gigue-like subject. In this respect they resemble the combination of fugal and prelude or toccata styles typical of music by north German contemporaries such as Buxtehude.

In many toccatas there is considerable exploitation of patterns which at times are doubled in parallel motion at the third, sixth, or tenth, producing a scintillating effect. These patterns form a veritable compendium of written-out ornamentation and improvisatory figuration which modern performers might well apply to works of the same period that require additional ornamentation. Since the sections of the toccatas are apt to be dissimilar, the success with which the pieces hold together depends on the composer's skill in minimizing the effect of cadences and in joining contrasting sections, as well as on the quality of the patterns and motives themselves. In many toccatas there is considerable and motives themselves

Virtuoso and descriptive styles are characteristic of the toccatas by Poglietti. These include two "battle" pieces, characteristic of the toccatas by Pogli-etti. These include two "battle" pieces, the Toccata fatta sopra Cassedio di Filipsburgo (Toccata on the Siege of Philippsburg) and the Toccatina sopra la Ribellione di Ungheria, 10 which reflects an uprising of 1671. The Empire was almost constantly at war during the reign of Leopold I, and in the siege of Vienna in 1683, Poglietti himself was a victim of the Turks. A number was a victim of the Turks. A number of passages in Poglietti's toccatas show striking harmonic treatment. Modulations sometimes are made with a freedom that would be considered unusual in music written a generation or two later, when tonality prevails and the conventions of key association and modulation become firmly established. This harmonic flexibility of Poglietti and harmonic flexibility of Poglietti and some of his contemporaries is enhanced at times by striking cross-relations that are in part generated by a linear concept of texture. There is, in fact, so constant an interplay of linear and vertical writing in these toccatas that the resultant complexity would be confusing if viewed from a purely vertical, however standards.

harmonic standpoint.

A high level of accomplishment in the writing of toccatas was attained consistently by Kerll, who leads logically from the execution of one pattern to the next, keeps the harmony in flux much of the time, avoids strong cadences, and never overworks a pattern with too many sequences. Although each of Kerll's eight toccatas¹¹ is organized somewhat differently, certain features appear in nearly all of them. Most exhibit the mostic structures and restrictures and restrictures and restrictures. exhibit the mosaic structures and rest-less energy common to much 17th-cen-tury music. Above all, Kerll's toccatas give the impression of being display pieces requiring a high degree of tech-

pieces requiring a high degree of technical facility.

Most of the toccatas begin slowly with sustained harmony, at times over a pedal-point. It is possible that Kerll and others may have intended such passages to serve as harmonic foundation for improvisation. In all of the toccatas except Toccata No. 4, however, the slowly moving harmonies give

way to patterned figuration presented in imitation or sequence. Toccata No. 4, Cromatica con Durezze e Ligature, obviously was inspired by Frescobaldi's Toccata Ottava di durezze e ligature. Although it contains some patterns treated sequentially, the mood remains

quiet throughout.

Aside from the virtuoso character that generally prevails in Kerll's toccatas, the most interesting feature about the property of their harmony. Modulations often seem quite tentative, and Kerll frequently appears to introduce a key by means of certain chromatic inflections, only to cancel them almost immediately. In some sections the tonality shifts constantly, and the harmony adheres to no one key for very long other passages are thoroughly chromaother passages are thoroughly chromatic. In some portions of the toccatas he keeps the harmony constantly in flux within a segment of the circle of fifths; the continually shifting tonalities in such passages produce a kaleidoscopic effect. Further color is provided by cross-relations, some of which produce momentarily the impression of bitonality, and by unusual chord successions. Some of these latter would be regarded as "retrogressions" once the concept of tonality was adopted completely, but when seen in the light of the modal heritage, they assume a special character heritage, they assume a special character that modern performers would find

refreshing.
One of the most intensely chromatic One of the most intensely chromatic compositions in the entire repertoire is Kerll's Toccata No. 4, Cromatica con Durezze e Ligature. Tonalities are frustrated continually through chromatic voice leading and cross relations, by use of the subtonic degree rather than the leading-tone, and by not allowing cadences to settle. Augmented triads cadences to settle. Augmented triads and diminished seventh-chords, not often found in keyboard music of this period, also appear in this work.

LITURGICAL PIECES

Of particular interest to organists are the short liturgical pieces, most of which were intended for alternatim per-formance but which can serve in a

variety of contexts. These pieces were composed primarily for the Magnificat and the Kyrie, but the presence of an unadorned cantus firmus is rare. Most of the pieces are contrapuntal, and some of the pieces are contrapuntal, and some are miniature fugues; others are improvisatory pieces, such as those by Reutter and Poglietti, 12 the writing sometimes is treble-dominated, and many of the compositions resemble the toccatas in their utilization of patterned figuration that is often of a virtuoso character. In these versets, the harmony is apt to be more "modern" than in the contrapuntal pieces, which adhere more consistently to modal practice.

Contrapuntal techniques prevail in the versets of Kerll and Richter, 13 who composed pieces for alternatim performance of the Magnificat and the Kyrie, respectively. Kerll's versets were

composed pieces for alternatim performance of the Magnificat and the Kyrie, respectively. Kerll's versets were published in a volume entitled Modulatio Organica (1686)¹⁴ and are among the finest in the entire repertoire of organ versets. Each of the eight Magnificat tones is provided with a series of seven versets, of which the first verset is always in prelude style with the second half of the Gregorian Magnificat tone in the treble voice. (The first portion of the Magnificat tone is sung.) Five contrapuntal versets follow, and each series closes with a verset written in toccata style, generally with runs in 16th notes played by one hand while the other hand accompanies with sustained harmonies.

Although the first and last versets in

tained harmonies.

Although the first and last versets in each series sound improvisatory, the five intervening versets are highly organized. They are written for four voices, and usually there are two complete sets of entries hinged by an inconclusive or deceptive cadence. Mirror versions of subjects appear occasionally, and at times the subjects of different versets are inter-related. The subjects in general show astounding variety, and their contrapuntal treatment often engenders considerable harmonic intensity. Successive dissonances produced by lines genders considerable harmonic intensity. Successive dissonances produced by lines moving in contrary motion appear in Kerll's writing in much the same fashion as they would later in the music of Bach. The wonderful ambivalence of modal harmony often is apparent, yet at other times chromatic inflections yet at other times chromatic inflections precipitate brief modulations to related keys. Occasional white-key passages seem to deny the predominance of a key center, but elsewhere the harmony may move in parallel sixth-chords that recall the luxuriant consonances of fauxbourdon style. In short, these pieces contain as if in microcosm all that is most attractive in keyboard mains at the state of the state o most attractive in keyboard music at the time: concise and sophisticated use of counterpoint, sections of improvisatory writing, and a harmonic vocabulary that bridges modal practice with tonal practice, producing a result that is richer than either by itself.

Primarily of interest to harpsichordists are the suites, which generally are made up of stylized dances, although other types of pieces may also be included. The most extensive of these "suites" is Poglietti's large series of compositions entitled Rossignolo. The Rossignolo collection contains the four customary dances of the suite — allemande, courante, sarabande, and gigue — with at least one double provided for each dance. In addition, the following pieces appear: a toccata, a canzona, a set of variations on an air, a ricercar, a variant version of the ricercar, a capriccio, and two descriptive pieces illustrating bird song. These compositions, like French ordres, are unified principally through adherence to one tonality, in this instance, D major. Descriptive Primarily of interest to harpsichord-

pany through adherence to one tonality, in this instance, D major. Descriptive music appears in certain of the movements other than the last two as well. Poglietti's Suite sopra la Ribellione di Ungheria traces the ill fortune of the insurgents from their flight (Fuge) through their imprisonment, trial, sentencing, and execution (La decapitation), whereupon the suite closes with a movement entitled Les Kloches: Requiem eternum dona eis domine, with the somber tolling of bells depicted in the music

the music.

The dance movements of the suites are cast nearly always in an open binary form made up of two repeated sections,

(continued, next page)

Ex. 1. Passage from Canzona No. 2 (m. 26-32) - Kerll.



Ex. 2. Subject of the Capriccio per lo Rossignolo - Poglietti.



Ex. 4. Opening of the Capriccio Cucu - Kerll.



wa cke

PIPE ORGANS



Rockford College — Rockford, III.

S. H. Dembinsky & Four Sons 1035 Iroquois Dr., S. E. Grand Rapids, Michigan 49506 616/243-1570

ROBERT **NOEHREN**

University of Michigan



RECITALS

RECORDING ARTIST

Box 120 Ann Arbor, Michigan 48107

Saint James Church New Tondon Connecticul

el Beabury, America's First Bishop

GRAHAM STEED

B. Mus. (Dunelm), F.R.C.O.

The Saint James' Choristers

Saint Cecilia Choir and Handbell Ringers

with the first section cadencing in a re with the first section cadencing in a related key. A return to the tonic is effected within the second section, often at the outset. Many of the dances are written in a pleasant treble-dominated style that at times is quite lyrical; at other times the treble line is punctuated frequently by brief rests, so that a succession of short phrases results. A precedent for this approach to melody often is apparent in the music of Froberger. In some suites melodic motives from one dance are recast rhythmically berger. In some suites melodic motives from one dance are recast rhythmically to serve in the next movement, a procedure that recalls the variation suite prominent in Viennese dance music of the early 17th century.

The "broken" style (style brise), assiduously cultivated by French lutenists and keyboard composers, is a feature of many of the Viennese dances, especially the allemandes, where a steady micropulse of 16th notes is maintained among

pulse of 16th notes is maintained among the several voices. Imitative counter-point appears often in the gigues, al-though a few are written in a treble-dominated texture. Several minuets and bourrées demonstrate a certain amount of French influence but in general it. of French influence, but in general, it was the suites of Froberger that formed the model for the composers in Emperor Leopold's employ.

VARIATIONS

Two genres of variation forms were favored by Viennese composers at mid-Baroque: series of variations on an air or dance tune and ostinato variations or dance time and ostinato variations—
the passacaglia and chaconne. The variations following an air or dance time usually display a decorative treatment of the original melody, with the original harmony remaining for the most part unchanged, although it may be conserved the conservation. be somewhat displaced rhythmically What is perhaps most interesting is the level of virtuosity required in many of the variations and the musical charac-terizations of scenes from contemporary terizations of scenes from contemporary life. Among Poglietti's variations on an Aria Allemagna,¹⁰ are pieces entitled Ungarische Geigen (Hungarian violins), Bayrische Schalmay (Bavarian shawm), Steyermarkher Horn, Polnischer Sablschertz (Polish sword-play, or, perhaps, sword dance), Gaugler Seillantz (acrobat's tightrope dance), and Alter Weiber Conduct (procession of professional) ber Conduct (procession of professional mourners). This latter variation is one of the most amusing of the set: the feigned grief of professional mourners is illustrated with extremely chromatic voice leading which, perhaps symbolically, does not detract from the key of D major, since most of the chromatic inflections appear as accented or unaccented passing tones. The caricature becomes almost ludicrous in the second section, where a G in the treble line is repeated in 32nd notes for two beats, much like the bleating trible of 17th repeated in 32nd notes for two beats, much like the bleating trillo of 17th century vocal ornamentation, while the left hand begins an ascending chromatic scale that lacks only B-flat. A tremolo in the treble part of the next measure compounds the effect, and after two more measures of chromatic writing the variation ends with a curwriting, the variation ends with a succession of four parallel sixths that descend chromatically over a tonic pedalEx. 5 Second section of parte 13° Alter Weiber Conduct (Variations on the Aria Allemagna in the Rossignolo Suite) — Poglictti.



The tetrachord descending from tonic to dominant furnishes the estinato for to dominant furnishes the estinato for passacaglias by Poglietti, Richter, and Kerll, whereas an ostinato pattern similar to the *Romanesca* bass is used by Kerll in his chaconne. B Of particular interest to organists is Kerll's Passacaglia. It is one of his most extended works, and its manifold aspects attest to the fertile imagination of the composer. the fertile imagination of the composer. A mood of sobriety pervades the composition, with virtuoso passages confined to a small portion of the work. The inexorable repetition of the descending tetrachord — D, C, B-flat, A — supports generally slow-moving harmonies with occasional changes of harmony appearing over the second and third notes of the ostinato. These same bass notes may be inflected chromatically, and in a few oscinato. These same bass notes may be inflected chromatically, and in a few segments of the piece a fully chromatic tetrachord is heard. Some variation segments are inter-related either through maintenance of accompanying figura-tion from one segment to the next, or through intensification of momentum over a series of segments, resulting in alternate accumulation of tension and relaxation of mood. After 39 four-measure segments, the piece closes with a variation in which the tonic is made major for the final chord.

MISCELLANEOUS

In addition to the genres of composition cited above, there are pieces that do not conform to the standard classito not conform to the standard classifications of keyboard music prevalent at that time. Among these is Kerll's Battaglia, 10 which charts the course of a battle from the call to arms, replete with drum-beat motives and trumpet calls, through an *Aria* resembling a trumpet tune, to the actual battle scene. The piece closes with a triumphant finale that apparently expresses the exultation of victory.

Poglietti included in his Rossignolo collection two pieces in imitation of birdsong: the Aria bizzara del Rossignolo (Bizarre Aria of the Nightingale) and the Imitatione del med[esi]mo Uccello (Imitation of this Same Bird). These fantastic compositions require uncommon virtuosity, with tremolos, successions of repeated tones in 32nd notes, dotted notes and syncopations in these same values, arpeggiated mo-

CHARLOTTE — WILLIAM

Organ - Flute

Organ — Organ with Flute

Army and Navy Academy Community Church of Vista

Inquiries

ATKINSON CONCERTS

P. O. BOX 386 CARLSBAD, CALIFORNIA 92008 714-729-2990

MUSIC WORSHIP

Boys Town, Nebraska

Aug. 10-22, 1969

ANTON HEILLER

Master Classes

Limited number private lessons

Inquire: Boys Town Music Dept.

KEATE

ORGAN COMPANY

Organ Builders

ACTON, ONTARIO

tives, and trills serving to characterize the song of the nightingale. An unusual amount of dissonance also is present, especially in repeated minor seconds that require the incisive attack of the harpsichord for the best effect. Because of their spectacular difficulty, these pieces provide a fitting conclusion to the extensive Rossignolo Suite.

ORNAMENTATION

In general, much of the ornamentation is written out in this Viennese repertoire, but the signs //, t., and tr. also appear. Ornaments that are written out appear. Ornaments that are written out include patterns similar to the *ribattuta* and *trillo* of 17th century vocal music, occasional tremolos, and trills, some of which begin on the main note. The written note values in such trills may not have been observed exactly in performance. formance. Closing-note patterns often are written in note values smaller than the notes of the trill and probably in-dicate acceleration of the trill toward its termination.

An indication that trills were not measured, especially when placed in opposition to running passages, is to be found in the contemporary treatise of Spiridion, *Nova Instructio* (1670), a manuscript copy of which is preserved in the Musik Archiv of the Minoritenkonvent in Vienna. The passage reads as follows: as follows:

konvent in Vienna. The passage reads as follows:

Where a cadence is found in which both hands must perform runs, it is better that these runs not be taken too fast; where, however, one must trill with one hand and perform a run with the other hand, by no means should attention be given to playing note against note, but the trill should go as fast as possible, the run somewhat slower; otherwise it sounds bad.²⁰

Frescobaldi had recommended much the same practice in the preface to his Toccate e Partite (1614).

It is interesting that in his Compendium Poglietti illustrates trills beginning both on the main note and on the upper auxiliary, with the sign // appearing in both instances. In general, however, a trill beginning on the upper auxiliary fits the music better than one beginning on the main note, and modern performers may want to prolong the opening note of some trills whether the sign given is //, t., or tr. This enhances the appoggiatura function implicit in the auxiliary note and often furnishes a piquant harmonic flavor.

Various sections of chordal writing are marked by the word Harpeggio or

furnishes a piquant harmonic flavor.

Various sections of chordal writing are marked by the word *Harpeggio* or by an abbreviation, for example, *Arp*. It is possible that the term *Harpeggio* meant not only the breaking of chords but also the application of improvised figuration. In addition, arpeggiation and improvised figuration might be applied to the passages of block chords that open so many pieces of the toccata genre or appear as a disruptive element in the course of these same pieces.

Few indications of articulation ap-

ment in the course of these same pieces. Few indications of articulation appear in the manuscript or early printed sources. Occasionally, slurs connect small groups of notes in diatonic patterns, but it seems probable that legato playing was not yet as widely cultivated as it was to be in the 18th century; rather, it seems likely that the notes often were grouped into short phrases for clearer articulation. The modern performer probably would

want, in general, to connect diatonic series of notes in smaller values and series of notes in smaller values and detach disjunct notes of comparatively larger values. Syncopated patterns also might be detached. This manner of phrasing and articulation is appropriate to the somewhat fragmentary texture of the music of Frescobaldi and Froberger, the masters whose music most influenced Emperor Leopold's keyboard influenced Emperor Leopold's keyboard composers, and is indicated as late as 1735 by Gottlieb Muffat in the introduction to his Componimenti musicali. A similar approach to articulation also is implied in the fingerings provided by François Couperin as examples in his L'Art de Toucher le Clavecin, as well as in many of his own phrasings. The problems of performance generally are not so difficult however, that sensitive musicians cannot achieve a solution, and it is to be hoped that considerably more of this Viennese keyboard music will become part of the repertoire of modern organists and harpsichordists.

harpsichordists.

¹Illustrated by Raymond Russell in *The Harpsichord and Clavichord* (London; Faber and Faber, 1959), Plate 84.

²Manuscript preserved at Stift Kremsmünster in Austria; it is dated 1676.

³Foreword to Kerll's *Modulatio Organica* (Altötting: Musikverlag Alfred Coppenrath, 1956).

1956).

4 Orgeln und Orgelbauer in Oesterreich (Graz: H. Bohlhaus Nachfolger, 1955), pp. 24-34.

5 Poglietti's ricercars appear in many manuscripts; the collection of twelve was edited by F. W. Riedel (2 vols.; Lippstadt: Kistner & Siegel & Co., 1957); two variant versions of Ricercar No. 12 in that collection appear in Poglietti's Rossignolo Suite, ed. Hugo Botstiber (Denkmaeler der Tonkunst in Oesterreich, XIII/ii, 1906).

9 Oesterreichische Nationalhibliothek Cod. 19

NIII/ii, 1906).

Ocsterreichische Nationalbibliothek, Cod. 19
167; ed. by Herwig Knaus (Denkmaeler der Tonkunst in Oesterreich, CXV, 1966).

*Ted. Adolf Sandberger (Denkmaeler der Tonkunst in Bayern, II/ii, 1901).

Bloth in Denkmaeler der Tonkunst in Oesterreich, XIII/ii.

Yale University Music Library, MS LM
5056; ed. William Earle Nettles in Harpsichord Music by Alessandro Poglietti (The Pennsylvania State University Press, 1966).

10Denkmaeler der Tonkunst in Oesterreich, XIII/ii.

10Denkmaeler der Tonkunst in Oesterreich, XIII/ii.

11Denkmaeler der Tonkunst in Bayern, II/ii.

12These works are still in manuscript. Poglietti's are contained in his Compendium (see note 2 above) and Reutter's in various manuscripts of the Minoritenkonvent in Vienna, primarily MS XIV 730; see F. W. Riedel, Das Musikarchiv in Minoritenkonvent zu Wien (Kassel: Baerenreiter Verlang, 1963).

13Denkmaeler der Tonkunst in Oesterreich, XIII/ii.

XIII/ii.

14See note 3 above.
18Oesterreichische Nationalbibliothek, Cod. 19
248; the edition in *Denkmaeler der Tonkunst*in *Oesterreich* contains some errors, and there
is need for a new edition.

10Ibid.

18Ibid.

17The pieces by Poglietti and Richter are to be found in Denkmaeler der Tonkunst in Oesterreich, XIII/ii; that of Kerll is in Denkmaeler der Tonkunst in Bayern, II/ii.

18Ibid.

19 Ibid.

10 Ibid.

20 Wo ein Cadenz gefunden wird/ so mit beiden Handen lauffen thut/ ist besser dass dieses Läufflein geschehe nicht gar zu geschwind; Wo man aber mit einer Hand muss trillen/ und mit der andern Hand ein Läufflein machen/muss keines wegs achtung geben/ dass Nota pro Nota gespielt werde/ sondern der Trill geschehe auff das geschwindest/ das Läufflein aber etwas langsamer/ sonsten gibts üblen Ohrenklang. (From the Preface.)



Hitler was finishing his Mein Kampf in jail, Mussolini had just risen to power, Coolidge succeeded Harding to the Presidency and a 3 H.P. Spencer Orgoblo was installed to supply air power to a Kimball organ in the College Church in Wheaton, Illinois.

Today, 45 years later, movies go on in thousands of cinemas around the world in technicolor, 3-D, stereo and Todd A-O . . those earlier figures of history are long gone, the Presidency has changed hands several times, but Spencer's Orgoblo continues to do the job in the College Church in Wheaton.

THE SPENCER TURBINE COMPANY

Hartford, Connecticut 06106



A.G.O. Lake Michigan Regional

July 28, 29, 30 INDIANA UNIVERSITY Bloomington, Indiana

JERALD HAMILTON DONALD McDONALD ROBERT CLARK PHILIP GEHRING MARIANNE WEBB I.U. OPERA THEATER A Puccini Triptych I.U. SUMMER CHORUS Webern and Penderecki JAZZ MASS AND JAZZ BEATITUDES Dave Baker Student Competition Tours

For Information:

Prof. Oswald G. Ragatz School of Music, Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind. 47401

THE COLBY INSTITUTE OF CHURCH MUSIC Fourteenth Season August 24-30

The coming 1969 season will again present MILDRED ANDREWS

as special Lecturer in Organ.

The Institute Staff:

Thomas Richner, Director: Organ. Curriculum supervision.

Phyllis M. Cobb: Conducting. Meeting the music problems of the parish. Director of activities.

Samuel Walter: Choral workshop and repertory.

Adel Heinrich: Service playing and arranging. Special programs. Contemporary trends.

CONCERTS

SEMINARS RECREATION

FUN

DISCUSSIONS

EXHIBITS MAINE CLAMBAKE

For information address: Prof. Everett F. Strong Colby College Waterville, Maine 04901

SCHLICKER

for excellence of design, the finest of quality materials, and the highest order of craftsmanship in mechanical and electric action pipe organs.

> **Buffalo, New York 14217** 1530 Military Road

brochure available

member APOBA

Recital programs for inclusion in these pages must reach THE DIAPASON within six weeks of performance date.

Richard Bouchett, New York City — Eastern Kentucky U, March 9: Veni Creator, Grigny; Wenn wir in hochsten Nöten, Prelude and Fugue in B minor, Bach; Cortège et Litanie, Dupré; Chorale in B minor, Franck; Fantaisie 2, Alain; Dieu parmi nous, Mes-

Julia S. Anderson, Teaneck, N.J. — Ridgewood United Methodist Church, Ridgewood, N.J. March 16. with Jane B. Weidensaul, harpist: Five Variants of Dives and Lazarus, Vaughan Williams; Concerto in B flat, Handel; Fugue in E flat major, Bach; Psalms 120, 121, Zimmermann; Paean on Divinum Mysterium, Cook; Aria in Classic Style, Grandjany. Miss Weidensahl assisted in Vaughan Williams, Handel, Grandjany and played a solo group. played a solo group.

W. Elmer Lancaster, Orange, N.J. — First Presbyterian Church Feb. 16: Agincourt Hymn, Dunstable-Biggs; Dialogue for the Trompette, Clérambault; From God I ne'er will turn, Buxtehude; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; The Last Supper, Abide with Us, Weinberger; March Grotesque, Purvis; Song of Peace, Langlais; Carillon de West-minster. Vierne. minster. Vierne.

Dorothy Hester, Arlington, Calif. — First United Methodist Church, Riverside, Calif. Feb. 23: In Dir ist Freude, Bach; Voluntary in C minor, Greene; Dialogue, Mader; Toccata, Fugue and Hymn on Ave Maris Stella, Peeters. The Riverside Recorder Ensemble shared the program. shared the program.

Robert E. Shafer, Buckhannon, W. Va. — Wesley chapel, West Virginia Wesleyan College March 23: Chaconne in F minor, Pachelbel; We All Believe in One God, Bach; Chorale in E major, Franck; Lieds to the Mountains, Desert, Flowers, Ocean, Peeters; Come Thou Almighty King, McKinley.

Robert G. Lee, St. Petersburg, Fla. — St. Peter's Church March 21: Grand Jeu, Du Mage; Suite in D, Stanley; Schönster Herr Jesu, Schroeder; Adagio, Finale, Symphony 4, Widor.

Clyde Holloway, Bloomington, Ind. — Wesley chapel, Wesleyan College, Buckhannon, W. Va. March 30: Introduction and Passacaglia in D minor, Reger; Two Noëls, Daquin; Passacaglia and Fugue in C minor, Bach; Combat of Death and Life, Messiaen; Sonata 2, Distler; Prelude and Fugue on Sonata 2, Dis B-A-C-H, Liszt.

Isabelle Mauterer, James F. Ellsworth, Columbia, S. C. — Shandon United Methodist Church March 10: Echo, Scronx; Fuga in A minor, Kerckhoven; We All Believe in One God, Bach; Cortège et Litanie, Dupré — Mrs. Mauterer. Prince of Denmark's March, Clarke; Trumpet Tune in D, David Johnson; Improvisations on Hymn Tunes, Goode; Paean, Howells — Mr. Ellsworth. Evelyn Swensson, soprano, shared the program.

Paul S. Hesselink, Farmville, Va. — Long-wood College faculty recital Farmville Pres-byterian Church, March 16: Prelude and Fugue in D minor, Lübeck; Rejoice Christians, By the Waters of Babylon, Prelude and Fugue in E minor, Bach; Suite Breve, Langlais; Larghetto, Persichetti; Introduction and Pas-speadia Reger.

Steven L. Egler, Bloomington, Ill. — Illinois Wesleyan U March 28: We all believe in One God, Wake, Awake, Prelude and Fugue in B minor, Bach; My heart abounds with pleasure, Brahms; Canon in B minor, Schumann; Chorale in B minor, Franck; Kleine Präludien 2, 4, Schroeder; Dieu parmi

J. Reilly Lewis, New York City — Student of Vernon de Tar, Juilliard recital Hall March 19: Prelude and Fugue in E flat major, Nun komm', der Heiden Heiland, Jesus Christus unser Heiland, Fugue in G major, Bach; Serene Alleluias, Messiaen; Esquisse 1, Dupré; Fantasie on Wie schön leuchtet, Reger.

Larry Cortner, London, Ont. — St. George's Anglican Church, Oshawa, Ont. March 2: Concerto del Sigr. Meck, Walther; Sei gegrüsset partita, Bach; Alleluias serein, Transport de joie, Messiaen; Grande Pièce Symphonique, Franck.

Quentin L. Lane, University, Ala. — St. Philip's Cathedral. Atlanta, Ga. April 2; Variations, Sonata 6, Mendelssohn; Three Improvisations, Brindle; Prelude and Fugue in C major, Bach.

Jerald Hamilton, Urbana, III. — Boston Avenue Methodist, Tulsa, Okla. Feb. 18: Toccata in E minor, Bruhns; Suite on Tone I, Clérambault; Fantasie and Fugue in G minor, Bach; Fantasie in F minor KV 608, Mozart; Fantaisie in A major, Franck; Prelude and Fugue in B major, Dupré. Washburn University, Topeka, Kans. March 17: same Bruhns, Dupré plus: Adagio and Allegro in F minor, Mozart; O Man, Bemoan, Rejoice Christians, Toccata, Adagio and Fugue, Bach; Fantasie, Moyer; Chorale in B minor, Franck.

Mary Murrell Faulkner, Dallas, Tex. — SMU graduate recital, student of James H. Tallis March 11: Five excerpts, Convent Mass, F. Couperin; Three Clavierübung Chorales, Bach; Sonata 2, Hindemith; Variations on a Hymn Tune, Mathias; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Reger; Claire de lune, Vierne; Prelude and Fugue in D minor, Dupré.

Delbert Disselhorst, Ann Arbor, Mich. — Concordia Lutheran Junior College March 25: Prelude and Fugue in E minor, Bruhns; Trio Sonata 1, Sei gegrüsset partita, Bach; Le Jardin suspendu, Alain; Jesu, deine Passion, Herzliebster Jesu, Mit Freuden zart, Walcha; Prelude and Fugue in G minor, Dupré.

John W. Stansell, New York City — Student of Vernon de Tar, Juilliard recital hall March 11: Partita on Jesu, meine Freude, Walther; Allein Gott in der Höh sei Ehr, Prelude and Fugue in E flat major, Bach; Sonata 1, Schroeder; Prelude and Fugue in C. major, Dunya C major, Dupré.

John W. Neely, Jr., New York City — St. James Episcopal Church March 23: Chorale in A minor, Franck; Soul, Adorn Thyself, Passacaglia and Fugue in C minor, Bach; Scherzo, Symphony 2, Vierne; The Wise Men, God Among Us, Messiaen.

David J. Hurd, Jr., Oberlin, Ohio — St. Paul's Chapel, Trinity Parish, New York City April 2: Toccata and Fugue in D minor (Dorian), Bach; Von Gott will ich nicht lässen, Buxtehude; Aus tiefer Not, Bach; Toccata and Fugue in A minor, Reger.

Sharon Sewell, Forsyth, Ga. — Tift College March 31: Toccata in F major, Buxtehude; Le Banquet Céleste, Messiaen; Herzlich tut mich verlangen, (both settings), Brahms; Komm, heiliger Geist, Bach.

John Obetz, Independence, Mo. — People's Church, East Lansing, Mich. Feb. 23, St. John's Unitarian, Washington, D.C. Feb. 26, First Presbyterian, Burlington, N.C. March 2, Church of the Ascension, New York City March 4: Prelude and Trumpetings, Roberts; Sonata 3, Hindemith; Four Variations on a Tone Row, Cor Kee; Fantasie and Fugue in G minor, Bach; Noël Grand jeu et Duo, Daquin; Chorale in B minor, Franck; Choral Dorien, Alain; Outburst of Joy, Messiaen.

Joanne and John Rodland, Ridgewood, N.J.

West Side Presbyterian Church Feb. 23:
Prelude and Fugue in E major, Lübeck;
Trumpet Voluntary in D major, Stanley; Trumpet Voluntary in D major, Lubeck;
Trumpet Voluntary in D major, Stanley;
Fantaisie in C major, Franck; Litanies, Alain
— Mr. Rodland. Concerto in C major,
Bach; Wondrous Love Variations, Barber;
Brother James's Air, Wright; Toccata,
Villancico y Fuga, Ginastera — Mrs. Rod-

James Good, Louisville, Ky. — Southern Baptist Seminary faculty recital March 21: Fanfare, Wyton; Vom Himmel hoch (three settings), Pepping; Sacred Harp Suite, Powell; Voluntary 8 in A minor, Stanley; Prelude and Fugue in D major, Bach; Fantasy, Roy Harris (with brass and timpani); Cantabile, Franck; Prelude and Fugue in B major, Dunré. Dupré.

Ronald A. Hough, Macomb, Ill. — RLDS auditorium, Independence, Mo. Feb. 23: Adagio, Allegro, Concerto 4, Handel; Tierce en Taille, F. Couperin; Paso en Do major, Casanovas; Christ, Our Saviour, to Jordan Came, Kyrie, God the Holy Ghost, Bach; Andante Sostenuto, Symphonie Gothique, Widor; Fast and Sinister, Symphony in G, Sowerby.

Anna Catherine Mancke, Spartanburg, S.C.

— Converse College senior, student of Rachel Pierce April 4: Grand Jeu, DuMage; Fugue in E flat major, Bach; Two Sketches, Schumann; Rhosymedre, Greensleeves, Vaughan Williams; Chorale in A minor, Franck.

Jay Lovins, Kokomo, Ind. — First Congregational Church April 16: Prelude and Fugue in D, Buxtehude; Before Thy Throne (two settings), Bach; Adagio, Symphony 3, Vierne; Variations on a Noël, Dupré. Same program All Saints Cathedral, Albany, N.Y., April 20.

Charles Moore, New Canaan, Conn. — Trinity Church, New York City April 1: Sta-tions of the Cross, Dupré.

LUDWIG ALTMAN

San Francisco Symphony Orchestra

Temple Emanu-Fl

California Palace of the Legion of Honor

Joseph Armbrust

ST. JOHN'S LUTHERAN CHURCH

CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA

BALDWIN-WALLACE Conservatory of

Music

Berea, Ohio

CECIL W. MUNK, Director WARREN BERRYMAN,

Head of Organ Department

B. M. Degrees in Organ & Church Music

John Barry

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH

LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA

ROBERTA BITGOOD

First Congregational Church

BATTLE CREEK, MICHIGAN

JOHN BOE

F.R.C.O., ChM., A.D.C.M.

Muncie, Indiana

Ball State University

robert anderson

Southern Methodist University Dallas, Texas 75222

HEINZ ARNOLD

F.A.G.O. D.Mus.

STEPHENS COLLEGE

COLUMBIA, MO.

WILLIAM H. BARNES

ORGAN ARCHITECT & DESIGNER

Author of THE CONTEMPORARY AMERICAN ORGAN

901 W. Samalayuca Drive, Tucson, Arizona 85704

FRED B. BINCKES

F. A. G. O.

Temple Israel First Presbyterian Church

GARY, INDIANA

POMONA COLLEGE CLAREMONT GRADUATE SCHOOL

California

Wm. G. BLANCHARD

ORGANIST

THE CLAREMONT CHURCH

LOUISE BORAK

organist

Faith Lutheran Church St. Paul, Minn. available for recitals

Allen A. Boutwelle **RECITALS**

Emanuel Lutheran Church Worcester, Mass.

Ruth Trudeau Concert Management Seven Acres - Auburn, Mass, 01501

Henry Bridges

First Presbyterian Church Charlotte, North Carolina

JOHN BULLOUGH

M.S.M. Ch.M. Farleigh Dickinson University Teaneck, New Jersey Memorial Methodist Church

White Plains, New York

GERARD CARON

St. Jean Baptiste Church Lexington Ave. & 76th St.,

New York, N. Y. 10021

Gruenstein Award Sponsor CHICAGO

CLUB OF Women

ORGANISTS

Dorothy T. Asman, President

DONALD COATS

ST. JAMES' CHURCH **NEW YORK**

ETHEL SLEEPER BRETT

Organist and Recitalist

First Methodist Church, Sacramento, Cal.

WILFRED BRIGGS

St. John's in the Village New York 14, N. Y.

ARTHUR CARKEEK

DePauw University Organist Gobin Memorial Church Greencastle, Indiana

EARL CHAMBERLAIN

F.T.C.L.

ST STEPHEN'S CHURCH

Massachusetts

Robert Clark

School of Music **University of Michigan**

Ann Arbor

Harry E. Cooper

Mus. D., F.A.G.O. RALEIGH, N. CAROLINA

Calvin Hampton, New York City — Calvary Episcopal March 2: Les Corps Glorieux, Messiaen. March 9: Phantasie frei, Sonata 1, Movements 2, 3, Sonata 2, Hindemith; Prelude and Fugue in G. Adagio, Sonata 1, Mendelssohn; Three Chorale Preludes, Brahms. March 23: Three Chorales, Franck. March 30: Prelude and Fugue in G, Jesus Christus unser Heiland (two settings), O Lamm Gottes (two settings), Wir glauben (two settings), Prelude and Fugue in C major (9/8), Bach. settings), Pach

Gary Zwicky, Charleston, III. — Wesley United Methodist, Charleston March 20; First United Methodist, Olney, III. March 23; First Baptist, Mt. Carroll, III. March 30: O Lamm Gottes, Bach; Prelude and Fugue in G minor, Buxtehude; Herzlich tut mich verlangen, Herzliebster Jesu, Karg-Elert; Concerto on Es sungen drei Engel, Micheelsen; Three Preludes on Old Southern Hymns, Read; Allegro, Symphony 1, Widor.

Joseph Barry Smith, New York City — Student of Vernon de Tar, Juilliard recital hall March 25: Concerto in D minor, Vivaldi-Bach; Allein Gott in der Höh', Prelude and Fugue in A minor, Bach; The World Awaiting the Saviour, Dupré; Variations, William Schimmel; Prelude and Fugue on B-A-C-H,

Aldis Lagzdins, New York City — Park Cities Baptist Church, Dallas, Tex. March 21: Christ our Lord came to Jordan, All Glory be to God on High, Prelude and Fugue in D major, Bach; Sonata, Persichetti; Clair de lune, Vierne; Toccata, Olivera; Fantasie and Fugue on Ad Nos, Liszt.

James Hood, Port Arthur, Ont. — St. Paul's United Church, March 4: Prelude and Intermezzi 1, 4, Schroeder; Prelude and Fugue in C major, Bach; Jesus, I will never leave, Lenel; Prelude, Fugue and Variation,

Geraldine Maria Wells, Albany, N.Y. — All Saints Cathedral April 27: Homage to Perotin, Roberts; Toccata, Adagio and Fugue in C, Bach; Chant de paix, Langlais; Finale, Symphony 1, Vierne.

Louise Lee, Bloomington, Ind. — First Congregational Church, Kokomo April 23: Abide with us, Bach; Chorale in A minor, Franck; Sonata 2, Hindemith.

Pierre Cochereau, Nice, France — Central Congregational Church, Newtonville, Mass. April 11: Anonymous Dances; Medio registro alto de primer tono, Perara; Pièce d'orgue, Calvière; Passacaglia and Fugue in C minor, Bach; Suite on Veni Creator, Duruflé; Le Banquet Céleste, Apparition de l'Eglise Eternelle, Messiaen; Improvisation.

Kenneth Bade, Kankakee, III. — Asbury United Methodist Church, Feb. 19: Wer nur den Lieben Gott lässt walten, Bach; If Thou but suffer God to guide Thee, Reger, Walcha: Feb. 26: Vater unser, Bach; Adagio, Symphony 2, Widor; The Good Shepherd, Benoit. March 5: Ich ruf' zu dir, Bach; Allegretto, Sonata 4, Mendelssohn; Sundown, Karg-Elert. March 12: As Jesus Stood beside the cross, Scheidt; I am Black but Comely, Dupré; Prayer, R. Vierne; Fugue on the Kyrie, F. Couperin. March 19: Herzlich tut mich verlangen, Strungk; O Haupt voll blut und Wunden, Reger; O Sacred Head, Edmundson; Herzlich tut mich verlangen, Zachau. March 26: Carillon, Sowerby; Alle Menschen müssen sterben, Bach.

Joel Krott, Philadelphia, Pa. — Philadelphia Academy junior recital, student of Earl Ness, First Baptist Church Feb. 9: Prelude, Fugue and Chaconne, Buxtehude; When in the Hour of Utmost Need, O Thou of God the Father, In Thee is Gladness, Bach; Pièce Héroïque, Franck; Three Chorale Preludes, Elmore.

Elizabeth Adles, Moorestown, N.J. — Philadelphia Academy junior recital, Student of Earl Ness, First Baptist Church Feb. 2: Chorale in A minor, Franck; Concerto 2 in B flat, Handel; Apparitions de l'Eglise Eternelle, Messiaen; Fantaisie 2, Le Jardin

John Searchfield, Calgary, Alta. — Redeemer Cathedral March 4: Prelude and Fugue in D minor (fiddle), Bach; Passion Chorale, Wiedermann; Sickness and Healing of Hezekiah, Kuhnau; Preludium, Missa Brevis, Kodaly; Legend, Karg-Elert.

Margaret Robson, Calgary, Alta. — Redeemer Cathedral March 18: Fugue in Gminor, Bach; Ave Maris Stella 4, Dupré; Benedictus, Reger; Sonata 5 in D, Mendelscohn delssohn.

Frederick Burgomaster, Buffalo, N.Y. — St. Paul's Cathedral April 11: Fantasie in G major, Bach; When my last hour is at hand, David; Toccata on O Filii, Farnam.

Simon Preston, London, England — First Presbyterian Church, Lancaster, Pa. April 15: Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; Concerto 5, Handel; Chorale in A minor, Franck; Prelude and Fugue in G minor, Dupré; Laus Deo. Jonathan Harvey; Haec Dies, Sebastian Forbes; Finale, Symphony 1, Vierne. St. Paul's United Methodist, Green Bay, Wis. March 30: same program with Paean, Leighton, replacing Harvey.

C. Harold Einecke, Spokane, Wash. — St. John the Evangelist March 31: Our Father, Bach; Improvisation on Herzliebster Jesu; De Profundis Clamavi, Maekelberghe. April 1: By the Waters of Babylon, Karg-Elert; Rockingham, Noble; Litany, Roberts; Jesus Meets his Mother, Dupré. April 2: Come Blessed Rest, Bach; Improvisation on a Spiritual; Benedictus, Reger; Jesus comforts the women of Jerusalem, Dupré. April 3: Pange Lingua, Arnatt; Tumult in the Praetorium, Maleingreau; Le Banquet Celeste, Messiaen.

Teresa McFadden, Marshall, Tex. — East Texas Baptist College senior, student of Glenda Collins, First Baptist Church April 1: Prelude and Fugue in E major, Lübeck; Nun komm der Heiden Heiland, Wachet auf, Bach; Ciacona in D minor, Pachelbel; Chorale in E major, Jongen; Partita on Lobe den Herren, Ahrens; Toccata in B minor, Gigout; Scherzo-Cats, Langlais; Prelude and Fugue in G minor, Brahms.

Richard Giltner, Gainesville, Ga. — Pearce auditorium, Brenau College March 16: Evocation, Dupré; Jesus, meine Zuversicht, Nun lasst uns Gott, The Sun's Evensong, Karg-Elert; Jesus Christ Our Saviour, The Old Year Hath Passed, Toccata and Fugue in F, Bach; Preces, Jubilate Deo, Diptyque Liturgique, Grunenwald.

Thomas J. Williams, New York City — Student of Vernon de Tar, Juilliard recital hall March 5: Aus tiefer Not, Trio Sonata 6, Prelude and Fugue in E minor, Bach; Prelude and Fugue in G minor, Herzlich thut mich verlangen (setting 2), Brahms; Comes Autumn Time, Sowerby.

Robert H. Bell, Calgary, Alta. — Redeemer Cathedral March 25: All Bach: Man, Bemoan, Prelude and Fugue in E minor (cathedral), When We are in Deepest Need, Fantasie and Fugue in G minor, Passion Chorale.

Karel Paukert, Evanston, Ill. — Lawrence University chapel, Appleton, Wis. May 15: Outburst of Joy, Messiaen; Transformations, Wykes; Toccata, Adagio and Fugue in C major, Bach; Prelude and Fugue on B-A-C-H, Liszt; Pastorale, Paukert; Finale, Musica Dominicalis, Eben. Alice Millar Chapel, Evanston, Ill. April 22: same Messiaen, Bach, Liszt, Eben plus; Toccata in E minor, Weckmann; Tuyaux Sonores, Isang Yun (first USA performance).

John L. Schaefer, Columbus, Ohio — Holy Trinity Church, London, England Jan. 29: Partita on O Filii, Held; Fantasie and Fugue in C minor, Bach; Fantasie-Chorale in F sharp minor, Whitlock. Enfield Parish Church, North London Feb. 4: Same Whitlock plus Homage to Perotin, Roberts; Bergamasca, Frescobaldi; Récit de Tierce en Taille, Grigny; Prelude and Fugue in E flat major, Bach; Benedictus, Reger; Allegro, Ochse; Even Song, John La Montaine; Allegro, Symphony 2, Vierne.

Marie Christopherson, Sioux Falls, S.D. Marie Christopherson, Sioux Falls, S.D. — Augustana College senior, student of Merle P. Pflueger March 27: Sonata 6, in G, Bach; Fantasie in F minor, Mozart; Herzliebster Jesu, Herzlich tut mich erfreuen, Brahms; Partita on Wachet auf, Distler; Christmas Music for Flute and Organ, Rohlig (with Bernice Christhoperson, flute); The Burning Bush, Berlinski; Deus tuorum militum, Sowerby.

Susan Engelhorn, Port Arthur, Ont. — St. Paul's United Church, Feb. 25: Partita on Psalm 42, Böhm; Ah, dearest Jesus, Brahms; O sacred Head, Prelude and Fugue in Dminor, Bach. March 11: Prelude and Fugue in A minor, Bach; Sonata I, Mendelssohn; Adagio for Strings, Barber-Strickland; Our Father, Bach.

William Evans, Philadelphia, Pa. — student of Earl Ness, First Baptist Church Feb. 23: Prelude and Fugue in D major, Wo soll ich sliehen, Fugue in G major, Bach; Carillon de Westminster, Vierne; Very Slowly, Sonatina, Sowerby; Prelude and Fugue in G minor, Dupré.

Pat Conner, Ellen Hood, Port Arthur, Ont.

— Prelude in E minor, Bach — Miss Hood; O sacred Head, Bach — Miss Conner; Four preludes on O sacred Head, Peeters, Pachelbel — Miss Hood; Andantino, Franck; Prelude and Fugue in C minor, Bach — Miss Conner.

WALLACE M. COURSEN, JR.

CHRIST CHURCH BLOOMFIELD AND GLEN RIDGE, N.J. The Kimberly School, Montclair, N. J.

DWIGHT DAVIS

GARY, INDIANA City Methodist Church

CLARENCE DICKINSON 7 GRACIE SQUARE NEW YORK 28. N. Y.

KATHRYN ESKEY

The University of North Carolina at Greensboro

EARL EYRICH Organist and Chairmaster

> Organ Harpsichord The Church of Gethsemane Episcopal Minnesota

CHARLES FARLEY, PhD

Galesburg, Illinois

Minneapelis

RECITALS

PAUL J. DANILEWSKI, JR.

ORGANIST-DIRECTOR OF MUSIC WESTMINSTER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH 1300 N. St. SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

LEE DETTRA

S.M.M., F.A.G.O., Ch.M. First Presbyterian Church Sharon, Pennsylvania Thiel College Greenville, Pa.

EDWARD EIGENSCHENK

American Conservatory, Chicago Second Presbyterian Church Chicago

Fine Arts Building, Chicago

GEORGE ESTEVEZ

Director CHICAGO CHAMBER CHOIR

EMORY FANNING

All Saints Church, Brookline BOSTON UNIVERSITY

GORDON FARNDELL

Ph.D., A.A.G.O., A.R.C.O. North Central College Naperville, Illinois **ORGAN** CHURCH MUSIC

GEORGE FAXON

TRINITY CHURCH BOSTON

DUDLEY E. FOSTER, JR.

Organist-Chairmaster

Eniscopal Church of the Resurrection Montebello, California

RICHARD GRANT

139 EAST POST ROAD WHITE PLAINS, N.Y.

E. LYLE HAGERT

Stephens College Columbia, Missouri 65203

WILL O. HEADLEE

SCHOOL OF MUSIC SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY SYRACUSE, NEW YORK 13210

DAVID HEWLETT

organist & master of the charisters Christ Church Fitchburg, Mass.

Workshops

Ph. D., F. A. G. O. FINNE

Chairman, Division of Music & Art Houghton College, Houghton, N.Y. Houghton Wesleyan Methodist Church

JAMES G. FRANCIS

S.M.M.

Organist-Choirmaster Collingwood Presbyterian Church Collingwood Temple TOLEDO, OHIO

NORBERTO

GUINALDO

DAVID S. HARRIS

Church of Our Saviour

Akron, Ohio Organ

WILBUR HELD

S.M.D., F.A.G.O. **Ohio State University Trinity Church** COLUMBUS, OHIO

JERRY A. HOHNBAUM

Missouri Methodist Church

Recitals: Box 84, Columbia, Mo. 65201

Robert Owen, Bronxville, N.Y. — All Saints Church, Briarcliff Manor, Feb. 2: Concerto 3 in B minor, Walther; Suite on Tone 2, Clérambault; Now come, Saviour of the Heathen, Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; Stèle pour en enfant defunt, Divertissement, Vierne; Canon in B minor, Schumann; Very slowly, Sonatina, Sowerby; Carillon-Sortie, Mulet.

Sortie, Mulet.

William E. Gray, Jr., Grand Rapids, Mich.

Mayflower Congregational Church Feb. 16, St. Paul's United Methodist, Louisville, Ky. Feb. 19, First Baptist, Chattanooga, Tenn. Feb. 23, Trinity United Methodist, Huntsville, Ala., Feb. 25, First United Methodist, Columbia, Miss. March 2: Praise to the Lord, Walther; Sleepers Wake, Krebs; Introduction, Allegro, Concerto 2, Handel; Trumpet Tune in D, Telemann; From God Naught shall Divide Me, Toccata, Adagio and Fugue in C major, Bach; Four Psalm Preludes, Set 2, Powell; Sonata 6, Mendelssohn; O Sacred Head, Karg-Elert; Litanies, Alain.

Stephen D, Hermes, West Boylston, Mass.

Stephen D. Hermes, West Boylston, Mass. — First Congregational Church May 11: Prelude, Fugue and Chaconne, Nun bitten wir, Buxtehude; Fantasie in G major, Bach; Schönster Herr Jesu, Schroeder; Fantaisie in A major, Franck; Trumpet Tune in D, Johnson; By the River of Babylon, Karg-Elert; Theme and Variations, Langlais; How Fair and Pleasant, Dupré; Allegro, Symphony 6, Widor.

Kim R. Kasling, Ann Arbor, Mich. — Fort Street Presbyterian, Detroit Feb. 16; Grace Lutheran, Mankato, Minn. March 7; Hill Auditorium, U of Michigan March 16; Toccata 12, Muffat; Adagio, Allegro K 594, Mozart; Concerto in A minor, Vivaldi-Bach; Toccata, Benedictus, Fantasie and Fugue in D minor, Reger.

Ronald Shepherd, Philadelphia, Pa. — student of Earl Ness, First Baptist Church Feb. 16: Concerto 1 in G, Ernst-Bach; Bryn Calfaria, Hyfrydol, Vaughan Williams; Impromptu, Vierne; Prelude and Fugue in E minor, Bach; Suite Médiévale, Langlais; Prelude and Fugue on A-L-A-I-N, Duruflé.

Wesley L. James, Bellmore, N.Y. — United Methodist Church March 9: I Call to Thee, Brch; Sonata 1, Mendelssohn; My Heart is Filled with Longing, Brahms; Allegretto, Violin Sonata, Franck; Pastorale, Milhaud; Carillon de Westminster, Vierne.

Robert Baker, New York City — Eastern Kentucky U April 20: Comes Autumn Time, Sowerby; Pastorale and Aviary, Roberts; Toccata in B minor, Jackson; Sketches in F minor, D flat major, Schumann; Pastorale, Franck; Introduction and Passacaglia in D minor, Reger; O Lamb of God, Jesus Christ. Our Saviour, Come, Saviour of the Gentiles, Prelude and Fugue in D major, Bach.

Prelude and Fugue in D major, Bach.

Richard W. Slater, Glendale, Calif. — St. Mark's Episcopal Church March 9: Prelude and Fugue in C minor, Bach; Kleine geistliche Konzerte, Schütz; Qui sedes ad dexteram, Vivaldi; Versa est in luctum, Viadan; Sonata 2, Mendelssohn; Sancta mater, istud agas, Pergolesi; In his Hands, Mendelssohn; Speculam vitae, Peeters; Chorale in A minor, Franck; St. Ambrose Episcopal, Claremont March 16, St. Barnabas, Eagle Rock, Calif. March 23: Same Bach, Schütz, Vivaldi, Viadna, Pergolesi, Franck plus; Psalm 23, Berlinski; Pie Jesu, Fauré; Souls of the Righteous, Mullins.

Ivan R. Licht, Rocky River, Ohio — St. Christopher's Church April 13: Prelude and Fugue in D major, Buxtehude; Partita on Meinen Jesum lass ich nicht, Walther; Wachet auf; Von Gott will ich nicht lässen, Allein Gott in der Hoh', Jesu, Joy of Man's Desiring, Herr Jesu Christ, Now Thank We All our God, Bach; Chorale in B minor, Franck; Finale, Symphony 1, Vierne.

Anna Thompson, Wichita, Kans. — Friends
U student of Dorothy Addy, First Methodist
Church, Feb. 2: Offertoire sur les Grands
jeux, Benedictus: Chromhorne en Taille, F.
Couperin; Was Gott tut, Kellner; Toccata,
Adagio and Fugue in C major, Bach; Concerto
in C minor, Vivaldi-Bach; Chorale in B
minor, Franck; Toccata, Durussé.

Clark H. Kelley, Arkadelphia, Ark. — Henderson State College senior recital March 13: Postludium, Janacek; Chorale in B minor, Franck; Blessed Jesus, we are here, Fantasie and Fugue in G minor, Bach; Combat de la Mort et de la Vie, Messiaen; My heart abounds with pleasure, Brahms; Fantasie in F minor K 608, Mozart.

Allan Willis, Bridgeport, Conn. — St. John's Episcopal Church March 6: O Sacred Head Now Wounded, Kuhnau; All Mankind Fell in Adam's Fall, Bach, Homilius; O World I Now Must Leave Thee, Brahms; Postlude for the Office of Compline, Alain.

Walter Eichinger, Seattle, Wash. — Plymouth Congregational Church March 19: Cortege Joyeux, McKay; O guiltless Lamb of God, Pachelbel; A sacred head, Brahms; O man bemoan, Pepping; O darkest woe, Schroeder; Acclamations, Langlais.

Schroeder; Acclamations, Langlais.

Robert D. Setzer, St. Petersburg, Fla. — St. Peter's Church Feb. 21: Triple Fugue in E flat, Vor deinen Tron, Bach; Song of Peace, Langlais; Sonata 6, Mendelssolm. Feb. 28: Concerto in G, Bach; Cantabile, Franck; In Paradisum, Carillon-Sortie, Mulet. March 7: Partita on Mein Jesus lass ich nicht, Walther; Very slowly, Sonatina, Sowerby; Passacaglia and Fugue in C minor, Bach. March 14: Prelude and Fugue in D major, Von Gott will ich nicht lassen, Bach; Sonata 2, Mendelssohn. March 28: Prelude and Fugue in F minor, Handel; Da Jesus an dem Kreuze stundt, Scheidt; O Sacred Head, See the Lord of Life and Light, O Man bemoan, Bach; Le Banquet Céleste, Messiaen; Elegie, Pecters. April 4: Six Chorale Preludes, O Traurigkeit, Brahms.

Linda Victor, Sioux Falls, S.D. — Au-

Linda Victor, Sioux Falls, S.D. — Augustana College senior, student of Merle R. Pflueger, Our Saviour's Lutheran Church March 2: Grand Jeu, DuMage; Récit de Tierce en taille, Grigny; Prelude and Fugue in G minor, Wachet auf, Herr Christ de ein'ge Gottes Sohn, Bach; Herzliebster Jesu, Brahms; Prelude, Fugue and Variation, Franck; Te Deum, Reger; Suite Médiéval, Langlais.

John Turnbull, Richmond, Ky. — Eastern Kentucky U Feb. 16: Sinfonia: We Thank Thee, O God, Bach-Dupré; What God Ordains is Always Good, Kellner; Prelude and Fugue in G major, Bach; Adagio and Allegro K 594, Mozart; Toccata, Villancico and Fugue, Ginastera; Chromatic Study on B-A-C-H, Piston; Prelude and Fugue in G minor, Dupré.

Gordon Atkinson, London, Ont. — St. James Church, Westminster March 2: Prelude and Fugue in B minor, Buxtehude; Passion Chorale, Walther, Kittel, Kuhnau, Rheinberger; Fantasie in G, Bach; Tripartita in F, Harald Benzmer; Canzona, Folkloric Suite, Langlais; Cortège et Litanie, Dupré.

D. Stuart Kennedy, Calgary, Alta. — Redeemer Cathedral March 11: Visione, Rheinberger; Sonata 2, Mendelssohn; Sketch in D flat, Schumann; Benedictus, Reger.

William MacGowan

All Saints Church

Pasadena, California

Paul Manz

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Mount Olive Lutheran Church

Concordia College, St. Paul

ASHLEY MILLER

N.Y. Society for Ethical Culture

2 West 64th St., New York City

Dorothy Addy, Wichita, Kans. — Southwestern College, Winfield, Kans. March 4: Fantaisie and Fugue in B flat Boëly; Suite for an Organ Clock, K.P.E. Bach; Prelude and Fugue in C minor, Bach; Sonata, Persichetti; Mit Freuden zart, Pepping; Lobe den Herrn, Walcha; Fammalfabedpsalm fran Dalarna, Oskar Lindberg; Prelude and Fugue, Duruflé.

Oskar Lindberg; Prelude and Fugue, Durusse.

Charles E. Walker, Toronto, Ont. — St. Paul's R. C. Church March 9: Présude au Kyrie, Langlais; Jésus accepte la sousserace, Messiaen; Vor deinen Thron, Valet will ich dir geben, Bach; Herzlich thut mich verlangen, Brahms; Prelude on Quebec, Walker; Toccata and Fugue in G minor, Buxtehude. The University of Toronto concert choir and repertory chorus shared the program. St. George's United Church Feb. 23: Frölich wir nun all' fangen an, Böbel; Wie schön leuchtet, Buxtehude; Récit de Nasard, Clérambault; Wachet auf, Bach; Elevation, Hommage a Frescobaldi, Langlais; Chorale in A minor, Franck. The Canadian Children's Opera Chorus and the church's junior choir and boy choristers shared the program.

Joseph Armbrust, Charleston, S.C. — St.

Joseph Armbrust, Charleston, S.C. — St. Michael's Episcopal Church March 16: Prelude and Fugue in F minor, Aria and Allegro, Concerto 10, Handel; Noël with Variations, Daquin; Fugue in C major, Buxtehude; Trumpet Voluntary, Purcell; Toccata per l'Elevazione, Frescobaldi; Trumpet Tune, Purcell; The Good Shepherd, Transfiguration, Benoit; Toccata on O Filii, Farnam.

G. Franklin Morris, Placerville, Calif. — Sonoma Community Center March 9: All Willan: Prelude and Fugue, Thema Ostinato, A Fugal Trilogy, Vexilla Regis, Ecca jam noctis, O Traurigkeit, Christ ist erstanden, Gelobt sei Gott, Passacaglia and Fugue in Eminor. A chorus from choirs of several churches sang Willan choral music.

Doris Helen Smith, Seattle, Wash. — Plymouth Congregational Church, March 5: Adagio in E major, Bridge; O God, thou faithful God, Brahms; We pray now to the Holy Spirit, Buxtehude; Mater Dolorosa, Symphony 1, Weitz; God of heaven and earth, Reger; Impressions Dominicales 5, Jacob.

David Beaty, Rome, Ga. — Cathedral of St. Philip, Atlanta March 19: Kyrie (five couplets), Mass for Convents, F. Couperin; O Spotless Lamb of God, Bach; Chorale in A minor, Franck.

NORMAN HOLLETT

F.A.G.O. (chm)

Cathedral of the Incarnation Diocese of Long Island Long Island Choral Society Garden City, Long Island, New York

JOHN HUSTON

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

TEMPLE EMANU-EL

New York City

Clair A. Johannsen

Trinity Lutheran

Hagerstown, Maryland

GEORGE E. KLUMP

SCHOOL OF THE ARTS

SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY

Dallas, Texas 75222

Harry H. Huber

M. Mus.

Kansas Wesleyan University University Methodist Church SALINA, KANSAS

d deane

hutchison

first congregational church portland, oregon

HOWARD KELSEY

Washington University
Saint Louis, Mo. 63105

KOCH

Carnegie Hall

St. Paul's Cathedral

Pittsburgh, Pa.

HAROLD MUELLER

F.A.G.O.

Trinity Episcopal Church Temple Sherith Israel San Francisco

EARL NESS MUS. D.

Philadelphia

TEMPLE UNIVERSITY
FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH
TEMPLE KENESETH ISRAEL
PHILA MUSICAL ACADEMY

CLARENCE MADER

Los Angeles, California
Occidental College

IMMANUEL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Frederick

MARRIOTT

Allen Park
United Presbyterian Church
Allen Park, Michigan
Organist, The Detroit Symphony Orchestra

CATHERINE RITCHEY MILLER ORGANIST

PEACE COLLEGE
WHITE MEMORIAL PRESBYTERIAN
CHURCH

Raleigh

North Carolina 27608

WILLIAM H. MURRAY

Mus. M F.A.G.O.

Emmanuel Episcopal Church LaGrange, III.

NORLING

St. John's Episcopal Church

Jersey City Heights New Jersey

E. Robert Kursinski

St. James', Wilshire

Los Angeles

RICHARD W. LITTERST

M. S. M.

SECOND CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH Rockford, Illinois

ARTHUR P. LAWRENCE

Doc. Mus. Arts, A.A.G.O., Ch.M.
Organ — Harpsichord — Chorus
The Centre College of Kentucky
Danville 40422

william whitehead

2344 center street, bethlehem, pennsylvania

Carlene Neihart, Kansas City, Mo.—Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York City March 23: Prelude in D Minor, Pachelbel; My Young Life Hath an End, Sweelinck; Incantation for a Holy Day, Langlais; Water Nymphs, Vierne; Epilogue, Langlais; Pastorale, Rene Rabey; Introduction and Fugue on Ad Nos, Liszt. St. Mary's Episcopal Church, Ardmore, Pa. March 28: same program plus: Fugue in A flat minor, Brahms: Toccata in F, Bach.

Toccata in F, Bach.

Charlotte Atkinson, Carlsbad, Calif. — with William Atkinson, flute, Missouri United Methodist, Columbia, Mo. Feb. 23; First Trinity Lutheran, Tonawanda, N.Y. Feb. 25; Interchurch Center chapel, New York City, March 3; Army and Navy Academy, Carlsbad March 9: Toccata, Muffat; Air a l'Italien, Telemann; Basse et dessus de trompette, Clérambault; Sonata in E flat for flute, Bach; Passacaglia, Buxtehude; Toccata, Sowerby; Aria for flute, Ibert; The Rhythmic Trumpet, Bingham; Sonata for Flute, Hindemith; Passacaglia, Van Hulse. Bingham; Sonata for Passacaglia, Van Hulse.

George Mitchell Williams, Chicago — Illinois Wesleyan University, Bloomington March 8: Prelude and Fugue in E minor, Bruhns; Trumpet in Dialogue, F. Couperin; Partita on Da Jesus an dem Kreuze stund, Scheidt; Herzlich tut mich verlangen, Fantasie and Fugue in G minor, Bach; Prelude, Fugue and Variation, Franck; K'a Mura, Sowande; Lyric Piece, Ivy Beard; Toccata, Duruflé.

Charles A. H. Pearson, Pittsburgh, Pa. — Carnegie Hall March 16: Prelude and Fugue in F minor, Bach; To the Setting Sun, Edmundson; Scherzo, Widor, Sonata in the Style of Handel, Wolstenholme; Andantino, Sibelius-Fricker; Ariel, Elves, Bonnet; Chimes of St. Mark's, Russolo; Finale, Sympony 3, Vierne.

Page C. Long, Sagnaw, Mich. — First Congregational Church Feb. 26: Voluntary in C major, opus 5, Stanley; The Cuckoo, Daquin; Dialogue sur la Trompette, Plein Jeu, Fugue sur la Trompette, Mass for Convents, F. Couperin; Fantasie and Fugue in G minor, Deck Thyself, Bach; Fantasie in A major, Franck; Carillon, Vierne.

Michael Gary Rowland, Louisville, Ky.—Southern Baptist Seminary March 14: Passacaglia, Sinfonia Brevis, Sowerby; Partita for violin, viola and organ, Piston (with Barbara Meck, violin, David Becker, viola); Fantasie on Hallelujah! Gott zu loben, Reger.

Will Headlee, Syracuse, N.Y. — West End Presbyterian Church, Albany, N.Y.: Prelude and Fugue in E major, Lübeck; Ach, Herr, mich armen Sunder, Buxtehude; Herzlich tut mich verlangen, Bach, Brahms, Langlais; Toccata, Adagio and Fugue in C, Bach; Cortège et Litanie, Dupré; Adagio expressivo, Nyquist; Rhythmic Trumpet, Bingham; Finale, Symphony 1. Vierne. Syracuse U faculty series, March 23: same program with Dupré, Nyquist, Bingham and Vierne replaced by: Sonata 1, Hindemith; Introduction, Passacaglia and Fugue, Willan. Fugue, Willan.

Fugue, William.

William D. Peters, Latrobe, Pa. — Holy Family Church, March 23: Prelude and Fugue in G minor, Buxtehude; Partita on O Sacred Head, Pachelbel; Sonata 5, Bach; Sonata 2, Mendelssohn; Three Chorale Preludes, Brahms; Finale, Symphony 1, Vierne. Towson, Md., United Method Church April 14: same Buxtehude, Bach, Mendelssohn, Vierne plus: Offertoire sur O Filii, Dandrieu; Durch Adams Fall, Homilius; Harmonies du Soir, Karg-Elert. Adams Fal Karg-Elert.

Ronald C. Rice, Atlanta, Ga. — Russell Auditorium, Milledgeville, Ga. March 1: An Wasserflüssen Babylon, Bach; Prämbeln und Interludien, Schroeder; Flute Tune, Arne; Air with Variations, Sowerby; O Sacred Head, Langlais; Scherzo, Whitlock; Toccata, Chorale and Fugue, Jackson. Cathedral of St. Philip March 12: Fantaisie in A minor, Franck; Pastorale, Roger-Ducasse.

Marvin E. Peterson, Cincinnati, Ohio — Anderson Hills Church April 3: Prelude for the Passion of the Lord, Guinaldo; Partita on Jesu, meine Freude, Walther; Kleine partita on St. Theodulph, Post; Partita on a Passion Chorale, Donald Johns; I Dwell with Thee at Golgotha, Chaix; Reflection on the Passion Chorale, Ratcliffe; Fugue on O Filii, Langlais.

Dennis G. Michno, New York City — Trinity Church April 8: Christ lag in Todesbanden, Christ ist erstanden, Erstanden ist der heil'ge Christ, Bach; Ida Faiella, soprano, Katherine Hoover, flute, shared the program. April 22: Sonata in F minor, Mendelssohn; Shalosh Regalim (The Three Festivals), Berlinski.

Carolyn Foltz Stahl, Kent, Ohio — United Church of Christ, March 3: Fanfare, Prelude and Fughetta, Finale Jubilante, Willan; Song of Mourning, Van Hulse; Preludium over Lof zij den Heer, Kousemaker; Fantasie in Fminor, Mozart.

Marianne Webb, Carbondale, III. — Lutheran Student Centre, Southern Illinois University March 30: Concerto on Es sungen drei Engel, Micheelsen; Herzlich tut mich verlangen, Kellner; Fugue on W-E-B-B-, Richard Bauch; Concerto in G minor, Handel; Concerto for organ and brass, Monnikendam (with faculty brass quartet).

brass quartet).

G. Leland Ralph, Sacramento, Calif. —
Methodist Church, Sutter Creek March 9:
Concerto 5 in F major, Handel; Sicilienne,
Paradis; Ayre and Gavot, Arne; Toccata and
Fugue in D minor, Bach; Prayer, Suite, Creston; Scherzo, Rogers; May Day Carol, arr.
Reddick; Toccata in G major, Dubois. Audrey
Sheppard assisted in a group for piano and
organ. With Joy Foster, First Christian
Church, Chico March 16: Same Handel plus:
My Heart is Filled with Longing, setting 2,
Brahms; Prelude and Fugue in A minor,
Bach; Greensleeves, Wright; Prelude and
Trumpetings, Roberts — Mr. Ralph. Prelude
and Fugue in F minor, Handel; Concerto 3,
Soler; Pastorale, Franck; The Squirrel, Weaver
— Mr. Foster.

Charles Hoke, South Bend, Ind. — First Presbyterian Church, Fort Wayne March 16: Prelude and Fugue in F major, Buxtehude; These Are the Holy Ten Commands (both Clavierübung settings), Bach; Suite 30, L'Orgue Mystique, Tournemire; Preludes and Fugues in E minor, B flat major, B minor, Koctsier. The St. John Singers shared the program.

Florence Bergan Kinney, McMinnville, Ore.

— Linfield College Feb. 24: Concerto in F,
Handel (with college chamber orchestra);
Toccata per l'Elevazione, Frescobaldi; Ciacona,
Buxtehude; Allein Gott, Jesu, Joy of Man's
Desiring, Toccata and Fugue in C minor,
Bach; Now Sinks the Sun, Simonds; Te Deum,
Langlais; Prelude and Fugue on B-A-C-H,
Liest

Robert C. Wells, Albany, N.Y. — All Saints Cathedral May 4: Sinfonia in D minor, Trumpet Tune in D, Purcell; Two Fugal Voluntaries, Selby; Introduction and Toccata in G major, Walond; Divinum Mysterium, Candlyn; O Filii, Willan; Andante, Trio Sonata 4, Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach.

Belinda Goodwin, Bloomington, Ind. — First Congregational Church, Kokomo May 14: Passacaglia, Buxtchude; Trio Sonata in G, Bach; Pastorale, Franck.

Robert Sutherland Lord, Pittsburgh, Pa. — Frick Fine Arts Building March 4; Intonation and Fugue on Tone 9, Gabrieli; Offertoire sur les Grands Jeux, F. Couperin; Modal Pieces in modes of D and A, Langlais; Chorale in E

in modes of D and A, Langiais; Chorale in E major, Franck.

March 21, 23: All Bach: In Thee is Joy, Through Adam's Fall, O Man Bewail, Prelude and Fugue in G major, Trio Sonata 1, Vivaldi; Concerto in A minor, Prelude and Fugue in E flat major.

Fugue in E slat major.

Herbert White, Oak Park, Ill. — Pullman United Methodist, Chicago March 21: Fanfare in C major, Purcell; Voluntary in A minor, Stanley; Flute solo, Arne; O Sacred Head, Strungk; Fugue in C major, Buxtehude; Sinsonia, Cantata 156. Bach; Movement 1, Concerto in A minor, Vivaldi-Bach; Récit de Chromhorne, Dialogue, Parish Mass, F. Couperin; Récit de Nazard, Caprice sur les grands Jeux, Suite on Tone 2, Clérambault; Berceuse, Vierne; O Sacred Head, Langlais; Chorale in C minor, Franck.

W. Arnold Lynch, Wichita, Kans. —
Trinity Episcopal Church, Arkansas City,
Kans. March 16: Voluntary in E minor,
Stanley; Cantilena, McKinley; Scherzo in E
major, Gigout; If thou but suffer God to
guide thee, Toccata and Fugue in D minor,
Bach; Chorale in A minor, Franck; Spiritual,
Purvis; Carillon, DeLamarter; Finale, Symphony 2, Widor.

D. Frederick Elder, Tulsa, Okla. — Oklahoma City University Feb. 9: Allegro Giocoso, Handel; Prelude and Fugue in G major, Come Saviour of the Nations, Sonata 1, Bach; Sonata 1, Mendelssohn; Canon in A flat major, Schumann; Outburst of Joy. First Presbyterian, Lake Charles, La. March 10: same program with Cantilène, Langlais replacing Schumann.

Susan Hegberg, Beaver Dam, Wis. — Zion Lutheran Church, Appleton, Wis. March 9: Offertoire sur les Grands jeux, Parish Mass, F. Couperin; O Mensch, Fantasie and Fugue in G minor, Bach; Chorale in B minor, Franck; Suite of Passion Hymn Settings, Held; Fantasie in F minor K 608, Mozart.

Miriam Clapp Duncan, Appleton, Wis. — Lawrence U faculty recital April 6: Five Pieces, Dandrieu; Les Oiseaux et les sources, Messiaen, Mediation on Ecce Lignum Crucis, Heiller; Trio Sonata 5, Passacaglia and Fugue in C minor, Bach.

JOHN KEN OGASAPIAN

Saint Anne's Church Massachusetts State College

Jack Ossewaarde

St. Bartholomew's Church New York

RICHARD M. PEEK

Sac. Mus. Doc.

Covenant Presbyterian Church

Charlotte, N. C.

ARTHUR A. PHILLIPS

AAGO Ch.M. F.T.C.L.

Lafavette Avenue Presbyterian Church Brooklyn, New York 11217

KATHRYN HILL RAWLS

MUSIC B., A.A.G.O. Washington, D.C. Regional Chairman D.C., Maryland and Virginia "The Region on the Potomac"

ALEXANDER BOGGS

RYAN

CONCERT ARTIST

Stephen J. Ortlip, AAGO

Chattanooga Boys Choir Lookout Mountain Presbyterian Church Sewanee Summer Music Center

FRANK K. OWEN

Lessons - Recitals

St. Paul's Cathedral Los Angeles 17, California

Franklin E. Perkins

The Ladue Chapel St. Louis, Missouri Lindenwood College St. Charles, Missouri

Wendell Piehler

Mus. M. Organist St. Andrew's Episcopal Church Colby Jr. College for Women New London, New Hampshire

MYRTLE REGIER

Mount Holyoke College South Hadley, Massachusetts

Jack Edwin Rogers

St. John's Cathedral

Jacksonville, Florida

RUSSELL SAUNDERS

Eastman School of Music University of Rochester

JOSEPH SCHREIBER

Independent Presbyterian Church Birmingham-Southern College Birmingham, Alabama

WILLIAM SELF

Organist and Master of the Choir ST. THOMAS CHURCH Fifth Avenue and 53rd Street New York, N.Y. 10019

L. ROBERT SLUSSER

MUS. M., A.A.G.O.

LA JOLLA PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA

Recitals and Master Classes **Organ Consultation**

Western Michigan University at Kalamazoo

Organist Chairmaster, First Pres. Church San Francisco Theological Seminary San Anselmo, California

iohn h. schneider

Calvary Presbyterian Church Riverside, California

ALEXANDER SCHREINER

Ph.D., F.A.G.O.

The Tabernacle, Salt Lake City, Utah Lillian Murtagh Concert Management Box 272 Canaan, Conn. TA 4-7877

Robert Shepfer

Organist - Chairmaste SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Indianapolis, Indiana 46260 Recitals

ROBERT SMART

Swarthmore, Pennsylvania Trinity Episcopal Church Swarthmore College Congregation Rodeph Shalom, Philadelphia

Orrin Clayton Suthern, II

Professor of Music Organist-Conductor Lincoln University, Pa.

FREDERICK SWANN

The Riverside Church New York City

George Norman Tucker Mus. Bach.

ST. LUKE'S CHORISTERS Kalamazoo BOY CHOIRS

WILLIAM FRANCIS

VOLLMER

The Baptist Temple Temple Square

Bklyn 17, N.Y.

WA-LI-RO

WARREN C. MILLER - DIRECTOR Christ Church, Shaker Heights 22, Ohio

CLARENCE WATTERS

Trinity College Hartford, Connecticut

UNIVERSITY OF MIAMI Coral Gables, Florida

RUSSELL G. WICHMANN **Chatham College**

> Shadyside Presbyterian Pittsburgh, Pa. 15232

JOHN E. WILLIAMS

St. Andrews Presbyterian College Laurinburg Presbyterian Church Laurinburg, North Carolina

George Y. Wilson

INDIANA UNIVERSITY

Bloomington, Ind.

SEARLE WRIGHT

F.A.G.O. F.T.C.L. St. Paul's Chapel, Columbia University

and Union Theological Seminary NEW YORK CITY Music Faculty of Columbia University

LAUREN B. SYKES A.A.G.O., Ch. M. Warner Pacific College

Portland, Oregon

HANS VIGELAND

Westminster Church Temple Beth Zion The Buffalo Seminary

W. WILLIAM WAGNER

MT. LEBANON METHODIST CHURCH

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

sally slade warner

a.a.g.o. ch.m. ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST BEACON HILL BOSTON Retail Dept.—E. C. Schirmer Music Co.

C. GORDON

WEDERTZ

9344 S. BISHOP ST. CHICAGO 60620

Bob. Whitley

FOX CHAPEL EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Fox Chapel, Pittsburgh, Pa. 15238

HARRY WILKINSON

Ph.D., F.A.G.O. ST. MARTIN-IN-THE-FIELDS Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia WEST CHESTER STATE COLLEGE, PA.

WILLIAMS

St. Stephen's Church

Sewickley

Pennsylvania

barclay wood

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Massachusetts

Gary Zwicky

AAGO

Eastern Illinois University Charleston

ARTHUR C. BECKER, Mus D., A.A.G.O.

DE PAUL UNIVERSITY ST. VINCENTS CHURCH, CHICAGO

Organ Recitals of the Month

Vernon de Tar, New York City — Furman U, Greenville, S.C., March 7: Chorale 1, Sessions; O Heiland, Wie soll ich dich empfangen. Pepping; Ich ruf zu dir, Walcha; Fantaisie 1, Alain; Pastora'e on The Morning Star, Pinkham; Sonata, Persichetti; Sonata, Louis White; Serene Alleluias, Joy and splendor of the glorious body, Messiaen. Church of the Ascension April 1: All Brahms: Fugue in A flat minor, Prelude and Fugue on O Sorrow Deep; 11 Chorale Preludes. Gwendolyn Belle, mezzo soprano, sang the Four Serious Songs.

John Upham, New York City — St. Paul's Chapel, Trin.ty Parish April 9: Concerto in C, Christ ist erstanden (3 verses), Christ lag in Todesbanden (2 settings), Prelude and Fugue in G major, Bach. April 16: Suite on Tone 4, Guilain; Four chorale preludes, Walcha; Prelude and Fugue in E flat major, Saint-Saëns. April 30: Voluntary in C major, Reading; Classical Sonata, Arnell; Adagio and Allegro in F, k 594, Mozart; Fugue in G minor, Bach. April 6: Concerto in D, Torelli; Missa Brevis, Walton; Christ lag in Todesbanden, Schein; Christ our Passover, Gibbs; Trumpet Voluntary, Greene. Choir and trumpet assisted.

Dale A. Heath, Eau Claire, Wis. — St. Vincent De Paul, Cleveland, Ohio May 25: Prelude and Fugue in B major, Dupré; Magnificat primi toni, Prelude and Fugue in F sharp minor, Buxtehude; Grand Jeu, DuMage; Earth Carol, Purvis; Rhosymedre, Vaughan Williams; Partita on Jesu, Priceless Treasure, Walther; Prelude and Fugue in E flat, Spotless Lamb of God, Be All Believe in one God, Now Praise We Christ, Prelude and Fugue in C minor, I Cry to Thee, Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; Five Chorale Preludes. Brahms: Maestoso, Finale, Synphony 1, Vierne.

Gladys Christensen, Wheaton, III. — First United Methodist Church, Glen Ellyn March 2: Trumpet Tune, Stanley; Prelude and Fugue in F sharp minor, Buxtehude; Concerto 5 in F major, Handel; Allegro, Concerto in D minor, Vivaldi-Bach; Sonatas, Locillet, Telemann (with Margaret Cording, cello, Lowell Greer, recorder); French Suite 5, Bach (harpsichord); My Heart is Filled with Longing, (setting 2), Brahms; Fantasic 2, Postlude for the Office of Compline, Alain; Impromptu, Allegro, Symphony 2, Vierne.

Rosamond Ernst Hearn, Hinsdale, Ill.—First Congregation Church, Kokomo, Ind. May 28. Concerto 1, Bach; Cantabile, Franck; Te Deum, Langlais.
Fourth Congregational Church, Chicago March 12: Sonata 1. Mendelssohn; My Heart Is Filled with Longing, Beloved Jesu, O Man Bewail, Bach; Andante con moto. Boëly; We Believe in One God, Prelude and Fugue in C major (9/8), Bach; Cantabile, Franck; Te Deum, Langlais.

Gordon Wilson, Columbus, Ohio — St. Peter's Church, Delaware, Ohio Murch 23: Suite on Tone 1, Clérambault; Andante in F K 616, Mozart; Ciacona in E minor, Nun komm der Heiden Heiland, Prelude and Fugue in F sharp minor, Buxtehude; Sonata 1, Hindemith; Sketch in F minor, Schumann; Fugue in C sharp minor, Honegger; Toccata in D minor, Reger. Same program Mershon Auditorium, Ohio State U March 28.

Norman McBeth, London, Ont. — St. James Church, Westminster Feb. 23: Two Pieces, Meech; Prelude, Graves; Ich ruf' zu dir, O Lamm Gottes, Wer nur den lieben Gott, Bach. The senior choir and the London Recorder Society shared the program.

Carl Gilmer, Bloomington, Ind. — First Congregational Church, Kokomo April 30: Introduction and Passacaglia in D minor, Reger; Récit de tierce en Taille, Grigny; Fantasic and Fugue in G minor, Bach; Dieu parmi nous Messiaen.

Peter Beardsley, Bloomington, Ind. — First Congregational Church, Kokomo May 7: In Thee is Joy, Bach; Chorale in B minor, Franck; Partita on Come, Saviour of the Heathen, Distler.

James W. Charmichael, Macon, Ga. — St. Philip Cathedral, Atlanta March 26: Prelude, Adagio and Chorale Variations on Veni Adagio and C Creator, Durufle.

To restrict these pages to programs of general interest, recitals engaging more than three organists will here-after not be included.

Larry King, New York City — Trinity Church, Ap il 10: Saraband for the Morning of Easter, Howells; Excerpts, Partita on Christ ist erstanden, Purvis; Crucifixion, Resurrection, Symphonic Passion, Dupré, April 17: Sonata 2, Hindemith; Fugue in A flat minor, Brahms; Vater unser, Böhm; Prelude and Fugue in G major, Bach.

major, Bach.

Violet Severy, Morehead, Ky. — Morehead State U faculty recital April 1: Agincourt Hymn, Dunstable; Ave Maris Stella, Dufay; Chorale Prelud; Isaac; Deposuit Potentes, Titelouze; Duo and Trumpet in Dialogue, Clérambault; Hail to Thee, Merciful Jesus, Bach; Pastorale, Van den Geyn; Introduction and Toccata in G major, Walond; Speculum Vitae, Pecters (with Vasile Venettozzi, soprano); Prelude and Fugue on a Theme of Vittoria, Britten; Come Holy Ghost, Creator, My Life is but a Pilgrim-Stand, Walcha; Movement 1, Sonatina, Sowerby; Chorale, Mathias; Fanfare, Leighton.

William Osborne, Granville, Ohio — Albion

Mathias; Fanfare, Leighton.

William Osborne, Granville, Ohio — Albion College March 9, Denison College Feb. 9, DePauw University Feb. 23, Oberlin Conservatory Feb. 16, University of Indiana Feb. 24, University of Michigan March 10: Contined Suite in D, Arthur Foote; Pastorale in E flat, George Chadwick; Passacaglia and Fugue, Daniel Gregory Mason; Prelude in E minor, John Knowles Paine; Sonata in E flat, Horatio Parker; Fugue in C minor, Parker; Canzonetta in A minor, Foote; Concert variations on the Austrian Hymn, Paine.

cert variations on the Austrian Hymn, Paine.

John Edward Courter, Chickasha, Okla. —
Christ the King Church, Oklahoma City,
March 17: Sonata 1, Hindemith; My Heart
is Filled with Longing (both settings),
Brahms; Christ Lay in the Bonds of Death,
O Man Bewail, Prelude and Fugue in C
major, Bach; Offertory, Mass for Parishes, F.
Couperin; Chorale in B minor, Franck;
Allegro Vivace, Symphony 1, Vierne; Strength
and Agility of the Glorious Bodies, Mystery of
the Holy Trinity, Messiaen; Te Deum,
Langlais. Langlais.

Langlais.

Joyce Jones, Austin, Tex. — Graduate recital, University of Texas Feb. 10: Works based on B-A-C-H: Fugues on B-A-C-H, Krebs, Schumann; Chromatic Study on B-A-C-H, Piston; Toccata, Triptychon on B-A-C-H, Ahrens; Fantasic and Fugue on B-A-C-H, Reger; Excerpts from Fugue on B-A-C-H, Albrechtsberger; Prelude and Fugue on B-A-C-H, Lizzt; Fantasic, Passacaglia and Fugue on B-A-C-H, Engelmann; Integration B-A-C-H, Schilling; Partita on B-A-C-H, David.

David.

Edgar C. Crowle, Jackson, Mich. —
Temple Beth Israel March 12: Prelude 3,
Bloch; Sh'ma Yisroel, Weinberger; Menuett,
C.P.E. Bach; Trumpet in Dialogue, Clerambault; The Fifers, Dandrieu; Introduction and
Toccata, Walond; Largo, violin sonata 3,
Handel; Fanfare, Lemmens; Claire de Lune, Toccata, Walond; Largo, v Handel; Fanfare, Lemmens; O Debussy; Psalm 19, Marcello.

Wilma Ayre, Port Arthur, Ont. — St. Paul's United Church March 25: When on the cross the Saviour hung, Scheidt; Psalm Prelude, Howells; O sacred Head, Buxtchude; My heart abounds with pleasure, O sacred Head (both settings), Brahms; Jesus Christ, our Lord Redeemer, Bach.

Rhoda Moelter, Valparaiso, Ind. — Valparaiso U senior recital March 27: Organum Triplex on a Gregorian Alleluia, Perotin; Christe, der du bist Tag und Licht, Böhm; Prelude and Fugue in E flat major, Bach; Sonata 5, Mendelssohn; Homage to Perotin, Roberts.

Charles A. Wilson, Pontiac, Mich. — First Congregational Church March 9: Prelude and Fugue in D major, Bach; Suite 5, Handel (harpsichord); Air du Roi Louis VIII, Ghys; Prelude Elégaique, Jongen; Toccata, Symphony 5, Widor.

Timothy E. Heller, Bloomington, Ill. — Illinois Wesleyan University March 27: Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Lübeck; Fantaisie 1, Alain; Herzlich tut mich verlangen (second setting), Brahms; Hommage å Frescobaldi, Langlais.

Edward D. Berryman, SMD

Warren L. Berryman, SMD

BERR MAN

Organist-Choirmaster WESTMINSTER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Minneapolis

Head, Organ-Church Music Dept. BALDWIN-WALLACE COLLEGE Berea, Ohio

STEINHAUS

RECORDINGS: BOSTON RECORDS **AEOLIAN - SKINNER** CONCERT MANAGEMENT: ROBERTA BAILEY 40 MONADNOCK RD. WORCESTER, MASS. 01609

Liszt and the Organ

Franz Liszt's incredible fame and notoriety as a virtuoso pianist far sur-passed his almost non-existent reputation as an organist in the opinions of both his contemporaries and most biographers and musicologists. A study of his organ works reveals two distinct styles which present a stark contrast in compositional technique, raising the styles which present a stark contrast in compositional technique, raising the questions of Liszt's organ playing ability as well as his knowledge of the instrument itself. The first style is that of the demanding Ad nos salutarem and the second that of the naive Mass for Organ. The fact that he wrote nothing which lies between these extremes leaves his own playing ability even more in question.

There are virtually no accounts of Liszt playing the organ. One of the rare descriptions is found in Lina Ramann's book Franz Liszt, Artist and Man where she recalls Liszt examining the new in-strument at the Cathedral of Fribourg in the presence of Mons. Adolphe Pictet, George Sand, and the Countess d'Agoult:

Liszt sat before the organ; near him stood Mooser (the organ builder) to work the stops. His fingers began to intone Mozart's "Dies Irae" with modulations that died like shadows in the deep. Suddenly the tones of the organ sounded fortissimo and the harmonies rolled like an unchained deluge through the precincts of the sacred edifice.

Guy DePourtales, in describing this same experience in Franz Liszt (L'Homme d'Amour), adds: "He was in one of his radiant moods and exclaimed: 'Organ, organ, O Pope of instruments.'"

Mons. Pictet describes the event much

An Adazio began of a gloomy, severe character. Undecided, sombre modulations followed, interlaced with a series of dissonances and winding like mist with mist. From time to time more decided forms arose, as if seeking embodiment and light. Now they vanished again, amidst other fleeting figures, which only appeared to flit away instantaneously. If one had sought to render the effect of this music into painting, only a mighty soul could have done it, which, full of restlessness and excitement, full of doubt and passion, struggles in vain to find the decisive word of destiny, or else the lofty representation of chaos, when ancient nature begat formless creations, with infinite force, in the realm of eternal night.

When the suspense had reached its highest When the suspense had reached its highest point, the introduction ended, and a serious, decided thema, like a maxim of classic wisdom, began; executed slowly by the deep majestic roll of the organ, then from the higher voices, in regular cadence, passing into the fugue style of Meister Sebastian Bach. To this earnest, solemn thema was added, as a contrast, a second, quick, and brilliant, that, while the first resembled added, as a contrast, a second, quick, and brilliant, that, while the first resembled rather a monotonous greatness, seemed fitted for every change and transformation. Whilst the execution of the first was strictly submitted to the laws of harmony, the other moved freely in the most unexpected combinations and astonishing effects.

And now began a peculiar contest between the two. Boldly the lighter thema seized his carnest antagonist, and displayed all the elfish tricks of art, playfully dancing around him to allure him from his regular course into the abysses of dissonance. In the most brilliant tones of the organ, it launched forth gracefully into a thousand tormenting caprices, until it flamed full of passion and fire, into tones of mockery and scorn. At last, summoning all their powers the two themas inter-twine; complainings, cries of pain, strange sounds arose from the struggle; it was as though Laocoön, pressed in the serpent's folds, were seeking powerfully, but in vain, to tear himself from the torturing thrall. But the end of the contest was quite different. The first thema asserted its supremacy and drove the other back into the keynote. The disturbed harmony returned, and, with indescribable art, the two were united into one thema, to an expression of

Howard Bakken is a graduate of Augustana College, Sioux Falls, S.D. and received the M.M. degree in 1967 from received the M.M. degree in 1901 from Yale University, where he was a student of Charles Krigbaum. He has served as organist and choirmaster at Christ Church, West Haven, Conn. and at St. Thomas's Episcopal Church, New Haven. perfect grandeur and splendour, sentiment and passion, power and grace. And this new thema, unfolded with all the verve of gen-ius, and represented by all the resources of the magnificent instrument, a lofty hymn, closed the artist's improvisation.

Another record of Liszt's organ play ing was written by Baroness Meyendorff in 1867:

(As he was playing the Requiem at the organ) He has found his supreme and complete expression in the music of the Church, where he will never be surpassed, where he exhausts—without ever exhausting himself—all the riches of form and metaphysics. He gives himself entirely in his works, as in his playing

Marcel Dupré speaks of the trip Liszt made to Paris in June, 1878, as a mem-ber of the jury for the department of musical instruments at the Universal Exhibition, when he became acquainted with the new Cavaille-Coll instrument at Trocadero Hall. During this visit he took advantage of the opportunity to examine the organ many times in the company of Charles M. Widor, who was most impressed with Liszt's virtuosity. "His hands seemed to spread like fans over the manuals." There is no indication that Liszt played any of his own

Despite the few references to Liszt's organ playing, there are many accounts of his concern that he be a good composer for the instrument. It is not known what stimulated his initial interest in the organ, but the fact that his first organ work was not composed until 1851 suggests that he may have been influenced by the Mendelssohn Preludes and Fugues which appeared in 1837, and the Mendelssohn Sonatas which were published in 1845. Also appearing in 1845 were the Schumann Studies, Op. 56; Sketches, Op. 58; and Fugues on B-A-C-H.

Another important influence on Despite the few references to Liszt's

Another important influence on Liszt's interest in composing for the organ was, undoubtedly, his study and subsequent piano transcriptions of six of the Bach Preludes and Fugues for organ, as well as the Fantasie and Fugue in G Minor, all completed between 1842 and 1850. and 1850.

Liszt's concern for writing effectively Liszt's concern for writing effectively for the organ was heightened through his acquaintance with César Franck. His relationship with Franck, thought to have begun in 1842 at Liege or Brussels when Liszt favorably reviewed several of Franck's trios, was deepened through Liszt's visit to St. Clothilde on April 3, 1866. Franck offered to play Ad nos. but Liszt insisted on Franck's through Liszt's visit to St. Clothilde on April 3, 1866. Franck offered to play Ad nos, but Liszt insisted on Franck's extemporizing and then playing his own works. Following Franck's performance of the Fantasia in C; Grande Pièce Symphonique; Prelude, Fugue, and Variation; Pastorale; Prière; and Finale in B-Flat, Liszt remarked: "These poems have their place beside the masterpieces of J. S. Bach." His admiration for Franck prompted him, in co-operation with Theodore Dubois, to arrange at least two concerts of Franck's own works, after the latter of to arrange at least two concerts of Franck's own works, after the latter of which it is reported "Franz Liszt... warmly complimented M. Franck on the high idealism of his music and on his authoritative performances."

A further indication of interest in succeeding as an organ composer is revealed in a letter to Camille Saint-Saëns, dated May 14, 1882:

I am still quite struck with wonder at your Predication aus oiseaux. You use your organ as an orchestra in an incredible way, as only a great composer and a great performer like yourself could do. The most proficient organists in all countries have only to take off their hats to you.

In his later years Liszt came to regard organ playing somewhat as a discipline. In 1875 he was appointed Director of the Academy of Music of Budapest, where organ playing was among the compulsory subjects. Included in the organ curriculum were Ad nos, Prelude and Fugue on B-AC-H, and the Weinen, Klagen, Variation, and the Weinen, Klagen . . . Variations.

The slower section is basically in the No mention is made of other entries in the syllabus. Organ playing was given diversions to B-flat and E-flat (again, the position of an independent faculty enharmonic third relationships). This

in 1881 "in order to obtain perfection of execution appropriate to recitals."

Harvey Grace has suggested that Liszt's attraction for the organ may have been because of its religious associations. His ecclesiastical takings are well-known, and throughout his entire life he was inspired by the music of the church; later in his life he declared sacred music to be the only

thing worth living for.

Although Liszt cultivated an interest in the organ, it is apparent this interest remained secondary to the piano. In the Gazette Musicale he wrote:

The keyboard of the organ, with its capabilities of expression, will show the natural way to the invention of pianos with two or three keyboards and so complete the peace-

The earliest extant opus for organ is undoubtedly the best known one, despite its length and difficulty. The first mention of Ad nos salutarem is in a letter dated December 1, 1851, when Liszt wrote to the publisher Härtel:

Allow me, my dear Mr. Härtel, to make known to you, as a kind of curiosity, a very long piece I composed last winter on the Chorale 'Ad Nos' from The Prophet. If, by chance you should think well to publish this long prelude, followed by an equally long fugue, I could not be otherwise than much obliged to you; and I shall take advantage of the circumstances to acquit myself, in all reverence and friendship, of a dedication to Meyerbeer, which it has long been my intention to do; and it was only for want of finding among my works something which would suit him in some respect that I have been obliged to defer it until now...

The work was published in 1852 by Breitkopf and Härtel and given its first performance in 1855 in Merseburg by Alexander Winterberger (1834-1914), a pupil of Liszt.

Liszt himself had an admiration for Ad nos, as he wrote: "I consider this opus as one of my least bad productions." Writing to Joachim Raff in July, 1856, he said:

Winterberger is scoring an extraordinary tri-umph by his organ playing in Holland, and played the "Prophet" and "B-A-C-H Fugue" before an audience of 2.000 people, with

Ad nos, ad salutarem undam is based on the chorale from the first act of Meyerbeer's *Le Prophéte*, in which the three Anabaptists call the people to seek re-baptism in the healing water. The theme is by Meyerbeer and is not a church melody as it was for some time thought to be.

The work is divided into three principal divisions, played without a break. The first part is a fantasic, displaying diverse moods, key centers, dynamic levels, tempi, and styles of writing. It is constructed from three main fragments of the charge melody. of the chorale melody.

entire section deals mainly with the first and third fragments of the melody.

A transitional section, composed of

two strongly contrasted parts concludes the Fantasie and leads into the Fugue. the Fantasie and leads into the Fugue. The subject is a complete statement of the chorale melody, characterized by sharp dotted rhythms. It does not remain strictly fugal for more than the first 24 bars, after which the fugue proceeds in a style not unlike the Fantasie. Again the first two parts of the chorale are developed, building to a climactic reprise of the third part, much like its principal statement in the like its principal statement in the Fantasie. The composition climaxes by a gradual slowing of the movement with a return to 8th-note movement from 16th-notes, all of which gives way to a final heralding of the third melodic fragment in a crescendo to the final homophonic statement of the entire chorale in C major – fortississimo.

Ad nos suggests an attempt to imi-

tate the orchestra, a suggestion which Dupré discounts, although he does believe that Liszt had the orchestra in mind while composing for the organ in that he worked with the "groups" of the organ as he would those of the orchestra. Whether he was motivated by a desire to imitate something or not, it must be said that he wrote in a style

it must be said that he wrote in a style which previous to his time had not been considered that of the organ.

Harmonically and stylistically Ad nos is a fascinating work, but if it is to be judged on thematic invention per se, it would have to be considered something other than superior. Harvey Grace wrote in 1917 in The Musical Times:

Nor is this neglect (of Liszt's organ works in the early 20th century) undeserved, if we may believe the critics who tell us that these works show to a fatal degree their composer's weakness in thematic invention, besides too often employing an idiom suggestive of the wrong side of the church door.

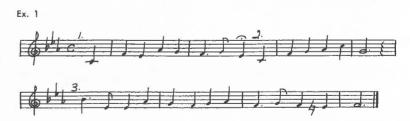
Herbert Westerby's summarization provides a unique conclusion to the discussion of Ad nos by saying that it is a "purely polyphonic work; massiveness and brilliance are the characteristics; and it is not too difficult.'

Liszt's second important work for the organ is the *Prelude and Fugue on B-A-C-H*. The work was finished in 1855, dedicated to Alexander Winterberger, and published in the same year by W. C. deVletter. The second edition and the one commonly used today was published by J. Schubert in 1859. The first performance took place in 1856 in Merseburg in a recital played by Winterberger. It was not until 1871 Winterberger. It was not until 1871 that the piano transcription was made

and first performed.

B-A-C-H has received far more acclaim than has Ad Nos. James Huneker has defined the environment into which this work came as a revelation:

In Germany, the land of seriousness, organ music had acquired a character so heavy and so uniformly contrapuntal that, by the



The first two fragments are developed before the climactic fanfare-like third fragment is introduced and then repeated, first in A-flat and then in E. (Liszt frequently uses enharmonic relationships of a third between adjacent divisions of a work.) There follow many bars of juxtaposition of the first and third parts of the melody, concluded by a statement of the second part, which, without being resolved, goes into the recitative section and second major division.

middle of last century, almost any decently trained Capellmeister could produce a sonata dull enough to be considered first-rate. There were, doubtless, many protests in the shape of unorthodox works which left no mark; but two great influences, which are the earliest we need notice, came in the shape of Liszt's Fantasia on the name of Bach and Julius Reubke's Sonata on the 94th Psalm. Without minute analysis we may say that the former, though not an entirely great work, was at all events something entirely new. It showed the possibility of freedom of form without shapelessness, of fairly good counterpoint without dulness, of the adaptation of piano technic to the organ in a way never before attempted; and the whole work, brilliant and effective, never outraged in the smallest degree the natural dignity of the instrument.

Sacheverell Sitwell considered B-A-C-H "one of the most tremendous things in all contrapuntal music," and of a stature above that of the B Minor Sonata. He believed that not since Beethoven in his highest achievement had there been any classical architecture on such a scale.

Harvey Grace wrote of B-A-C-H:

B-A-C-H is occasionally pianistic in idiom, and it is too diffuse to be regarded as a model fugue. Fortunately, however, it possesses qualities which model fugues too often lack — real emotional significance. So much dull music has been written round the letters of old Bach's name that we are all the more grateful for these pages of Liszt, with their vivid contrasts of melancholy and brilliance.

Throughout the work the tonality shifts so frequently that it is impossible to venture a guess as to the key. Humphrey Searle in his book *The Music of Liszt* suggests that Liszt's use of chromaticism based on the diminished-seventh had its origin in Bach's use of chromatic harmonies in the chorale harmonizations and in the chorale preludes. Bach's sense of tonality was always preserved; but with Liszt there was a beginning of the sliding chromaticism which weakened the tonal sytem at the end of the 19th centural system at the end of the 19th centures the street whether the street when the street was the street when the street was the street when the street was the street was supported to the street w tury to the extent that tonal analysis was hardly any longer possible.

was hardly any longer possible.

Searle goes on to say that such composers as Reger, preceded by Liszt, paved the way for the atonal school of composition led by Schönberg and his disciples. As early as the 1830's Liszt had considered the idea of a possible ordre omnitonique which could eventually supersede normal tonality; the manuscript of a Prelude Omnitonique by Liszt was shown at a London exhibition in 1904, but, unfortunately, its present whereabouts are unknown. whereabouts are unknown.

A student of Liszt, Arthur Friedheim, recalled having seen a manuscript en-titled Sketches for a Harmony of the Fulure. The content of this manuscript prompted Friedheim to comment: "This will make you responsible for a lot of nonsense which is bound to be written someday." Liszt seriously replied: "That may be; I have not published it because the time for it is not yet ripe."

As a result of the above knowledge research, and analysis, Searle is so bold as to suggest that the *Prelude and Fugue on B-A-C-H* may be considered a direct link between Bach and Schön-

B-A-C-H states the theme several B-A-C-H states the theme several times in the opening pedal notes, over which is a series of ascending chords in the manuals. This initial ascending idea is implemented throughout the work wherever the subject is repeated in immediate succession. There is no real episode, since some part of the brief subject is present in nearly every bar.

subject is present in nearly every bar.

As in Ad nos, there are extreme changes of tempi and dynamics within a span of only a few bars. It should be remembered that Liszt provided no registration suggestions; he did, however, for both color and dynamics, indicate manual changes in his manuscripts by the use of numbers and/or names of manuals. However, even this

practice was not consistent, for occasionally only dynamics were provided.

B-A-G-H contains a great number of pianistic octave passages in both manuals and pedal.

(See Ex. 2)

Although they are to be found also in Although they are to be found also in Ad nos, they are far more numerous in B-A-C-H, a curious occurrence when one considers that this work was originally intended for the organ and later, in a transcription, for the pianoforte, while Ad nos was possibly originally for pedalflügel and later for organ.*

organ.*

The Variations on the basso continuo of the Bach cantata Weinen, Klagen, Angst, und Not are generally regarded as being of a lesser stature than the two preceding works. The complete title reads

Variationen
über den
Basso continuo des risten Satzes der Cantate:
"Weinen, Klagen, Sorgen, Zagen sind des
Christen Thränenbrod" und des Cirucifixus der
H-Moll-Messe von Sebastian Bach

The Variations were dedicated to Liszt's pupil Gottschlag (1827-1907), who was the chief organist at Weimar. They were finished in 1863 and published in 1865 by W. Körner.

A discrepancy in the title of this work

in various editions goes back to Liszt himself, who evidently was confused as to the exact title of the Bach cantata. His title as listed above is an incorrect attempt to imitate the Bach cantata Weinen, Klagen, Angst, und Not. Certain careless editors through the years have simply appended the correct title to the incorrect one, implying that the

to the incorrect one, implying that the title is Weinen, Klagen, Sorgen, Zagen, Angst, und Not...

An analysis of the basso continuo part reveals that Liszt in no way restricted it to the bass or pedal part (s); it is found in every voice in a variety of different rhythms.

Although these Variations were writon B-A-C-H, they do not show as strongly the "new music" which Liszt expressed in B-A-C-H. One has an awareness through either a visual or an awareness through either the work is in the awarless though ether a visual or an aural analysis that the work is in the key of F minor. Despite the number of disminished-seventh chords, there are usually implications that the tonic of F minor is not distant.

Much of this work is restricted to dis-

This idea was expressed by George Barnard Shaw who said: "He (Liszt) was rich in every quality of a great composer except musical fertility."

After numerous variations the piece swells to an incredible and climactic chord which is resolved through a recitative-like line in a simple, complete statement of the chorale "Was Gott tut, das ist wohlgetan" in F ma-jor, again in imitation of the Bach

*The pedalflügel was a short-lived instrument similar to a pedal piano and one which Liszt is known to have ordered and received in 1850, a year previous to his letter to Härtel regarding Ad nos.



cantata. The chorale is briefly extended and elaborated upon, bringing the Variations to a Maestoso and eventually

Variations to a Maestoso and eventually Grave conclusion — fortississimo.

The remaining organ works are much lesser known and are certainly less impressive. In his edition of Liszt's organ works Ferenc Gergely comments: "(These works) may be less imposing from a technical point of view, but are — regarding contents — the more heartfelt and poetic." In a review published in April, 1949, in The DIAPASON, William Lester notes that the shorter works are in a "more lyrical mood" and are "of unusual beauty and value."

The Evocation a la Chapelle Sixtine

The Evocation a la Chapelle Sixtine The Evocation a la Chapette Sixthe is built on Allegri's Miserere and Mozart's Ave Verum. It was written in 1862 and published in Körner's Orgel-kompositionen in 1865, with a dedication to Gottschlag. The piece has definite orchestral overtones as seen in the following passage.

(See Ex. 4)

The tonal centers progress from the opening augmented B-flat chord in the lowest octave of the keyboard through G minor, B major (third relationship), G minor, F-sharp major, and G major. An interesting contrast is made with the opening register by the final 16 bars played an octave higher than written, concluding thus:

(See Ex. 5)

(See Ex. 5)

Messe für die Orgel is thought to have been written for Liszt's own meditation in his monastery cell, and was perhaps not intended for public worship; the title reads "zum gottesdienstlichen Gebrauch beim Lesen der stillen Messe." It is a legitimate mass in that it has the six parts of the Ordinary, plus a Gradwale and an Offertorium, both of which are notated "ad libitum". It was published in 1880 by Manganelli. by Manganelli.

The Kyrie is nine-fold, with each of

the three groups of three short phrases being constructed of basically the same thematic material. After the presentathematic material. After the presenta-tion of the material, a sevenpulse rest divides the body of the Kyrie from the seemingly unrelated conclusion which takes the form of sustained A major, minor 6-4, and B-flat major chords.

(See Ex. 6)

The Gloria is an ABA form with the A section characterized by a melody supported by a rocking bass. The B section, the slower Agnus Dei, is basically a solo line, which returns to the A section with no transitional ma-

The Graduale is built on a chromatic ascending major second stated many

times within a framework of quiet times within a framework of quiet dynamics and slow motion. The registers of the various fragments of the piece ascend and return to the approximate position of the opening chord. Only three voices are involved, creating a striking contrast with many of the other Liszt organ works, although it must be said that the entire Mass is representative of a diversion from the style of the three major works and even style of the three major works and even the Evocation, as regards style, chord spacing, dynamics, tempi, complexity.

The Credo is built on what appears

The Credo is built on what appears to be a Gregorian theme expressed almost exclusively in octaves, both in the manuals and in the manuals and pedal. The piece grows to a tremendous climax on the word "Judicare" which is dramatically followed by a sustained disciplination of the control of pianissimo descending a semi-tone on the phrase "vivos et mortuos." The opening material is again stated, clos-ing with a typically Lisztian largo fortississimo.

The Offertorium (ad libitum) is one offertorium (ad libitum) is composed of two very brief musical themes, borrowed from Liszt's own "Ave Maria" for mixed choir. It is unique in that it lies entirely in the treble register with dynamics which never exceed a small crescendo from prignissing. pianissimo.

pianissimo.

The Sanctus begins with a series of sustained chords, leading into a group of sequences, first antiphonally (single lines) and later in octaves. The tonality shifts from D-flat major to A major, and then through an F minor chord back to D-flat in a series of prolonged chords. (Note again the enharmonic third relationships) tionships.)

The nearest approach to melody, as opposed to motif, is arrived at in the Benedictus, but it is short lived when the return to the Sanctus is made, summarizing the Sanctus melodically summarizing the and harmonically.

and harmonically.

The Mass closes with the Agnus Dei which states the three phrases quickly, the first two being identical. Immediately after the third, which is the Agnus Dei of the Gloria, the first three statements of the Kyrie are again presented, followed by six sustained chords which end the Mass in the unexpected key of Reflet.

which end the Mass in the unexpected key of B-flat.

Very similar to the style of the Mass is the Requiem zum gottesdienstlichen Gebrauch. It contains all the Requiem elements with the exception of a Kyrie. However, it appears that the Kyrie is incorporated into the Introit without a process title. specific title. After two statements of the initial thematic material, a new motif is introduced and repeated twice, suggesting that this may be the Kyrie. A confirmation of this is found in the Agnus Dei where Liszt repeats the Kyrie material in the same way he did in the Mass (as was the practice in the earliest forms of the Mass). The style of the Requiem is so similar to that of the Mass that further discussion is not worthwhile.

worthwhile.

Ora pro nobis (Litanei für Harmonium oder Orgel) is built on motifs brought from Jerusalem by Princess Catharina Hohenzollern. The dedication is to Cardinal Hohenlohe, with whom Liszt visited at the Villa d'Este during his stay in Rome. The work is concentrated on a single melody which is trated on a single melody, which is always played through and never





fragmented. The pedal has a very minor role in this work, being included in only 12 bars, and then simply doubling the left hand. The mood is that of a litany with the primary tempo marking Mollo lento e pietoso, and with the dynamics seldom above pianissimo.

pianissimo.

Among the more interesting of the small works is the Ave Maria von Arcadelt, composed in 1862 and published in 1865 by Körner. Liszt suggests at the beginning "wie fernes Glockengeläute" (like the peal of distant bells) and has written the bell part over the melody in a standard manner.

edited by George Grove, makes no mention of the organ works in the article itself, which was written during Liszt's lifetime by Francis Hueffer. The catalogue entries for organ are:

- 1. Andante religioso
- 2. Divina Commedia 3. Ora pro nobis
- 4. Fantasie und Fugue on the Chorale in "Le Prophète"
- 5. Lasso's Regina coeli
 6. Ich hatte viel Bekümmernis
- 8. Kirchliche Fest Ouverture on "Ein' feste Burg"

9. "Der Gnade Heil" - Tannhäuser

de First first

The writing is much more homo works, especially in the center section where the melody is presented in an almost chorale-like style. The final section lies in the upper register ex-clusively, this time with the bell motif

beneath the mclody.

The Zwei Kirchenhymnen are based The Zwei Kirchenhymnen are based on the two Marian antiphons "Salve Regina" and "Ave maris stella." The former has appended to the title "nach dem gregorianischen Kirchengesang;" the cantus is one of the two settings of this antiphon as found in the Liber Usualis. Liszt goes through the entire text of the antiphon with no repetition. The melody is in each of the four voices at one time or another, but remains in the same register (with but one exception), so that one person or one solo instrument could sing or play one exception), so that one person or one solo instrument could sing or play it. This piece is in the Dorian mode with relatively few chromatic alterations. The accompanying voices provide little counterpoint and only incidental harmonic support or interest. The pedal is again of note, in that it is used in only 11 bars and then as a doubling of the left hand.

The second of the Kirchenhymnen

doubling of the left hand.

The second of the Kirchenhymnen makes no mention of having any connection with Gregorian chant, but it does go through the entire "Ave maris stella" text. The singsong rhythm, the decidedly poor melody, and the occasionally inane accompaniment collectively epitomize Shaw's criticism of Liszt's musical infertility.

Liszt's pre-occupation with death manifested itself in his transcriptions of the Trois Odes Funebrés for organ. These pieces were completed in 1860 and dedicated to his daughter Cosima, later the wife of Hans von Bülow, and eventually of Richard Wagner. Liszt requested that his organ transcription of "La Notte" be played at his funeral, and that Lampanais "Les Morre" her "La Notte" be played at his funeral, and that Lamennais' "Les Morts" be read (the poem upon which the first ode was composed).

The organ transcription of "La Notte" is known as *Trauerode*, and is usually found together with another work entitled *Introitus* under the main

work entitled Introitus under the main title of Zwei Vortragsstücke.

It seems reasonable to assume that because the Trauerode was originally conceived and written for the orchestra it is more interesting and exciting than are the works which were originally intended for organ. This piece does not in any way show special knowledge of the organ, but it is musically superior to the other small works. Harmonic invention, almost totally absent in most of the small pieces, is present here in of the small pieces, is present here in abundance.

Liszt transcribed for organ many of his own works as well as works of other composers. The remaining original organ works and the transcriptions are not sufficiently different from those discussed above to merit any further consideration. consideration.

The gradual acceptance of the Liszt organ works as standard literature can traced most clearly through succeeding editions of Grove's Dictionary of Music and Musicians. The first edition,

MAY, 1969

The Weinen, Klagen . . . Variations are listed as being for piano only, but Variations on theme from Bach's B Minor Mass is listed as being "also for organ." (This is incorrect, since the two works are indeed one.) The Prelude and Fugue on B-A-C-H is found under the main heading of piano, but is listed as being arranged for organ.

The second edition, copyrighted 1900 and under the editorship of J. A. Fuller-Maitland, contains a greatly enlarged entry on Liszt, but there is no mention of the organ works; the catalogue entry is unchanged.

Harvey Grace, writing in the third

Harvey Grace, writing in the third edition, 1927, says Liszt would have had more interest had the instruments of the time been more tractable in touch and less imperfect in regard to facilities for registration. Speaking of the music itself he says:

Despite some inevitable lack of consistency in the matter of style, and a tendency to development of a somewhat diffuse character, the outstanding examples of Liszt's organ music are worthy of ranking with the pick of his pianoforte and orchestral music.

A more nearly complete realization of the importance of the organ works appears in the fifth edition (the fourth is unchanged from the third) where Humphrey Searle writes:

He did . . . produce some important works for the organ, of which . . . Ad nos and B-A-C-H are the finest.

He feels that with these pieces the introduction was made of Liszt's then new chromatic technique to the organ literature, which had produced little but academic music since Bach's day. Previous to their advent, the dramatic effects which Liszt used with varying degrees of success had been thought to be wholly outside the sphere of organ music Peter Cornelius concurs as to the importance of Liszt's chromatic contribution in a letter to Liszt: "Ich wüsste nur eine Analogie; Bach im tonalen, Sie im chromatischen Felde."

(I would know only one analogy; Bach in the tonal field, you in the chromatic.)

It is interesting to speculate on the public's initial reaction to Liszt's organ works, for if the responses were as diverse as those toward his other works, much of 19th century organ lore was more colorful than we tend to view it. The following account was written by Mrs. Anne Longfellow Pierce, a sister-in-law of Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, who was a friend of

And such playing — every note in the instrument, flat and sharp, from the highest to the lowest, seemed to be in equal use — now here, now there, and then all together — fingers and sweep — such fingering, his soul seemed to be in their very ends — such hands, they seemed no longer human — but like phantom hands sweeping and doubling over the keys — wafting above them, and dropping as it were showers of music — trills of harmony — shots, shells, and trumpets — and distinct breathings of softest notes — most marvellous — the fine face still pale but aglow with feeling — the body in perfect repast but every inch alive pets — and distinct breathings of softes motes — most marvellous — the fine face still pale but aglow with feeling — the body in perfect repast but every inch alive — don't ask what he played, for I don't know.

Another English account of the contemporary reaction to the piano per-formances is taken from an 1845 edition of The Pictorial Times:

Of the many great planists produced by France, Liszt is perhaps the most extra-ordinary and the most enduring. Many 'stars' France, Liszt is perhaps the most extraordinary and the most enduring. Many 'stars'
have shone brightly for a season, a dimness
has come over them, and they have been
seen no more; but Liszt is formed of a more
luminous and stable material, and he still
remains in all the splendour of former days
. . . For execution on the pianoforte he is
without rival; his force and rapidity of finger
are the most extraordinary on record; but
if his merit had rested on these peculiarities
alone, his fame would have perished long ago.
The mere mechanic may throw dust into the
eyes of the public at starting, but cannot
cause blindness beyond a brief season. To
honestly endure, the mind also must possess
the true elements of greatness; and Liszt, in
addition to perfect mechanism and a
thorough knowledge of the science, has at
control a powerful imagination and an intense energy . . .

We believe Dr. Liszt at the present time to be about thirty-six years of age; his features are not regular, but his look is highly intellectual; his complexion of the pale dark, and his eyes are dark and piercing. His figure is spare and wiry, and his black hair hangs in profusion over his shoulders. Since Paganini appeared in the musical world, long hair has become very fashionable among artistes, as supposed to be one development of a talented brain, and certainly it was a feature in the appearance of that extraordinary violinist the easiest to imitate. ary violinist the easiest to imitate

The Orchestra printed the following quite different commentary in London

I beg respectfully to suggest to Liszt and all 'musicians of the future,' get them carefully packed in air-tight boxes (like those awful preserved peas we are occasionally condemned to eat), and leave in their wills a stringent regulation that no rash hand shall bring them to light until at least 1966. We shall all be dead, then, my friend, and as for our descendants, qu'ils s'arrangent!

Liszt's relation to the organ is summarized by a sentence from Peter Raabe's Liszts Schaffen:

Unterricht im Orgelspiel hat Liszt nie genossen; er hat auch nur selten Gelegenheit gehabt, das Instrument zu spielen. (Liszt never had the opportunity to study organ; he had only a few opportunities to play the instrument.)

The very nature of his organ works seems to indicate that the organ was quite foreign to him. Every account of quite toreign to him. Every account of his organ performances, which were never public in the sense that his pianoforte performances were, speaks only of his improvisation or his playing of the small pieces, which could be rendered adequately by any modestly proficient keyboard performer. The pedal parts in the smaller works for pedal parts in the smaller works, for example, when present at all, are almost exclusively doublings of the lowest voice in the manuals.

The three large works and possibly the Evocation appear to have been written for the organ by a pianist who intended their performance to be by other players. There are no accounts of Liszt's own performance of them; in fact, his own scarce references to them always speak of other performers playing them.

Liszt was familiar with the organ works of Bach because of his transcrip-

tions for the pianoforte, yet he apparently never played these works himself on the organ. There are, likewise, no accounts of his playing the organ works of Franck, which he admired, nor the works of Mendelssohn, Schumann, or Saint-Saëns.

Wallace Brockway and Herbert Weinstock in *Men of Music* provide an insight into the psyche of Liszt which also applies to the organ works:

Of these various categories (Liszt as virtuoso, as lover, as Abbé, as thinker), which, of

course, overlap, one is tempted to ask which expresses the real Liszt. The answer is none — or all. The real Liszt is the expert handler of musical tools, the bold, if often tasteler of musical tools, the bold, if often tasteless and clumsy, experimenter with new forms and combinations of sound. But in the sense that Chopin is Chopin, whether composing a polonaise, a prelude, or a bad concerto, or Mozart is Mozart, whether writing Die Zauberflote, a German dance, or a clarinet quintet, Liszt is never Liszt. He is a series of poses, some of them quite sincere. He grew up the sport of every passing impulse, and swept along on every current of thought: these he never integrated, never resolved. Instead, he followed them all. Thus, instead of being one person, he became a collection of self-delusions, trances, half-conscious impersonations, struck attitudes. He is a circus rider, a Don Juan, an oracle, a priest, a peasant praying at a wayside shrine, an emperor too large for the world, a stage Mephisto. He is never all these things at once (a Beethoven might have been), but only seriatim. Here, possibly, is a clue to the deplorable paltriness, the occasional downright cheapness, of most of his music. In each of these aspects, Liszt had an abiding desire to be a great composer. He was, in fact, obsessed by a conception of greatness in all departments of his life.

These are caustic words, but they do express a rational solution to the prob-lem of explaining the tremendous con-trasts between the fiery, demanding style of the large works and the improvisa-tional, undisciplined style of the small compositions.

SOURCES

Brockway, Wallace and Weinstock, Herbert, Men of Music. New York: Simon and Schuster, 1962.

dePourtalès, Guy, Franz Liszt (L'Homme d'Amour). Translated from the French by Eleanor Stimson Brooks. New York: Henry

d'Indy, Vincent, Cesar Franck. Translated from the French by Rosa Newmarch. London: John Lane The Bodley Head, 1929.

Friedheim, Arthur, Life and Liszt. The Re-collections of a Concert Pianist. Edited by Theodore L. Bullock. New York: Taplinger,

Grove's Dictionary of Music and Musicians, All five editions. New York: Macmillan and St. Martin's Press, 1880, 1900, 1927, 1940,

Grace, Harvey, "Liszt and the Organ," The Musical Times, LVIII (August, 1917), pp. 357-8.

Huneker, James, Franz Liszt. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons, 1911.

ster, William, The Diapason, XL (April,

Raabe, Peter, Liszts Leben. Stuttgart and Berlin: J. G. Cotta, 1931.

Liszts Scaffen. Stuttgart and Berlin: J. G. Ramann, Lina, Franz Liszt, Artist and Man. Translated by Miss E. Cowdery. London: W. H. Allen, 1882. Vol. 1-2.

Searle, Humphrey, The Music of Liszt. London: Williams and Norgate, 1954.

Sitwell, Sacheverell, Liszt. New York: Philosophical Library, 1955.

Slonimsky, Nicolas, Lexicon of Musical Invective. New York: Coleman-Ross, 1953.

Vallas, Leon, Cesar Franck. Translated by Hubert Foss. New York: Oxford University Press. 1951.

Westerby, Herbert, Liszt, Composer, and His Piano Works. London: Reeves, c. 1925.

Waters, Edward, "Liszt and Longfellow," Musical Quarterly, XLI (January, 1955), pp.

MODERN EDITIONS

Négy Orgonamü. Edited by Sebestyén Pécsi. Budapest: Zenemükiadó Vállalat,

Orgonamü. Ferenc Gergely. Budapest: Zenemükiadó Véllalat, 1963.

Orgelkompositionen. Edited by Karl Straube. Frankfurt: C. F. Peters, Vol. 1-2, Neue Ausgabe.

Trois Oeuvres pour Orgue de Franz Liszt. Edited by Marcel Dupré. Paris: Bornemann, 1941.

GREENSBORO COLLEGE - SCHOOL OF MUSIC

Greensboro, North Carolina

B.M. DEGREES IN ORGAN AND CHURCH MUSIC Harold G. Andrews, Jr., Head, Organ Dept.

Member, National Association of Schools of Music

Guilmant Organ School

Founded 1899, by Dr. William C. Carl

DR. GEORGE MARKEY, F. A. G. O., DIRECTOR

205 West End Ave. New York, New York 10023 212-874-1771

NOW AVAILABLE...

Highly polished copper pipes manufactured in our plant by our own Craftsmen. Copper makes beautiful FRONT or DISPLAY pipes, excellent REEDS and unusual pipes instead of zincs. The cost will surprise you.... for further information send your inquiries to:

DURST & CO., INC.

P. O. BOX 1165D • ERIE, PENNA. 16512

"THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE ORGAN SUPPLY HOUSE IN NORTH AMERICA"

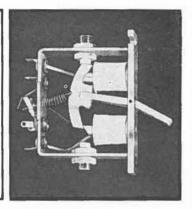
STOP ACTION MAGNET

Engineered for long term reliability, featuring precious metal plated contacts and heavily nickel plated parts for superior corrosion resistance. Available in a variety of tablet angles and coil resistances. May be used for direct field service replacement or in new construction.

For more detailed information write:

peterson

ELECTRO-MUSICAL PRODUCTS, Dept. 11, Worth, III. 60482



G. F. ADAMS

Organ Builders, Inc.

204 West Houston Street
New York, New York 10014

Telephone ORegon 5-6160

HANSEN ORGANS

Constructors & Rebuilders of QUALITY PIPE ORGANS

QUINCY, ILLINOIS 62301

E. H. HOLLOWAY CORPORATION

PIPE ORGANS
CUSTOM REBUILDING

New Organs — Service

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

Tel. CL 5-4409

P. O. Box 20254

AIKIN ASSOCIATES

BOX 144 CLOSTER, N. J.

(201) 768-7231

Tuning - Maintenance - Rebuilding

PIANO TUNING

Learn Piano tuning and repair with easy to follow home study course. Wide open field with good earnings. Makes excellent "extra" job. Write

American School of Piano Tuning
Dept. D, Box 707 Gilroy, Calif.

LOUIS F. MOHR & COMPANY ORGAN MAINTENANCE

2899 Valentine Ave. New York 58, N. Y.

Telephone: SEdgwick 3-5628

Emergency Service Yearly Contracts Harps — Chimes — Blowers Expert Overhauling

"An Organ Properly Maintained Means Better Music"

BURTON SOLID STATE SYSTEMS

for
Pipe Organs
Manual-Pedal relays, stop actions.
write

3045 3rd Ave., Marion, Iowa. 52302 U.S. Pat. 3379085

STEINER ORGANS, INC.

1138 Garvin Place Louisville, Kentucky 40203 Tracker • Direct Electric

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

POSITION WANTED

POSITIONS WANTED — FULL-TIME church position as organist-choirmaster in Virginia, D.C., Maryland, Delaware, or North Carolina. Single man, 36, experienced in both liturgical and non-liturgical traditions. Recitalist, singer, lecturer, teacher, Master of Sacred Music, seminary training. Address E-6, THE DIAPASON.

POSITION WANTED — AS ORGANIST-choir director in area with opportunity for teaching organ and piano. Qualifications: Bachelor of Music, Valparaiso University, major in church music; church organist three summers. Rhoda Moelter, 357 Greenwich, #1, Valparaiso, Incl. 46383.

POSITION WANTED — ORGANIST-Choirmaster, MA, FAGO, nationally known composer, familiar with liturgy, member Bishop's Advisory Commission, desires change to West Coast, preferably California, by August or September. Address C-8, The DIAPASON.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED — ORGANIST-CHOIR DIRECtor. First Presbyterian Church, 11-17 Washington St., Cumberland, Md. Church membership 850, one worship service, 3-manual Möller pipe organ, 4 choirs (1 adult, 3 youth). Terching privately permitted. Position now open. Reply to: Chairman, Music Committee, First Presbyterian Church, 11-17 Washington St., Cumberland, Md. 21502.

WANTED — PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Southern California beach community seeking organist-choirmaster, multiple choirs, teaching privileges. New two-manual, 21-rank pipe organ. Position now open. Send resumé and salary requirements to: First Presbyterian Church, 2001 El Camino Real, Oceanside, Calif. 92054.

WANTED — ORGANIST-CHOIRMASTER for four junior choirs and one senior choir. 4 manual 50-rank Aust'n rebuilt; possible opportunity for combination musical assignment with Junior College. Applicant must be married; small city near Chicago; position now open. Address E-3, The Diapason.

WANTED — ORGANIST-CHOIR DIRECtor, 4-manual organ and carillon. Teaching privileges for voice, piano and organ excellent. Experience and references needed. Send resume to Music Comm., First Baptist Church, 301 West Embargo St., Rome, N.Y. 13440.

WANTED — ORGAN AND PIANO KEYS to recover with finest ivorine & moulded sharps; factory direct; for cost & shipping instructions write: Key Repair Dept., Box 145-D, Ridgeville Crs., Ohio 43555.

WANTED — 3-MANUAL WURLITZER Console, Model 260, or what have you. Write: E. J. Lippert, Jr., W. 105 22nd Ave., Spokane, Wash. 99203. 504/TE 8-1827.

WANTED — MUSIC ROLLS FOR AUStin, Welte, Skinner, Acolian, Duo-Art and Estey pipe organ players, J. V. Macartney, 406 Haverford Ave., Narberth, Pa. 19072.

WANTED — SINGLE COPIES OF PETERS Editions 3331 (Vol. 2 Brch) and number 3455 (Preludes & Fugues by Reger). Both edited by Karl Straube. Address E-7, The Diapason.

WANTED — WURLITZER ONE, TWO, and three ranks chests. State ranks they held. Joseph P. Sammut, 432 Chestnut Ave., San Bruno, Cal. 94066.

WANTED — RELAY PLUS SWITCHstack for 10 to 17 ranks. Prefer Wurlitzer, Joe Spurr, 8229 West 45th St., Lyons, Ill. 60534. 312/447-8390.

WANTED — AMPICO REPRODUCING piano and music rolls for same. Write: Ellsworth O. Johnson, W. 611 First Ave., Spokane, Wash. 99204.

WANTED — ORGAN CONSULTANT desired by Northern New Jersey Church planning purchase of pipe organ. Address E-4, The Diapason.

WANTED — AEOLIAN DUO-ART PIPE organ rolls 151/4" wide. Barden and Clark, 22 Rutland Square, Boston, Mass. 02118.

WANTED — 3-MANUAL HORSESHOE console. William Pilgermayer, 308 Harrison Ave., Glenside, Pa. 19038.

WANTED — WELTE OR DUO-ART player organ and rolls. T. Grattelo, 2614 Central, Alameda, Cal. 94501.

WANTED — 3-MANUAL 10 TO 15-RANK relay. Paul McGilvery, 6438 West 28th St., Berwyn, III. 312/788-5790.

WANTED — HANDBELLS; COMPLETE set with cases. E. Loewen, Box 373, N. Newton, Kan. 67117.

MISCELLANEOUS

"THE HARPSICHORD," INTERNATIONal quarterly for lovers of early keyboard instruments and music. Articles, interviews, photographs and illustration by today's foremost artists. Comprehensive dissertations on buying, building, tuning, playing and maintaining harpsichords, clavichords, etc. Interesting and authoritative history of the entire baroque era. Full-page photographs and descriptions of early as well as contemporary instruments. Provocative columns. Rare letters, \$8 per annum. "The Harpsichord," Box 9287-D, Denver, Colo. 80209.

ORGAN OWNERS, BUILDERS & TECHnicians: We sell new and used consoles, electronic kits, manuals, pedals, speakers, reverbs and percussions. Buy direct and save. Write for catalog. Newport Organs, 300 W. Coast Highway, Suite D, Newport Beach, Cal. 92660.

THE NEW 7-OCTAVE PETERSON CHROmatic Tuner, model 300 is now available from stock. Continuously variable Vernier control allows you to compensate for temperature or tune celeste ranks with ease. For more details: Peterson Electro-Musical Products, Dept. 31, Worth, Ill. 60482.

HARPSICHORDS, CLAVICHORDS—Magnificent tone and handsome appearance at reasonable cost. Maurice de Angeli, Box 190, R.D. #1, Pennsburg, Pa. 18073.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE — WURLITZER TUNED sleighbells \$185; glockenspiel \$150; chime action \$65; odd trumpet, tuba, oboe pipes \$1-\$10; Morton tibia 8' 4' 2' with matching chests \$300; Morton toy counter, drum, snare, xylophone, sold complete with Spencer vacuum blower \$325; Tom Fusto, 775 Roosevelt St., Franklin Square, N.Y. 516/483-1680.

FOR SALE — AEOLIAN RESIDENCE organ, 2-manual and pedal, 13 ranks plus 4-rank Echo, roll player, excellent library of rolls. Spencer blower, Orgelectra rectifier. \$2,500. Fred C. Weickhardt & Son, 2457 N. 27th St., Milwaukee, Wis. 53210.

FOR SALE — ALLEN MODEL B-3, COMpletely rebuilt by factory and in excellent condition, \$2,250. Also another Allen B-3 in good playing condition, \$1,150. Call or write H. F. Forbes, P.O. Box 627, Montgomery, Ala. 36101. 205/263-0506.

FOR SALE — 2-MANUAL, 23-RANK, 28 stop E. & G. G. Hook Organ. Rebuilt and electrified by Hall in 1939. In playing order. Buyer must remove last half June. Best offer over \$1,000. The First Congregational Church, Branford, Conn. 06405.

FOR SALE — HARPSICHORD, ZUCKERmann, newly built by our craftsmen, 8' & 4' & lute stops. Cherry finish, \$900. White Organ Co., 1300 W. Ottawa, Lansing, Mich. 48915.

FOR SALE — 2-MANUAL AND PEDAL tracker action pipe organs: 7-rank, Haskell, \$1,500; and 19-rank tonally revised Box 323, Schwenksville, Pa. 19473.

FOR SALE — WURLITZER KINURA, 61 pipes, very nice condition; also other Wurlitzer and church organ stuff. Bernard Blum, 5223 Jefferson St., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE — SCHOBER CONSOLETTE II organ. Needs minor adjustments. Newly assembled. Without speaker and amplifier, \$700. Don Trachte, Arlington, Vt. 05250.

FOR SALE — ESTEY REED ORGAN, 2-manual 32-note pedal. Very good condition, \$300. Douglas Hubbard, 7406 Rosemead, Pico Rivera, Cal. 213/948-1209.

FOR SALE —ABBOTT & SIEKER 3-RANK baroque organ, 4 years old, like new. \$6,000. Miles, 4637 Via Caretas, Santa Barbara, Cal. 93105. 805/967-1922.

FOR SALE — 2-MANUAL ELECTROpneumatic Pilcher organ, 17 sets. Built 1924; \$1,000. May be played. Available now. P.O. 2598, Lakeland, Fla. 33803.

FOR SALE — HARPSICHORDS, CLAVIchords by Neupert, world's finest, oldest maker. Catalogs on request. Magnamusic, Sharon. Conn.

FOR SALE — 4-MANUAL DRAWKNOB Möller console. Tellers Organ Co., 2419 Holland St., Erie, Pa. 16512.

FOR SALE — USED CLASSIC PIPES: R. L. Degner, 111 Park Lane, Mankato, Minn. 56001.

FOR SALE — USED PIPES AND ORGAN gear. Write Box 2061, Knoxville, Tn. 37901.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Classified advertising rates: per word, \$.20; minimum charge, \$2.50; box number, additional \$1.00. Replies to box numbers should be sent c/o The Diapason, 434 \$.

Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill. 60605

FOR SALE

FOR SALE — 1942 AEOLIAN-SKINNER (Harrison) pipework, 16' contra geigen, 8' principal, 4' octave, 2'4' quint, 2' s.octave, 1V mixture, IV cymbale, 16' c. dulciana, 8' viola, 8' concertflute, 8' dulciana, 8' undamaris, 4' flute couverte, 2'3' nazard, 2' blockflute, 8' diapason, 16' l. gedeckt, 8' viole d'gamba, 8' echo salicional, 8' voix celeste, 8' ccho celeste, 4' principal, 4' harmonic flute, 2' fifteenth, VI plein jeu, 8' orchestral flute, 8' gamba, 8' gamba celeste, 8' clarinet, 16' fagotto, 8' trompette, 8' oboc, 8' vox humana, 4' clarion, 8' tuba, 4' clairon. Pedal stops: 32' open wood. (12 notes), 16' open wood, 16' violone, 16' bourdon, 8' principal, 8' flute ouverte, 5'/3' quint, 4' octave, 4' nachthorn, III mixture, 16' bombarde (56 notes). Robert M. Turner, Van Dyke Rd., Hopewell, N.J. 08525.

FOR SALE — 2-MANUAL AND PEDAL Möller, 1926, 12 ranks, some releathering done, new blower and rectifier. Organ may be heard and played. For more information contact Church Office, Jerusalem Lutheran Church, 4605 Belair Rd., Baltimore, Md. 21206. 301/485-5750.

FOR SALE — 26-RANK, 3-MANUAL Pels, now in service; 3 blowers, Maas-Rowe vibrachimes, stop tabs, electropneumatic. Ideal for smaller church. \$5,000 and you move by late summer. Contact Minister of Music, 5519 State Park, Shawnee Mission, Kans. 66205.

FOR SALE — AUSTIN ORGAN, 8 ranks, 2-manual console, new pipework, 1958, under Hugh Porter. Excellent condition; ideal for small church or studio practice organ. Installation available. Contact First Baptist Church, 170 Elm St., Westfield, N.J. 07090.

FOR SALE - 3-MANUAL CHURCH ORgan, new electronic, immediate delivery, 64 equivalent straight ranks, must be removed from Holy Redeemer College, Windsor, Ont., Canada. Bargain. Address E-2, The DIAPASON.

FOR SALE — FULLY RESTORED ESTEY pipe organ, 15-rank electropneumatic, all Haskell basses; 2-manual and pedalboard. R. D. Andrae, Edgewater Estate, Washington, Mo. 2000, 214 JPE 0.7272 63090, 314/BE 9-7373.

FOR SALE — 5 HP ORGOBLO, 13" static, with factory built add-a-phase power converter; all in perfect condition. \$350. Write: John R. Near, Principia College, Elsah, Ill. 62028.

FOR SALE — 2-MANUAL KILGEN, 17 rank, built 1948; complete specification available. Good condition. Contact St. Paul's Lutheran Church, Leavenworth, Kans. 66048.

FOR SALE — PIPE ORGAN, 3-MANUAL, 25-rank, rebuilt 1950. Capture action. Rodgers Organ Sales of Detroit, 3211 S. Telegraph Rd., Dearborn, Mich. 48124. Phone 278-6190.

FOR SALE — ALLEN ELECTRONIC harpsichord model E; excellent condition; sacrifice; \$695. Delbert Cox, 7200 Woodlawn Ave., N.E. Seattle, Wash. 98115.

FOR SALE — 15-RANK, 2-MANUAL Möller, electropneumatic, 1926, rebuilt. Laurel Methodist Church, 631 S. Grand, Springfield, III. 62704.

FOR SALE

THE GREAT WANDA LANDOWSKA had many good reasons to choose a metal frame harpsichord as her lifetime instrument. Such instruments, for a long time the privilege of the Few Great, are now available at reasonable prices. Sabathil harpsichords unite authentic, beautiful sound with modern reliability. S. Sabathil & Sons, Ltd., 6430 Larch St., Vancouver 13, B.C., Canada.

ORGAN GEAR: CONSOLE, FOR SALE — ORGAN GEAR: CONSOLE, 3-manual horseshoe all electric Wicks with combination action, excellent condition, \$495; Wicks relay 61-note, 11 switches, excellent, \$95; Kinetic blower, excellent 1 HP single phase, \$95; Hillgreen-Lane console and Estey console, 2-manual, fair, \$95 each. White Organ Co., 1300 W. Ottawa, Lansing, Mich. 48915. FOR SALE -

FOR SALE — AEOLIAN ORGAN. 2-manual, 11 manual ranks, 73 pipes each, mitred for 8' ceiling; 44 pedal bourdons. Complete with remote coupler and combination action, shutters, engine, Orgoblo and generator. Console cut to modern design. Full price \$595. Room needed. Ron. Padgett, 9 Appleby Court, Islington, Toronto, Canada.

FOR SALE — HARPSICHORD KIT TO build full size replica of French 18th century harpsichord, 2 x 8', 1 x 4', FF-G'''. Designed and made by Frank Hubbard. Single manual \$595, double manual \$795. For brochure write Frank Hubbard, 185a Lyman St., Waltham, Mass. 02154.

HARPSICHORD - SAME AS OWNED BY Philadelphia Orchestra and RCA Victor. In kit form for home workshop assembly \$150.

Also clavichord kit, \$100. Free brochure. Write: Zuckermann Harpsichords, Dept. D, 115 Christopher St., New York City, 10014.

FOR SALE — SEVERAL FINE REED organs and melodeons. Expertly reconditioned; reeds revoiced and tuned; also replacements. The Little Organ Shop, C. H. Gunzinger, Box 276, Williamsville, Vt. 05362.

FOR SALE — SEVERAL GOOD USED ranks, 3" to 5" WP. Orgoblo 5 HP, other parts. Very Reasonable. Will crate. Ron. Padgett, 9 Appleby Court, Islington, Toronto, Ont., Canada.

FOR SALE — 1 RANK 16' SUB BASS, 1 rank 16' bourdon, 3" wind pressure. 1 8-rank and 1 9-rank tracker chest. From 1905 Barkoff organ. E. Loewen, Box 373, N. Newton, Kan. 67117.

NEW DIRECT ELECTRIC FOR SALE valve actions made by Hokesbergen of Holland. Pallet sizes: ¾" @ 85¢, 1 3/16" @ 90¢, 1¾" @ 95¢. Address E-5, The Diapason.

FOR SALE — HARPSICHORD, SABATHIL Concerto II, 2 manuals, 5 pedals, 16' 8', 8' 4'. Two hand lute stops. E. F. Rogers, 2402 Genesce St., Utica, N.Y. 13502.

FOR SALE — 2M/10R PRACTICE ORgan, some pipes dented, needs switchstack, make offer. E. K. Taggart, R. 1, Box 645, Grass Valley, Cal. 95945.

FOR SALE — 2-M HORSESHOE CONsole with 6-rank relay. Excellent. \$750. Jim Hahn, 241 E. 149th St., Harvey, Ill. 60426.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE — 3-MANUAL CONSOLE, pprox. 70 Reisner D.E. tabs, for 27 ranks: FOR SALE — 3-MANUAL CONSOLE, approx. 70 Reisner D.E. tabs, for 27 ranks: \$175. 3-manual Wangerin for 18 ranks: \$300. 16' wooden pedal violone, 5" wind, with chests: \$300. 2 HP 3 phase 12" wind Spencer: \$75. 3 HP 3 phase 10" wind Simplex: \$75. 3 HP 1 phase 8" wind Zephyer, almost new: \$200. 16' open diapason, low 12 wood, with chests: \$300. Tons of other gear, write your needs. B. F. Comstock, 1010 New York Ave., Manitowoc, Wie 54200 Wis. 54220.

FOR SALE -- 28 RANKS OF PILCHER FOR SALE — 28 RANKS OF PILCHER pipes, with chests (Solo and Great recently releathered); 7½ and 1½ HP Spencer Orgoblos; two nearly new 8-point expression engines. Available in June. Church will remove. Inspection invited. Contact Herbert S. Archer, First Presbyterian Church, 1328 Peachtree St., N.E., Atlanta, Ga. 30309.

FOR SALE — WICKS PIPE ORGAN, two-manual, full pedal, draw knob console, 1953, 5½ ranks, voiced for church seating up to 400. Compact chamber. \$5,000. Write or call Christ Church — Lutheran, 3901 E. Indian School Road, Phoenix, Ariz. 85018. 602-955-4830.

FOR SALE — 9-RANK AUSTIN, 1920 rebuild. Top condition; straight with some duplexing. Two 16's in pedal and a 10th rank 16' pedal available but not connected. Purchaser to remove. \$3,000 or make offer. R. Greenbrook, 3091 Greentree Way, San Jose, Cal. 95128. Cal 95128

FOR SALE -BRAND NEW 3-MANUAL Reisner console, 143 stops, complete couplers, remote capture combination action, main cable, and bench. Never connected and never used. \$1500. David Junchen, Sherrard, Ill. 61281. 309/593-8161.

FOR SALE — EXCELLENT CONDITION; 2-manual Wicks console; two 3-rank unit chests; relay; chimes; two blowers; two swell frames with shades and engines. P.O. Box 22128, Dallas, Tex. 75222.

FOR SALE — 8-RANK, 2-MANUAL 1926 Möller pipe organ. To be removed mid-June. Best offer. Contact Mrs. Isabelle H. Mauterer, 215 Woodrow St., Columbia, S.C. 29205. 803/252-1290.

FOR SALE — NEUPERT AND SABATHIL harpsichords. Several models available from our showroom. Contact J. W. Allen, 500 Glenway Ave., Bristol, Va. 24201. 703/669-

MORTON DIAPHONE FOR SALE FOR SALE — MORTON DIAPHONE mitered wood with chest; pick up only, \$400 Kimball vox humana, \$50. Wm. D. Kaltrider 121 S. Washington, Owasso, Mich. 48867.

FOR SALE — 16-RANK MÖLLER PIPE organ in very good condition. For more information write First Baptist Church, 901 East Lake, Ft. Collins, Colo. 80521.

FOR SALE - 3-MANUAL PILCHER, REbuilt and enlarged, well-balanced specification, excellent condition. Write Organ Service, Box 2061, Knoxville, Tn. 37901.

FOR SALE - SMALL K. KAWAI GRAND #500. Ebony, two months old. \$1,750. Address D-5, The Diapason.

FOR SALE

2-MANUAL CONSOLE FOR SALE FOR SALE — 2-MANUAL CONSOLE with stop rail for two manuals and pedal. 65 stops on rail including couplers. Pedalboard and bench included, \$750. Without manuals and stops, \$250. Klann toe studs \$2.25 each; Klann swell pedals, \$7.00 each; Klann crescendo pedals, \$5.00 each. Shipping extra. Century Pipe Organ Co., 15 E. Park Blvd., Villa Park, Ill. 60181. 312/832-8239.

FOR SALE — BALDWIN MODEL 6, LIKE new, with celestes, chiff, chimes, couplers, two special tone cabinets; 2-manual, 32-note pedal, AGO. Full, independent tonal complement in all divisions. Excellent terms, take over payments or balance owing, \$5800 FOB. Private party. Write Organ, 284 N.E. 17th St., Hillsboro, Ore. 97123 or call 503/648-2856.

FOR SALE - CONSOLE MIRRORS FOR SALE — CONSOLE MIRRORS — suitable for organ console or piano. Solid hardwood construction. Lacquer finished. Fully adjustable. Felted base. Size 14" x 5" x 5½" high. Please specify wood finish desired. Full money-back guarantee. Shipped prepaid. \$19.95. S. G. Bullions & Co., 211 York Ave., West Pittston, Pa. 18643.

FOR SALE - ONE USED KLANN CON-FOR SALE — ONE USED KLANN COnsole with 13 couplers, new stop keyboard consisting of 40 type N stop keys, 13 combination pistons; pedalboard installed 1961. One Hillgreen-Lane console; two and three phase blowers, several sizes. R. O. Rowe Organ Co., 525 Woolsey, Dallas, Tex. 75224.

FOR SALE KINETIC BLOWER, 4" FOR SALE — KINETIC BLOWER, 4" @ 675 CFM, 110/220 single phase; 34 HP with 10 VDC direct drive generator, good condition, \$70 or best offer, plus crating, FOB Walter Draughon, 3 W. Braman Ct., Ft. Myers, Fla. 33901.

FOR SALE — 2-MANUAL, 13-RANK Möller tracker; fair condition; make offer; can be played at The United Lutheran of Annville, Annville, Pa. 17003. Write Rev. Earl Zellers, in care of the church.

FOR SALE — FULLY RESTORED ANtique Kilgen tracker pipe organ, 7-rank, 1 manual and pedalboard. R. D. Andrae, Edgewater Estate, Washington, Mo. 63090. 314/BE 9-7373.

FOR SALE — 26-RANK PILCHER 2-manual organ available after June 15, 1969. Console, chests, pipes, blower, etc. Don Klay, Trinity Church, Market & West, Lima, Ohio

FOR SALE — EVERETT ORGATRON, 2 full manuals and full pedals, needs some repair, best offer. G. Cierpilowski, 9200 Hartwell, Detroit, Mich. 834-0747.

FOR SALE — KINETIC BLOWER, 2 HP 10" pressure; 110 or 220 volts, single phase, \$100. Jim Lauck, 1767 Commonwealth Ave., Benton Harbor, Mich. 49022.

FOR SALE — ESTEY ELECTRIFIED reed organ, two manuals, full pedal control. Mrs. John Exoo, 1726 Barrett St., Sheboygan, Wis. 53081.

FOR SALE — METAL ORGAN PIPES, first class workmanship. Helmut Hempel Organ Pipes, 4144 West 50th St., Cleveland, Ohio 44144.

D. S. WENTZ. INC.

Pipe Organs **Organ Supplies**

Prices Available Upon Request 1104 W. 59th St., Chicago, Ill. WAlbrook 5-0534

FRANK C. WICHLAC

Research Division Saville Organ Corporation Northbrook, Illinois

GABRIEL KNEY & CO., LIMITED PIPE ORGAN BUILDERS

137 FALCON ST., LONDON, ONT., CANADA

REPRESENTATIVE: ELWYN DAVIES 16911 CRANFORD LANE, GROSSE POINT, MICHIGAN (313) 886-6823

We offer permanent employment and good income to experienced organ builders (except voicers) who desire to do first rate work. Inquiries held confidential.

Andover, Mass. 01810

THE NOACK ORGAN CO., INC.

Box 96 S.V.

BOOKS ON **ORGAN & ORGAN BUILDING** EARLY KEYBOARD MUSIC

Just Published

J.K.F. FISCHER: Saemtliche Werke CHAMBONNIERES: Ocuvres completes

BROUDE BROTHERS LTD. 56 West 45th St. New York, N. Y. 10036

CONSOLE DEPARTMENT OPENING FOR TRAINEE WITH MECHANICAL APTITUDE.
PLEASE WRITE FOR APPLICATION. ALL REPLIES CONFIDENTIAL

> AUSTIN ORGANS, INC. Hartford, Connecticut 06101

FRANK J. SAUTER and SONS Inc.

4232 West 124th Place

Phones: 388-3355 PO 7-1203

Alsip, Illinois 60658

Organ Builders

- * Rebuilding
 - Repairing
 - Contractual Servicing

For Unexcelled Service

Lilian Murtagh Concert Management



NITA AKIN



ROBERT ANDERSON



ROBERT BAKER



CLAIRE COCI



DAVID CRAIGHEAD



CATHARINE CROZIER

Special Announcement

LADY SUSI JEANS will be available for Recitals, Lectures and Master Classes, in February and March 1970. Her visit will include a week of lecturing at Yale University late February, and a two week session at the University of Michigan, the first two weeks of March.



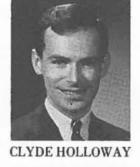
RAY FERGUSON



JERALD HAMILTON



GERRE HANCOCK





WILMA JENSEN



JOAN LIPPINCOTT



DONALD McDONALD



MARILYN MASON



FREDERICK SWANN



WILLIAM TEAGUE



LADD THOMAS



JOHN WEAVER



WILLIAM WHITEHEAD