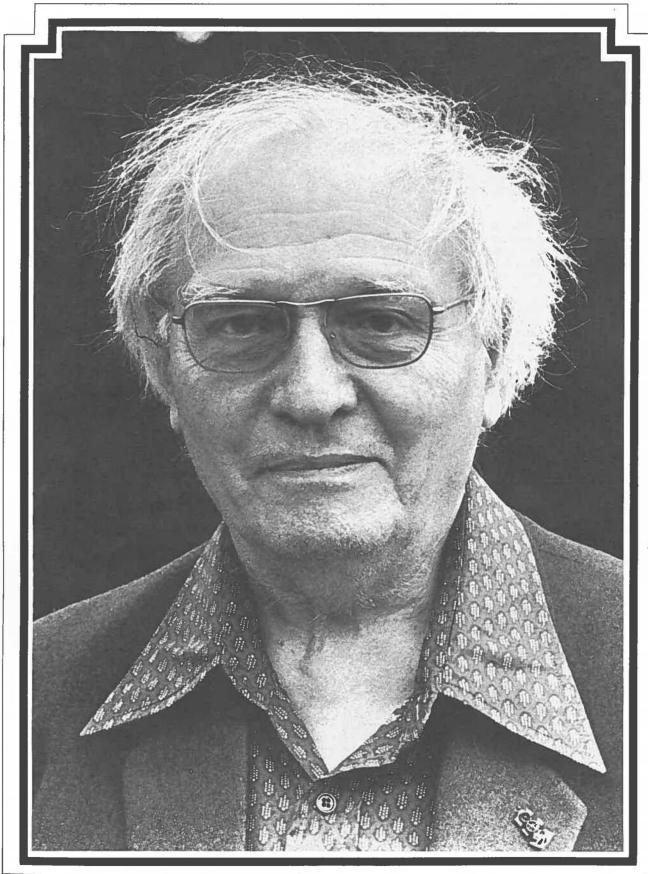
# THE DIAPASON

DECEMBER, 1988



Olivier Messiaen 80th Birthday Celebration Issue

## **Editorial**

THE DIAPASON wishes to add its voice to the many congratulatory events this THE DIAPASON wishes to add its voice to the many congratulatory events this month on the occasion of the 80th birthday of Olivier Messiaen. We, as organists, are indeed fortunate that the distinguished composer has devoted so much of his creative activities to enriching our repertoire. It is an honor for me to call our readers' attention to the articles this month in celebration of the composer's birthday: a tribute by David Palmer; an analytical look at *Méditations* by Janette Fishell; and a close examination of the instruments that have inspired the music of Messiaen and a close examination of the instruments that have inspired the music of Messiaen by Timothy Tikker. I will leave the paying of tributes to our authors, and take the liberty of a few personal notes. I can still remember the sense of mystery and discovery of my first encounter with Messiaen's music—as a young and inexperienced organ student learning Le banquet céleste. What a feeling of mystery greeted me as I learned the "exotic" sounding chords, attempted to play slowly enough to suit my teacher and to find an organ to adequately register the pedal. As I grew with the music and continued to explore his other works, a deepening respect and love of the music also grew. Other impressions remain vivid: the excitement of preparing and playing Messe de la Pentecôte for a graduate recital; the first hearing of Quatuor pour la fin du temps; the performance by the Chicago Symphony Orchestra of the Turangalila-symphonie; and the intensely profound experience of hearing the premiere of Livre du Saint Sacrement at the Detroit AGO convention—the aura that surrounded the composer as he took his reserved seat in the front tion—the aura that surrounded the composer as he took his reserved seat in the front of the balcony at Metropolitan Methodist Church. All these impressions from the past are renewed this month as we join the larger musical world in celebrating this special birthday of the composer: Bon anniversaire!

- Ierome Butera

## **Here & There**

Gillian Weir performed the organ works of Olivier Messiaen at the Great Hall, University of Sydney, Australia. Sponsored by the Organ Society of Syd-Sponsored by the Organ Society of Sydney, the celebration marked the 80th birthday of the composer who was present for the series which took place May 29-June 1. Miss Weir first played the series for "Expo on Stage" in Brisbane on the new Klais organ in the concert hall. This month, a Messiaen festival takes place at Royal Festival Hall, at which Gillian Weir performs five recitals of Messiaen's music. tals of Messiaen's music.

The Chicago Club of Women Organists held its Gruenstein Memorial Competition finals on May 7 in Chicago. The winner was Laura Ellis of Lawrence, KS. She received the Master of Church Music degree this past summer from the University of Kansas as a student of James Higdon, and began doctoral study this fall.

Runner-up was Catherine Rodland of Rochester, NY, a student of Russell Saunders at Eastman School of Music. In addition to performing as a recitalist, Ms. Rodland has played in programs for organ and viola with her sister.

Kelly Dobbs, of Brookfield, IL, was third finalist. Currently finishing her undergraduate degree in organ performance, she is a student of Jerome Butera at DePaul University, Chicago. She has also studied with Robert Rayfield at Indiana University, with Richard Billingham, and with the late Robert Lodine. Ms. Dobbs is associate music director at St. Barbara's Church, Brookfield

Fourth finalist was Shelly Moorman-Stahlman, of Coralville, IA. She received the bachelor and master of music degrees from the University of Missouri in Kansas City, where she studied organ with John Ditto and piano with John McIntyre. She is presently a doctoral student at the University of Iowa, studying with Delbert Disselhorst.

The Chicago Club of Women Organists is now accepting applications for its 38th annual Gruenstein Memorial Competition to be held in May, 1989. It is open to young women who will not have reached their 30th birthday by May 1, 1989. Preliminary judging will be by tape or cassette in April, but recordings must not be made before January 1. Deadline for receiving the recording is April 1. Four finalists will be chosen from the preliminary judging and will appear in Chicago in May for the finals. The required selection for 1989 is the Toccata and Adagio (ending at Grave) from the Toccata, Adagio and Fugue in C Major BWV 564 by J. S. Bach. For further information and application form, write to Mrs. Dorothy N. Petty, 8839 Mason Avenue, Morton Grove, IL 60053.

The Department of Music of the State University of New York at Stony Brook has announced the first annual Stony Brook Organ Series. Concerts take place on the "Bach-Silbermann" organ in the recital hall of the university's fine arts center. Built in 1984 by Bozeman-Gibson & Co. (Deerfield, NH), the instrument is modelled after the Silbermann organ at Grosshartmannsdorf, East Germany. The 1988-89 series in-cludes: "Hot Air Duo" (George Boze-man, Jr., organ, and J. Bryan Dyker, flute), October 30; Russell Stinson, November 20; David Schulenberg, harpsichord and organ, February 5; and João Pedro Oliveira, April 9.

Nashotah House Episcopal Seminary, near Milwaukee, WI, announces a new concert series for the 1988-89 season. The Mission Artist Series will include four performances of organ, choral, and chamber works, featuring the new Heissler mechanical-action organ in the seminary's historic Chapel of St. Mary the Virgin.

The season opens on Sunday, December 11, at 3:00 p.m., with Milwaukee's Sullivan Ensemble in a choral program of French noels and motes. On Saturday, February 11, at 8:00 p.m., British organist David Rogers will play a concert of Baroque music, joined by bass soloist John D. Koehler. On Sunday, March 5, at 3:00 p.m., the chamber trio Musical Offering will present a lecture/ concert of sonatas on Baroque instru-ments. And on Sunday, April 22, at 8:00 p.m., Edward Parmentier from the University of Michigan will draw the season to a close with a program of early organ music. An informal reception will follow each concert.

Season tickets for all four concerts are available for \$24 (\$16 for students). Single tickets for individual concerts are \$7 each (\$5 for students). For tickets or more information please call Nashotah House at 414/646-3371.

Karnes Music Company is opening a new Church Music Department in its store in Des Plaines, IL. The depart-ment will be stocked with organ solos and collections as well as examination copies of choral octavos. A grand opening celebration, in the form of a music reading session, has been scheduled for January 7, 1989, at 7 p.m. at St. Luke's Lutheran Church, Park Ridge, IL. The reading will feature music for proces-

## THE DIAPASON

A Scranton Gillette Publication

Seventy-ninth Year, No. 12, Whole No. 949 Established in 1909

DECEMBER, 1988 ISSN 0012-2378

JEROME BUTERA

**WESLEY VOS** 

An International Monthly Devoted to the Organ, the Harpsichord and Church Music Official Journal of the International Society for Organ History and Preservation

CONTENTS		Editor
FEATURES		
Olivier Messiaen A Tribute on His 80th Birthday by David Palmer	10	Associ
Old Symbols—New Language: An examination of Olivier Messiaen's Méditations sur le Mystère de la Sainte I by Janette Fishell		Contri
The Organs of Olivier Messiaen by Timothy J. Tikker	16	
NEWS		
Here & There	2, 3, 4	
Appointments	3	
Nunc Dimittis	4	
Carillon News	5	
REVIEWS		
New Recordings	6	
New Organ Music	7	
Book Reviews	8	
Music for Voices and Organ	9	-
NEW ORGANS	20	THE
CALENDAR	21	380 No Phone (
ORGAN RECITALS	23	206041
CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS	24	Subs (United
EDITORIAL	2	scription
Commenter and IV and and IV		copies:

Cover photo courtesy Herbert H. Breslin, Inc.

Subscribers: Send subscriptions, inquiries and address changes to THE DIAPASON, 380 Northwest Highway, Des Plaines, IL 60016. Give old and new addresses, including zip codes. Enclose address label from last issue and allow four weeks for change to become effective.

Contributing Editors LARRY PALMER Harpsichord JAMES McCRAY **BRUCE GUSTAFSON** Musicology MARGO HALSTED

Associate Editor

THE DIAPASON (ISSN 0012-2378) is published monthly by Scranton Gillette Communications, Inc., 380 Northwest Highway, Des Plaines, IL 60016. Phone (312) 298-6622. Fax: (312) 390-0408. Telex: 206041 MSG RLY.

Subscriptions: 1 yr. \$12; 2 yr. \$20; 3 yr. \$28 (United States and U.S. possessions). Foreign subscriptions: 1 yr. \$18; 2 yr. \$32; 3 yr. \$46. Single copies: \$2 (U.S.A.); \$5 (foreign).

Back issues over one year old are available only from The Organ Historical Society, Inc., P.O. Box 26811, Richmond, VA 23261, which can supply information on availabilities and prices.

Second-class postage paid at Des Plaines, IL, and additional mailing offices. POSTMASTER: Send address changes to THE DIAPASON, 380 Northwest Highway, Des Plaines, IL 60016.

Routine items for publication must be received not later than the 1st of the month to assure insertion in the issue for the next month. For advertising copy, the closing date is the 1st. Prospective contributors of articles should request a style sheet. Unsolicited reviews cannot be accepted.

This journal is indexed in The Music Index, annotated in Music Article Guide, and abstracted in RILM Abstracts.

Copyright 9 1988.

Copyright 1988.

No portion of the contents of this issue may be reproduced in any form without the specific written permission of the Editor, except that libraries are authorized to make photocopies of the material contained herein for the purpose of course reserve reading at the rate of one copy for every fifteen students. Such copies may be reused for other courses or for the same course offered subsequently.

sionals/recessionals, hymn-tune based preludes and intonations, freely composed voluntaries and other service music. Admission will be \$10 in advance and \$15 at the door. Registrants will receive samples of music performed. Refreshments will be served. For reservations, please call 312/298-1333, or mail your reservation to Karnes Music Company, 9800 Milwaukee Ave., Des Plaines, IL 60016.

David Cherwien, Director of Music at St. Luke's, will be leading the session. Mr. Cherwien graduated from Augsburg College, Minneapolis, MN, and studied improvisation with Renate Zimperman, organ literature, with Karl merman, organ literature with Karl Hochreiter, and composition with Ernst Pepping, all in Berlin, Germany. In the U.S., he has studied with Paul Manz, Earl Barr, and Heinrich Fleischer. He has composed the music in a series entitled Interpretations. Mr. Cherwien will be assisted by a brass quartet composed of members of the staff of Karnes.

Eric Herz, President of the Boston Early Music Festival has announced the engagement of John-David Broome as Executive Director. Mr. Broome, a native Texan, comes to Boston after ten years as the Business Manager of the Opera Orchestra of New York. The Opera Orchestra of New York. The 1989 Boston Early Music Festival is scheduled for May 27 to June 4. Artists currently scheduled include conductors Roger Norrington and Andrew Parrot, both of whom will lead the Festival Orchestra and Chorus; the Ensemble Sequentia and the Capella Augostino Steffani from Hannover, West Germany. The international exhibit of instrument makers will remain an integral part of the Festival.

Minnetonka Community Church, 13215 Minnetonka Drive, Minnetonka, MN 55343, announces its Second Annual Sacred Anthem-Writing Competition. A cash prize of \$500 and a guarantee of publication will be awarded the winning composer. A copy of the text to be set may be obtained from the church be set may be obtained from the church at the above address. Deadline for submission of manuscripts is June 30, 1989. For further information, please send a self-addressed, stamped envelope to the

Lindenwood Christian Church, Memphis, TN, recently presented its seventh annual "Church Music Extravaganza 1988!" featuring clinicians John Walker, Don Hinshaw, and staff musicians Chris Nemec and Gary Beard.

The Western Wind Vocal Ensemble has signed with Harold Flammer, Inc., to produce *The Western Wind Song-book*, Vol I, Sacred. The publication will include 16 works, all of which may be include 16 works, all of which may be performed a cappella, drawn primarily from American sources in SATB and SAB settings. The collection contains spirituals like "If Anybody Ask You Who I Am;" traditional carols like "What Child is This?;" works by di Lasso and Croce, early American hymn tunes from the South and New England; and contemporary American songs by and contemporary American songs by Elliot Levine, baritone with The Western Wind. The songbook sells for \$8.95. For further information, contact Harold Flammer at 1-800/962-8584.

## Here & There



William and Charlotte Atkinson

William and Charlotte Atkinson were honored recently on the occasion of their 20th year of service to the First Presbyterian Church in Oceanside, CA. On September 18 a reception at the church was given by the Session and several gifts were presented to the Atkinsons.

William, director of music, and Charlotte, organist, have enjoyed a joint ministry of music for over 30 years, having served another North San Diego County church for ten years prior to their appointment to the 1200-member Oceanside church. Mr. Atkinson directs the adult choir and handbell choirs and Mrs. Atkinson assists in oversight of the youth choirs and the Kindermusik program along with her responsibilities as organist. The church has a notable concert series and a noon Advent and Lenten series.

The Atkinsons have long been active members of the AGO, both having served as chapter Deans. Mrs. Atkinson was the Southern California State Chairman for six years and was Program Chairman of the Far West Regional Convention of 1987. Mr. Atkinson was in charge of special fund raising activities, advertising, and exhibits for the same convention. Mrs. Atkinson is on the faculty of Miracosta College and Mr. Atkinson recently retired from operation of Atkinson Handbell Supply, merging his successful music business with the Handbell Connection in Long Beach, CA. The Atkinsons have two grown children and two grandchildren.



Diane Meredith Belcher

Diane Meredith Belcher has become the first American woman and the second woman of any nationality to win a prize at the "Grand Prix de Chartres" International Organ Competition. After the third and final round, held on September 11, at the Cathedral of Chartres, France, she was awarded the Second Prize in Interpretation of 5000 Francs.

A frequent recitalist and Music Director at St. Luke Lutheran Church in Cordova, TN, Ms. Belcher was also the Second Prize winner of the 1985 St. Albans (England) International Organ Festival Competition, and in 1987 won both the S. Lewis Elmer Award and the AAGO Award for highest marks in the AGO Professional Certification Exams. A graduate of The Curtis Institute of Music and The Eastman School of Music, she has studied with David Spicer,

John Weaver, Clarence Watters, David Craighead, and presently with Wilma Jensen. She and her husband, organist/choral director John Ayer, reside in Memphis, TN.

Memphis, TN.

The winner of the Grand Prize in Interpretation was Yves Castagnet, a recent graduate of the Paris Conservatoire, who has studied with Rolande Falcinelli and Michel Chapuis. The jury consisted of Michel Chapuis (president), Pierre Gazin, Odile Pierre, Rene Saorgin, Jacques Taddei (all from France), Nicholas Danby (England), Werner Jacob (W. Germany), Bernard Lagace (Canada), and Frederick Swann (U.S.A.).

The other finalists for Interpretation were Matthew Dirst (U.S.A.), Heidi Emmert (W. Germany), Laurent Fievet (France), and John Charron (Canada). No prizes were given nor finals held for the Improvisation category, as occured also in 1986. There were originally 78 applications from 16 countries to participate in the competition, of which 35 were chosen as candidates for Interpretation and 15 for Improvisation.

Ms. Belcher ended her stay in Paris at

Ms. Belcher ended her stay in Paris at the residence of the U.S. Ambassador to France, Mr. Joe M. Rodgers. The invitation came at the conclusion of the final round in Chartres, at which the Ambassador was present. Also present was Richard M. DeVos, Jr., Vice-President of Amway International, a major sponsor of the competition. Created in 1971, the biennial competition has produced 19 prizewinners to date, of which 6 have been Americans.



Alexander Frey

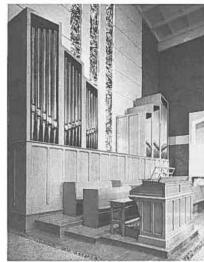
Alexander Frey has joined the roster of Artist Recitals Concert Promotional Service, Ruth Plummer, Artist's Representative. Frey has achieved equal recognition both as pianist and organist. He is scheduled to make a series of recordings for Public Radio (organ music of Liszt, a solo piano recital and Schumann's "Dichterliebe" with Stephen Bryant).

The recipient of many awards and honors, Mr. Frey was selected in 1980 as a finalist in the Presidential Scholars in the Arts Program. He was the first organist to be chosen for this award. In 1985, he was the second-prize winner of the National Improvisation Competition. In 1980–81, he was presented as a guest lecturer at the University of Chicago where he gave a series of lecture-recitals in Rockefeller Chapel. He will be the subject of an article in the British magazine, The Record Collector.

magazine, The Record Collector.

A native of Chicago, he began his musical education as a piano student of Gavin Williamson. He received his Bachelor and Master of Music degrees from the University of Michigan where he studied organ with Robert Glasgow, piano with James Winn and Donald Bryant and orchestral conducting with Gustav Meier. Mr. Frey is on the faculty of Carnegie-Mellon University.

Kurt Lueders gave an illustrated lecture on the influences which shaped the 19th-century French organ school, and played a recital on August 8 at Our Mother of Good Counsel Church, Los Angeles, CA, where Schoenstein & Co.



Schoenstein organ at Our Mother of Good Counsel Church, Los Angeles

has recently installed a choir organ in the French romantic style. Repertoire included pieces by Lacroix, Chauvet, Boëllmann, Kittel, Merkel, and Joseph Franck. Lueders, an American educated at Yale who has lived in France for many years, has studied with Maurice Duruflé and André Fleury. He is a founder of the Association Aristide Cavaillé-Coll and a prominent author with many credits in *The American Organist* and *Music*. He is editor of *La Flûte Harmonique* and Secretary of the International Society of Organbuilders.

Martin Neary, Organist and Master of the Choristers, Westminster Abbey, has been elected President of the Royal College of Organists in succession to Sir David Lumsden.

Harold Flammer, Inc., a Division of Fred Waring Enterprises, will publish all of the commissioned choral works from the 1988 International Church Music Festival in Coventry, England.

## **Appointments**



Michael W. Anderson

Michael W. Anderson has joined the staff of Phillip Truckenbrod Concert Artists as the Hartford agency's Booking Director. He attended the national AGO convention in Houston during his first week on the job, and has since represented the agency in London working with English cathedral choirs set to tour in North America, and attended the ISPAA and ACUCAA national conferences in New York. During his student days at Gordon College in Massachusetts he studied piano with Fred Broer.

Katharine Pardee has been appointed Music Director at Hendricks Chapel, Syracuse University, where she replaces Will Headlee, who has moved to the Music School full-time. Her duties include directing the Hendricks Chapel Choir, which in addition to Sunday morning responsibilities, sings several concerts during the year, and tours each spring. She will also organize a concert series at the Chapel featuring the 1952 Holtkamp organ, and will continue her own recital activities.

Dr. Pardee earned her master's and doctoral degrees with Performer's Certificate from the Eastman School of Music, where she was a student of Russell Saunders. A recipient of a Fulbright



**Katharine Pardee** 

grant, she studied with Michael Schneider at the Musikhochschule, Cologne, West Germany, from 1980–82. Other teachers have included George Faxon, Nicolas Kynaston, and Barclay Wood. A finalist in the 1978 National AGO organ playing competition, Dr. Pardee has concertized widely in the eastern U.S. and in Germany.



John Rose

John Rose has been appointed the new director of the Colby Institute of Church Music held annually in August at Colby College, Waterville, ME. He succeeds Thomas Richner, who cofounded the Institute and has served as its director since 1967.

Rose, who has served on the Colby Institute faculty several seasons, is College Organist at Trinity College in Connecticut. Richner is Organist at The First Church of Christ Scientist, The Mother Church, in Boston. Richner and Rose have collaborated on an album of piano and organ duets for Towerhill Records of California. Dr. Richner will become Director Emeritus of the Colby Institute.

Larry D. Schipull has been appointed College Organist and Lecturer in Music, Mount Holyoke College, South Hadley, MA. He received the BMus degree in organ and piano performance from Drake University and the MM, MMA and DMA degrees in organ from Yale University. Among his teachers are Carl Staplin, Marie-Claire Alain, Michael Schneider and Charles Krigbaum in organ; C. David Harris and Richard Rephann in harpsichord; and Robert Schultz, Chiu-Ling Lin, and Donald Currier in piano. Prior to this appointment he was a lecturer in music at the University of Hong Kong, as well as a visiting teacher in organ and harpsichord for the Chinese University of Hong Kong Baptist College. In Hong Kong he was active as a recitalist and accompanist, with appearances in the 1987 Hong Kong Arts Festival and the City Hall Silver Jubilee celebrations. He also was active as a reviewer for the South China Morning Post and the Hong Kong Standard, and was featured as both a performer and a program presenter for Radio Television Hong Kong. His duties at Mount Holyoke include providing organ music for worship services and college activities, teaching organ and harpsichord, and overseeing the maintenance of the C. B. Fisk and E. M. Skinner organs in Abbey Chapel.

## **Here & There**

After 20 years' service as organist and minister of music at All Saints' Church in Chevy Chase, MD, and a total of 45 years in the music ministry, Frederick Monks retired on June 5. Poor health during the past five years contributed to his decision to retire.

As music director at All Saints', he directed the men and boys choir, a St. Cecilia choir of girls and the adult Schola Cantorum. He also directed the Festival Orchestra and handbell choirs. Monks established a small music school involving teachers of strings, brass, winds, and percussion instruments as

winds, and percussion instruments as well as piano and organ.

During his 45-year career as a church musician, Monks served several churches. Among them are student assistant to William Self, Organist/Choirmaster, All Saints', Worcester, MA; Minister of Music/Organist of Pawtucket (RI) Congregational Church; Master of the Choristers at The Church of the the Choristers at The Church of the Transfiguration, Edgewood, RI; Grace Church, Utica, NY; and Historic St. George's Church, Schenectady, NY.

Monks has been a member of the Board of Governors of the Handel & Haydn Society, Boston, MA, and assistant conductor to Dr. Thompson Stone, Music Director of the Society. He was a Music Director of the Society. He was a board member and later Dean of the Rhode Island AGO Chapter, as well as a member of the Chaminade Club of Providence, RI. As a composer, Monks has several published works to his credit among which are the popular "Christmas Song" and "Sing We Now."

To honor Monks' retirement an anthem was commissioned by the choirs of All Saints' from Daniel Gawthrop upon the text, "In the Lord Do We Rejoice."

The anthem was performed under the leadership of James Lytton, associate

leadership of James Lytton, associate organist, with Carol Feather Martin (Dean of the D.C. Chapter) at the

organ.

Monks studied voice with Thompson Stone, organ with Bonnet, Calendar, and Self; choral repertory and church-related subjects with Titcomb, Willan and others. He is the great-grandson of William Henry Monk, English church musician and composer. During 1983 he and Virgil Cannarsa designed and specified scaling of the present Cannarsa three-manual organ. The instrument was voiced by former Aeolian-Skinner

voicer John Hendrickson.

At his final service, Monks honored his assistant and several choristers, including his 17-year-old daughter Kristen, who has served 10 years with the

choir

Peter Crisafulli has succeeded Monks as Organist and Minister of Music. He was formerly at St. Mark's, Evanston,



Paulsson & Huff Duo

The Paulsson & Huff Duo, featuring the unusual pairing of soprano saxo-phone and organ and a repertoire encompassing classical, jazz and folk music from Gregorian chant to Gershwin, has been added to the roster of Phillip

Truckenbrod Concert Artists as one of the agency's "Organ-Plus" offerings.
Harry Huff is Organist of Calvary Church and Artist-in-Residence at Union Theological Seminary in New York City. He is a native of Tennessee York City. He is a native of Tennessee who holds degrees from the North Carolina School of the Arts and Yale University. He has held music staff positions at St. Bartholomew's Church, St. George's Church and the Cathedral Church of St. John the Divine, all in New York, and has accompanied many noted vocal and instrumental artists including William Warfield, Art Garfunkel and Judy Collins. He has toured nationally with Marlins. He has toured nationally with Mar-tha Schlamme and appeared in the Off-Broadway revival of "A Kurt Weill Cabaret.

Anders Paulsson studied at the Stockholm Royal Academy of Music in his native Sweden as well as in France where he won Gold and Silver medals at the Concours Fin d'Aneé in 1982. He holds a Master of Music degree from the Manhattan School of Music in jazz per-formance and composition. He has appeared at the Aspen Music Festival and premiered new works for classical saxophone in France, West Germany, Sweden, Norway, Denmark and the U.S. and has recorded on several labels.

The Paulsson & Huff Duo has appeared in a number of U.S. cities as well as the Spoleto Festival this year. Their first recording, an album of the music of Duke Ellington, will be released soon by LCM Records, a division of CBS.

Concert organist Donald Sutherland and his wife, soprano Phyllis Bryn-Jul-son, were honored recently when each received the Distinguished Alumni Award from Syracuse University for achievement in music. The awards were presented to them when they addressed the graduates of Syracuse University during the Commencement Exercises at the College of Visual and Performing Arts on May 14, 1988. Their address was presented jointly, with each sharing in

the delivery.
Additionally, Donald Sutherland was Additionally, Donald Sutherland was a featured recitalist at the Bath, England International Festival. His program, presented at the Bath Abbey on May 30, 1988, featured works by Bach, Albright, Rorem, and Widor. Mr. Sutherland concertizes under the auspices therland concertizes under the auspices of Murtagh/McFarlane Artists, Inc.

First English Ev. Lutheran Church, Grosse Point Woods, MI, will present a tribute to Gordon Young on January 22. Dr. Young's music will be performed by organist Robert Foster and the Good News Singers. The composer will be present to introduce and comment about his music. Young's music was fea-tured at the 8th annual Reunion Sunday at Our Saviour Lutheran Church, Detroit, MI, on October 16. The service included *Prelude in Classic Style*, Let There Be Music, The Sure Foundation, Sarabande, Trumpet Voluntary and Variations on an American Hymn

Drake Publishing Company has released Amen Joy!, a new book of choral amens by B. J. Drake. The collection includes choral introits and benedictions, special selections for Christmas and Easter, plus contemporary selections for youth choir with piano accompaniment. Available in both SATB and SAB versions, Amen Joy! sells for \$4.95 (1-9 copies); \$3.95 (10+ copies). Drake Publishing Company, 43 Overlook Avenue, East Hanover, NJ 07936.

Randall M. Egan, Publisher of Music/The Kenwood Press, Ltd., has issued its 1988–1990 Catalogue of Publications, including music for organ, chorus, orchestra and voice. The catalogue is available from the publisher at 2024

Kenwood Parkway, Minneapolis, MN 55405-2303

Randall M. Egan, Publisher of Music, has been appointed sole and exclusive distributor for the orchestral music of Canadian composer, Gerald Bales. Many of the scores are available on a rental basis.

Allen Organ Company announced the installation of an Allen Digital Computer Organ in the Cathedral of La Paz, Bolivia. Installed in spring 1988 at the request of Bishop Morgan A. Casey, this three-manual stoptab organ features 52 stops as well as Allen's exclusive alterable voice with card reader system.

Lillenas Publishing Company announces the release of three new keyboard collections: Glory, Honor, and board collections: Glory, Honor, and Power, 11 solos for moderately advanced pianists, by Virginia Halberg, Preludes for Organ, 26 hymn arrangements grouped in optional medleys, by Ethel Tench Rogers; Resounding Praise, 10 hymns arranged for organ solo by Dennis R. Johnson.

G.I.A. Publications has released Beginning Studies in Gregorian Chant, by Dom Eugène Cardine, O.S.B., transby Dom Eugene Cardine, O.S.B., translated with editorial comments by William Tortolano. The book is designed as a systematic study of chant, and includes an explanation of notational signs on the traditional four-line staff, together with neumatic signs from earlier staffless notation. In addition, modality, psalm tones, rhythm, Latin accentua-tion and cadences are discussed in detail. Order No. G-3044, \$13.95 plus shipping. For further information, contact: G.I.A. Publications, Inc., 7404 Mason Ave., Chicago, IL 60636.

## **Nunc Dimittis**



Homer D. Blanchard

Homer D. Blanchard, of Delaware, OH, died September 26 at the age of 76, following an extended illness. Born March 26, 1912, in Elyria, OH, he began the study of organ at age 13 with Leo C. Holden of the Oberlin Conservators of March 14. tory of Music. He received the Bachelor of Arts degree from Ohio Wesleyan University in 1933, the Master of Arts degree from Ohio State University in 1934, and the Ph.D. from Ohio State in 1940.

Dr. Blanchard taught foreign languages at Geneva College, Beaver Falls, PA, and at the U.S. Naval Academy, Anapolis, MD, from 1937 to 1946. He then joined the staff of M. P. Moller, Inc., and was their northern Ohio representative 1952-59. In 1954 he began his own organ business in Oberlin, OH, which he operated until 1973. In 1956 he was one of the founders of the Organ Historical Society and served as Archivist 1966-83. He was widely known for his many articles and translations in The American Organist, ISO-Information, The Tracker, and THE DIAPASON.



The Benjamin N. Duke Memorial Organ (Flentrop 1976)

## DUKE UNIVERSITY

## DEPARTMENT OF MUSIC SMITH MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIP

An organ scholarship of up to \$2,500 in memory of Marvin Boren and Elvira Lowe Smith will be offered annually to an undergraduate or a graduate student admitted to either the A.B. with a major in Music or the A.M. in Performance Practice. Renewable on satisfactory progress. Application deadline: January 15 (undergraduate) or February 1 (graduate). For further information contact:

> Director of Undergraduate Studies or Director of Graduate Studies Department of Music Duke University, 6695 College Station Durham NC 27708



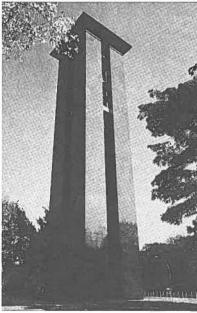
University of Texas, Austin

## **New Carillons**

Four carillons have been installed and dedicated in the past year. A 48-bell carillon was dedicated on September 13, 1987 at the First Baptist Church of Huntsville, AL. The largest bell weighs 3,300 pounds and four of the largest bells form a swinging peal. Cast by the Petit & Fritsen Foundry in The Netherlands, the carillon was designed and installed in a free-standing, 229-foot tower by the I. T. Verdin Co. of Cincinnati. Richard Watson of the Verdin Co. played the dedication recital.

Clemson University, Clemson, SC, dedicated a new 47-bell (bourdon C of 2,000 pounds) carillon on October 18, 1987. The bells were cast by the Paccard Founderie de Cloches in Annecy, France and installed by van Bergen Bellfoundries, Inc. Stephen Knight, carillonneur of Samford University, was the dedication recitalist and Peggy Walton is the carillonneur.

The University of Texas at Austin dedicated a 56-bell carillon on November 14, 1987. The carillon incorporates a 17-bell Meneely (Watervliet, NY) chime. The new bells were cast by Petit & Fritsen and installed by Richard M. Watson of the I. T. Verdin Co. The new carillon was the gift of Hedwig T. Kniker (1891–1985), one of the University's first female graduates in geology, and is named for her. Recitalists for the dedication were University Carillonneur Tom Anderson and Willis Bodine, Carillonneur of the University of Florida, Gainesville.



Kongresshalle Carillon, West Berlin

Europe's largest and heaviest carillon, the 68-bell (bourdon F of 7.8 metric tons) Kongresshalle Carillon in West Berlin was dedicated on October 27, 1987. The instrument was donated by Daimler-Benz to commemorate the 750th anniversary of the founding of Berlin. Jeffry Bossin, an American who is the acting carillonneur and director of carillon concerts, was the dedication resistalist.



Lynne Davis



Ion Gillock

The Choir of Christ Church, Oxford (1989)
The Choir of New College, Oxford (1990)
The Choir of St. Paul's Cathedral, London (1990/1993)
The Choir of York Minster, England (1991)
The Choir of Wells Cathedral, England (1992)

# The Organists

Robert Anderson / David Bowman
James David Christie / Robert Clark
Michael Corzine / Raymond Daveluy
Lynne Davis / Jean-Louis Gil
Jon Gillock / Robert Glasgow
Richard Heschke / August Humer
David Hurd / Nicolas Kynaston
Huw Lewis / David Mulbury
Michael Murray / John Obetz
Mary Preston / McNeil Robinson
John Rose / John Scott
Herndon Spillman / Ernst-Erich Stender
John Chappell Stowe / Carole Terry
John Walker / Marianne Webb
Gillian Weir / John Scott Whiteley

Thomas Richner, organist/pianist
Robert Edward Smith, harpsichordist
Barry Rose, choral clinician
Jon Gillock/Kathleen Bride organ/harp
Harry Huff/Anders Paulsson organ/soprano saxophone

# The Agency

# PHILLIP TRUCKENBROD CONCERT ARTISTS

PO Box 69, W. Hartford CT 06107-0069 Telephone (203) 233-5858

# The Applause



**Robert Glasgow** 



**Richard Heschke** 

## **New Recordings**

Martinikerk Orgel, Groningen. Wim Van Beek, organist. Order No. DS MK

This second LP recording of the Martini-organ in Groningen, The Netherlands, made by its resident organist Wim Van Beek, is again an aural portrait of the organ's magnificent voice in North German repertoire by Bruhns, Böhm, and Weckmann, as well as J. S. Bach. Bach's grandiose Fantasia in G. Major, BWV 572, is scintillating in the brilliance of its fast passages, and mag-nificent in the sustained Grave that employs the coupled 16'-based plena (including tierces and reeds) over the 32'-based pedal. The conclusion of the Grave is quite extraordinary when the organ (assisted by acoustic, winding, and temperament) produces a chilling, thrilling diminished seventh chord!

C. H. Edskes (the restoration advisor)

gives detailed record notes, including all registrations, an essay and chronicle of the organ's history (in German and Dutch), plus excellent photos of the organ during restoration. A beautiful color photo of the facade over the restored marble pillars graces the su-

perbly produced album cover.
Sonic delights include Bach's "Liebster Jesu" chorales, BWV 633 and 706, allowing us to hear the reed Viola da Gamba (plus tremolo) and the coupled 8' prestants respectively; the well-known "In dir ist Freude" features the brilliant Ruckpositiv plenum with obbligato pedal employing 16', 8', 4' and 2' reeds. Variation works by Weckmann and Böhm give opportunity to hear a variety of combinations (especially the fine reeds and singing flutes)—all re-corded with directness (the organ seems slightly more "present" than in Van Beek's earlier recording, reviewed in THE DIAPASON, December, 1985) and a sense of the acoustic space. Particularly in Böhm's ornamented chorale on the "Vater unser," the use of a 32' pulsating pedal (like a soft bass drum), the huge, eloquent Bovenwerk Vox Humana (with flute 8' and 22'/3', and tremolo) accompanied by principal 8' tone, creates a profoundly expressive effect—quite unlike the softly restrained performances are freezewally. formances one frequently associates with this genre. Similarly, Van Beek's powerfully slow performance of Variation II of Böhm's "Freu dich sehr" variations seems to "play the room"—the spacious "three hall church" resounding with its restored wooden floor.

The resources of three manual plena,

each with its own characteristic color, help elucidate the formal echo-structure of the opening of Bruhn's *Praeludium* in G Major, played on alternating keyboards for a marvelously kaleidoscopic effect. Dark, reedy "consort" registrations in both fugues (played on two manuals) contrast with the lighter brilliance of the Divertimento, and the crescendo (additions to the registration are

detailed in the notes) of the Coda creates a kind of North German "grand

Highly recommended for measured, expressive, occasionally "exciting," and always musical performance by Van Beek, making discriminating, thoughtful use of a grand North German organ. Exceptionally fine recording quality, and available for Fl. 30 (including mailing; check the Wall Street Journal for exchange rates) from: Stichting Schip Martinikerk, Groningen, Verl. Hereweg 173, The Netherlands 9721 AP.

—Rudolf Zuiderveld

Illinois College

Les orgues de chambre du Toggenbourg-Guy Bovet plays music from Livre de Joh. Friedrich Steiner, Recueil des demoiselles Nüssle, Recueil Edelmann, and Collection Guy Bovet on four house organs; Gallo 30170, available from The Organ Literature Foundation, 45 Norfolk Rd., Brain-tree, MA 02184, \$12.00, plus \$2.00 postage per order.

This recording presents materials primarily of organological and ethnomusicological interest. Four chamber organs, all dating from the late eighteenth and very early nineteenth centuries, are heard in performances of some 35 selections from private collections compris-ing local compositions and popular songs together with hand copies of materials from printed sources.

The organs are both visually and aurally delightful, with decorated cases that would not be out of place in small rococo chapels, and specifications of but five or six stops (one manual, no pedal, winded by internal bellows pumped by the performer's foot-power). Their condition varies significantly, with some in much better states of preservation than others; all, however, testify to the high degree of interest in organbuilding and degree of interest in organbuilding and organ music in this part of Switzerland (the Toggenburg valley is near Appenzell, in the canton of St. Gall).

This music is mainly in a popular, folk idiom, and reflects the local dialect in its texts, along with according like the state of the state

in its texts, along with occasionally rather primitive musical materials. This is not to denigrate either the musical content of the pieces heard, nor the efforts of M. Bovet in presenting and preserv-ing these organs and their literature, for this record is an often enchanting docu-ment of now forgotten but once much loved music and instruments.

Johannes Brahms: Das Orgelwerk-Hermann Schäffer plays the complete works on the organ of the Christuskirche, Mannheim; Motette-Ursina M-10710 digital, available from The Organ Literature Foundation, 45 Norfolk Rd., Braintree, MA 02184, \$12.00, plus \$2.00 postage per order. (Notes in German only.)

L'Orgue historique de Sainte-Claire à Vevey—Guy Bovet plays Brahms, Chorale-preludes, op. 122, and Bruck-ner, Praeludium C-dur, op. posth.; Gallo 30-325, available from The Organ Literature Foundation, \$12.00, plus

\$2.00 postage per order.

Both these discs present the complete chorale-preludes, op. 122, with Bovet adding a solitary Bruckner miniature and Schäffer including the Brahms free works for a complete traversal of the composer's output for organ. The instru-ments are very different examples of organbuilding styles and techniques, though they were originally constructed within fifteen years of one another. That of the Christuskirche is a 1911 Steinmeyer, electrified in 1939, with neo-baroque accretions and alterations from 1952, and a substantial restoration in 1984; it comprises four manuals (including a Fernwerk above the church's ceiling!) and pedal, with 94 stops. The organ at Vevey is by Goll, a Lucerne builder, dated 1898, and includes 18 stops distributed over two manuals and pedal, with two stops of the Grandorgue enclosed together with those of the Récit.

The Steinmeyer is a beautifully restored instrument, and has a wonderful plenum which combines the large number of individual voices into a rich and still very clear sound. Each of the many foundational stops is coloristically dis-tinct, yet blends well in fuller combina-tions. The Swiss organ, however, clearly displays the advantages of smaller, shallow-cased instruments in projecting the sounds produced by delicately and lovingly voiced pipework. Its eclectic, part French, part Germano-Italian colors combine in marvelous blends unique to

this part of the European continent.
As the two organs are different, so are the styles of performance in which these works are presented. Schäffer shines in his presentation of the free pieces, with clear and precise playing and an ability to show his instrument's capabilities well. The chorales, however, often seem to be dry and unemotional in style, with little Romantic affect despite sensitive and often delicate registrational effects. Bovet, however, plays these pieces with a highly sympathetic approach, and with an attention to phrasing and a careful rubato that rarely slips into excess or sentimentalism. While each of these recordings has definite merits, the Gallo disc is recommended both for its instrument and for the idiomatic playing of the performer.

Orgelmusic aus dem Limburger Dom-Almut Rössler plays Bruhns, Praeludium e-moll, J. S. Bach, Liebster Jesu, wir sind hier (BVW 633), Wenn wir in höchsten Nöten sein (BWV 641), Herr Jesu Christ, dich zu uns wend (BWV 632), Toccata und Fuge d-moll (BVW 565), Franck, Chorale in a-moll, Alain, Variations sur un thème de Jan-nequin, Litanies; Motette-Ursina M-1025, available from The Organ Literature Foundation, 45 Norfolk Rd., Braintree, MA 02184, \$12.00, plus \$2.00 postage per order.

Occasionally a recorded performance is encountered which embodies virtually all that one hopes to hear in a particular piece; such is the case with Almut Rössler's rendition of the Bruhns Eminor Prelude on this disc. Her understanding of the opportunities afforded by the stylus fantasticus, of the uses of rhythmic freedom and metric regularity, of the variegated colors typical of the registration techniques of this school; all make this one of the most outstanding and absorbing performances ever encountered by this reviewer.

In addition, the Alain works are given superior treatment, although the organ's

colors are simply not very convincing here or in the Franck Chorale, which is also given a stylistically sympathetic rendition. The Bach chorales were presumably chosen to display various individual registers of the instrument, a task which they fulfill admirably with beautiful, gentle flutes in one, á ravishingly lovely principal in another, and an attractive (if mildly obtrusive) reed solo in the third. The famous *Toccata and Fugue*, *BWV* 565, is also played well, although with less of the "fantastic" element than was heard in the Bruhns work, and with nicely executed double echoes within this fugue demonstrating the contrasts among the various manual divisions.

The organ itself is a stunning instrument both visually and sonically, possessing 60 stops distributed over four manuals (two with swell enclosures) and pedal. Built by Johannes Klais in 1978, it retains a few ranks from the original (unnamed) organ of 1912. As with many organs of relatively recent design, it is more eclectic than neo-baroque or neoclassical or even strictly Germanic in plan, and generally succeeds very well in providing tonal resources for a vari-ety of styles. It is only in the demands of the French repertory presented here for certain reed and mixture qualities that there is a certain lack of precisely the right coloration. Such a lack, however, is more than amply supplied by the overall suitability of this relatively new and interesting organ for the remaining music, and the sensitive musically satisfying performances given by Ms. Röss-ler. (Notes in German only.)

John Stanley: 30 Voluntaries pour Orgue—Guy Bovet plays the organ of Lutry, Switzerland; Gallo 30142/43/ 44, available from The Organ Litera-ture Foundation, 45 Norfolk Rd.,

44, available from The Organ Literature Foundation, 45 Norfolk Rd., Braintree, MA 02184, \$36.00, plus \$2.00 postage per order.

L'Orgue de Sainte-Croix, Carouge, Genève—Guy Bovet plays Widor, Symphonie 5, op. 42; Gallo 30-167, available from The Organ Literature Foundation, \$12.00, plus \$2.00 postage per order. per order.

As part of the ongoing series of recordings of historic Swiss instruments by Gallo records, these two recordings present M. Bovet playing significantly different literature on two Swiss organs built a century apart. The first organ was originally built by Jean-Jacques Zimmer in 1790–1791, but only the Montre 8' of the Grand Orgue remains in the present "reconstruction" of 1975 by Hans-J. Füglister. This almost entirely new instrument has a traditional G.O. which presumably resembles that of the original, as well as a very complete Positif, Echo, and substantial Pédale. Of these resources only sixteen stops are utilized in the present recording to utilized in the present recording to recreate the typical tonal resources of an English organ of Stanley's era. The effort succeeds remarkably well, though it is unlikely that anyone familiar with the sounds of a British eighteenth-century organ would be totally convinced by these continental voices.

In any event, it is the music itself which is of primary concern along with

which is of primary concern, along with Bovet's consistently interesting and sen-sitive readings of the material. Stanley is an undisputed master of coloristic writ-ing, demanding grace and sympathy of the performer to render the idiomatically written passagework in a manner which involves the listener and avoids the "sewing-machine" effects so often encountered. The thirty works are presented in six varied groups (one per disc

Annville, PA

The Joseph H. Miller Memorial

**SCHOLARSHIP** \$6,000

for a freshman sacred music major with organ or vocal emphasis

Apply by: April 15, 1989

For details: contact Dr. Pierce Getz, Lebanon Valley College, Department of Music, Annville, PA 17003, (717) 867-6280.

TUNING MAINTENANCE REBUILDING YEARLY CONTRACTS SOLID STATE SYSTEMS



CONSULTATION NEW ORGANS MODERNIZATION REPAIRS

Schaedle Pipe Grgan Services

JEROME J. SCHAEDLE 978 HILLIARD DRIVE—CINCINNATI, OHIO 45238 513-922-7088 side) which contrast cornet voluntaries with those written for vox humana or trumpet or flutes, and these in turn with works in ensemble or fugal styles. This order helps to demonstrate both the composer's amazing technical and stylistic fluency and the differences of treatment accorded the various solo stops. The performances are almost uniformly satisfying, with Bovet providing judicious improvisations at some cajudicious improvisations at some ca-dence points, together with subtly var-ied registrations so that in all thirty pieces there are very few exact duplications of color.

tions of color.

The organ of Sainte-Croix Church also had its origins in the eighteenth century, and similarly retains only a beautiful case and a few pipes, all of which had been incorporated in a late nineteenth-century renovation by the Geneva builder, Tschanun. Restored recently, the current instrument reflects primarily the romantic Tschanun reprimarily the romantic Tschanun rebuilding, with the addition of a pseudobaroque Positif which adds little to its overall character. Ignoring this five-stop anomaly, the twenty-five stops of the Récit, Grand-Orgue, and Pédale constitute a wonderful example of Franco-Swiss organbuilding in a superb acoustical setting, and provide a more than adequate resource for a work which is normally thought to demand double (or more) this complement.

M. Bovet plays Symphonie 5 with a virtuoso flair which is most effective in the outer movements, but leaves one occasionally wishing for a little more generosity of tempo in the inner three sections. His rendition of the first movement is not all for a sympolium of the sections. His rendition of the first movement is notable for a scrupulous attention to details of phrasing and articulation, and for a great sense of grandeur in the closing portion. The second movement is brisk, certainly more allegro than cantabile, while the third has an attractive rhythmic fluency which allows sensing the bar as the beat-unit rather than individual quarter-notes. Wonderfully French strings and céleste form a shimmering backdrop for the fourth movement; the closing Toccata is played at a reasonable pace and with a tourth movement; the closing Toccata is played at a reasonable pace and with a phenomenal diminuendo at the end which makes the terminating chords seem more vivid than usual.

While not presented on one of the huge Cavaillé-Colls (or imitations), this recording of Widor's most famous work is worthy of serious consideration both for the care taken in performance and

for the care taken in performance and for the truly lovely instrument and gen-erous acoustics. The notes provided are, as usual, less complete in the English version than in the French or German, but a bit of photographic humor makes up for this all-too-frequent occurrence.

—G. Nicholas Bullat

## **Book Reviews**

Karl Joseph Riepp et l'Orgue de Dole, by Pierre M. Guéritey (in French). Lyon: 1985; paperback, 650 pages, 12 photographs, 18 plates; approximately \$64., from: P. M. Guéritey, 35 quai Gailleton, 69002, Lyon, FRANCE. A current theory holds that the devel-opment of the pipe organ in France reached a summit before the Revolution with the works of Bedos, Isnard, and François Clicquot, then suffered stagna-tion or decline for fifty years until the

tion or decline for fifty years until the artistic and imperial ambitions of Cavaillé-Coll revived the art.

aillé-Coll revived the art.

Au contraire, holds Pierre Guéritey. The history of the K. J. Riepp organ at Dole illustrates the steady evolution of the classic organ through the "period of transition." With good luck it was spared the depredations of the Revolution and at a critical time in 1855 it received a conservative modernization by Stiehr rather than a radical rebuild by Stiehr rather than a radical rebuild by Cavaillé-Coll. The real stylistic rup-ture, asserts Guéritey, came not at the time of the Revolution, but with the introduction of the Barker lever and the construction of the organ at SaintTo be fair to Guéritey, it must be admitted that his main interest is not to take sides in the great classic versus symphonic debate. His real purpose for writing J. K. Riepp et l'Orgue de Dole is to urge consideration of this organ on its merits as a successful, cohesive instrument and as an extant record of three builders, Riepp, Callinet, and Stiehr, who shaped it over the course of a century from 1755 to 1859.

From the title, one would expect to

From the title, one would expect to read a detailed account of every aspect of this summary instrument, Riepp's last French organ, built midway through his career, before he removed to southern Germany to build organs for the abbeys of Ottobeuren and Salem. But two things give the book an unanticipated course in other directions. course in other directions.

First, no documents relative to the planning, construction or composition of the original organ remain; therefore, an informed guess about Riepp's work at Dole can only be deduced by considering its place in Riepp's life work, which is given as full a description here as surviving documents allow.

Fully a third of the book is given over to his life and works outside of Dole. His apprenticeship in southern Germany, his establishment and sphere of in-fluence around Dijon, and his return to Ottobeuren for the last fifteen years of Ottobeuren for the last fifteen years of his life are coupled to a complete dossier of the organs he built or worked on from 1736 until his death in 1775. There are notes from J. A. Silbermann's diaries about his meeting with Riepp, although they only record Riepp's praise and esteem for Silbermann's work. There are records of Riepp's vineyards, his admission that he made more money from selling wine than from building organs, and the slightest hint that the wine trade was an asset in the organ business. business.

The other major preoccupation of the book is the independent existence of the Dole organ from the time Riepp built it in 1755 until its most recent restoration by Philippe Hartmann in 1959. Riepp's protégé François Callinet effected the second major change to the instrument in 1787 and at that time revoiced and rewinded the chorus of reeds, giving them a cohesion (some had been added in the first rebuild) and a character that two hundred years later is still admired. In an 1830 renovation, Stiehr expanded the Récit to 54 notes, a forward-looking experiment, and one that strengthens Guéritey's assertion that organ building was progressing steadily following the Revolution.

Elsewhere the organs of Callinet and Elsewhere the organs of Callinet and his Burgundian contemporary Benigne Boillot are discussed to the same extent as those of K. J. Riepp. One has the feeling that the absence of a critical mass of information about Riepp and the Dole organ has led in this book to an aggregation of peripheral centers of interest, and indeed, its strength is the breadth of its scope in materials relating to the its scope in materials relating to the organ in Burgundy between 1750 and

There is a letter to the town pleading for time to tune the organ during daylight hours, because of the inconvenience and hazard of using so many lights in the dark. There is a most entertaining account of the competitions held for the post of town organist in Dole in



Send free literature

Allen Organ Company Dept. D128

Name. Address\_ City

County.

VOICING AUDIO CASSETTE (Enclose \$3.00 Check or

Money Order

Zin

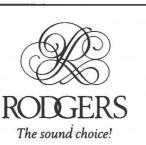
State\_

Macungie, PA 18062

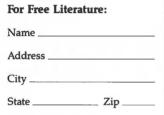
en organs

Macungie, Pennsylvania 18062

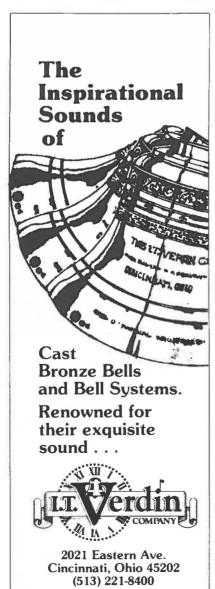
(215) 966-2202 Copyright © 1988







Rodgers Instrument Corporation 1300 N.E. 25th Avenue Hillsboro, OR 97124 503/648-4181



1825, 1881, and 1889. Most applicants were piano teachers; the skilled organists were coming from Alsace and Germany. In the earlier years, no "prepared piece" was required, but in the last competition, several competitors dropped out for lack of time or the proper pedal-board to prepare the "Bach piece." Whether you hold a vital interest in the future of this particular organ at

Dole, or whether you enjoy the wide-angle view of the lives of organ builders and organists in the lands where French and German culture meet, you will find absorbing reading here.

Wayne State University

Kirk Jorgensen, How to Build Your Own Foot-pumped Pipe Organ - Work-ing Plans for the Amateur, The Organ Literature Foundation, ISBN 0-913746-20-7, \$10.00.

913746-20-7, \$10.00.

Here is truly a curious little book: hand-lettered, profusely illustrated with the author's line drawings, bound with a plastic comb, and complete with a sexist dedication, in 28 pages it contains most of the information one would need to build a most peculiar little one-manual, organ

one rank organ.

It is difficult to take this book seriously-and perhaps to do so is to miss the point entirely.

-James R. Biery

## **New Organ Music**

Felix Mendelssohn Bartholdy, Complete Organ Works, vol. III, The Berlin-Kraków Manuscripts: 2. Novello (Agent: Theodore Presser Co.) No. 01 0217, \$28.75.

A review and evaluation of the editorial procedures of this urtext edition can rial procedures of this *urtext* edition can be found in a previously published review of volume II that appeared in THE DIAPASON in May 1988. The same editorial excellence and sensitive musical understanding is continued in the most recently published volume of this five-volume set. The present volume (The Berlin-Kraków Manuscripts: 2) contains earlier versions of movements contains earlier versions of movements Mendelssohn eventually included in the opus 65 Sonatas, and two additional pieces that are published here for the first time. One is an Allegro assai in C major that is preludial in character: it was left unfinished and is printed here with a completion by Robin Langley. The other piece, also in C major (Allegro moderato maestoso), is more like a march, and would be very effective as a wedding processional. I recommend this excellent edition to all organists

Franz Liszt, The Complete Works for Organ, Vol. IX. Universal Edition (Agent: European American Music) No. 17891, \$29.00.

The editorial policies of this ten-volume edition of Liszt's complete works for organ have been described in reviews of previously published volumes: these appeared in THE DIAPASON in April and August 1987, and in February 1988. With but one exception volume IX contains original works for voice and organ; the exception is Rossini's "Cujus animam" from his Stabat Mater. The volume contains 13 selections, one in German, one in French, and 11 in Latin, with, unfortunately, no English translations for any of them. The music is never technically very demanding of singer or accompanist, and while at times it can be surprisingly innovative harmonically, it can also be charmingly

naive, as well as predictably sentimental. It is definitely worth a look, but should be handled with care.

—Edmund Shay, DMA Columbia College Columbia, SC

Herbert Howells: Two Slow Airs for Organ, arr. Robin Wells, Novello No. 01 0220 (Agent: Theodore Presser Co.), \$5.75.

Howells, who died in 1983, has not escaped the scrutiny of those hoping to find unknown treasures, heretofore unpublished. These two Airs, originally composed for violin and piano, have been arranged for organ solo by Robin Wells. They are gentle and lovely, not too adventuresome in their harmonic language, and are ideal for service use. Each is a little under four minutes in length and of medium difficulty.

Herbert Howells: Six Short Pieces for Organ, ed. Robin Wells, Novello No. 01 0221 (Agent: Theodore Presser Co.), \$10.50.

Although Howells did make sketches for a set of six organ pieces, the group as for a set of six organ pieces, the group as it appears in this edition was compiled by Mr. Wells. Four of the six pieces existed in relatively finished form, while numbers IV and VI required a substantial amount of completion by the editor. The "patchwork" nature of the set results in a variety of difficulty and musical quality. No. I is a two-minute slow movement; No. II is a particularly engaging and exciting "Allegro scherzando," a piece which begs to be learned and performed! A brief Aria with elastic, chantlike solo lines, is the third of the set; the fourth, an "Allegro impetuoso" in G-flat major, is the weakest of the six—the original ending is a subdominant chord in the key of D-flat, so Mr. Wells has provided an alternative so Mr. Wells has provided an alternative ending which reestablishes the tonic G-flat more solidly. No. V is a very short chorale-prelude-like piece; the longest piece of the six (ca. 5½ minutes) is also the last—a fine slow movement with an extended crescendo to a fortissimo climax, then settling back down to a recapitulation of the opening material. The edition contains extensive notes on the editorial procedure used and the sources consulted.

Herbert Howells: Three pieces for organ, ed. Robin Wells, Novello No. 01 0222 (Agent: Theodore Presser Co.) \$8.75

All three of the otherwise unrelated Three pieces existed in essentially com-pleted form at the time of Howells' death, and are here made generally available for the first time. These are more involved, difficult works than the other new Novello issues. The first, Intrata No. 2, is a six-minute slow movement in triple time, with a modal feeling and a big climax toward the end. The piece creates the aura of a stately. dignified English cathedral-style pro-

The four-minute Flourish for a Bidding also has the sound of an improvised cathedral procession—only this one is much more fanfarish. A triumphant solo reed is pretty much indispensable, as is a solid technique. The overly obvious ma-jor seventh in the closing harmony will not appeal to everyone's sense of good

The third piece, St. Louis comes to Clifton, is a three to four minute development of a 15th-century tune, with reflective opening and closing sections framing a forceful *piu mosso* section.

Mussorgsky: "Promenade" from Pictures At An Exhibition, arr. for organ solo by Bryan Hesford, Fentone Music WA4103 (Agent: Theodore Presser Co),

A competent arrangement of a familiar tune which might be used as an off-the-beaten-track wedding processional. Not too difficult; one and a half minutes if played through once as written; registration suggestions for three or four manual organ (modifiable).

Franklin D. Ashdown: Elegy for organ solo, H. W. Gray Publications (division of Belwin-Mills Publishing Corp.)

GSTC 01033, \$2.50.

Ashdown's Elegy is a lovely four-minute slow movement using mixed meters and a good deal of parallel whole-tone harmonic language. Unfortunately, the printed notation is often cryptic; interpreting this music requires a let of nood. preting this music requires a lot of need-less guesswork about the composer's intentions. There are misprints (including a missing pedal note in measure four and incorrect rhythm in measure 25), a misspelling ("semper"), and many instances in which cautionary accidentals would have clarified matters. Through much of the work, the left hand doubles the pedal line, but the registration in the pedal line, but the registration in-structions seem to ask for pedal cou-plers. The piece makes modest technial demands.

New Improvisation Methods Michele Johns: Hymn Improvisation,

Michele Johns: Hymn Improvisation, Augsburg Publishing House 11-6760, 34 pages, \$6.95.

Generally the greatest stumbling block to learning the art of improvisation is finding the self-confidence needed to begin. (This reviewer wasted years searching for that self-confidence before learning to improvise.) While no printed volume can take the place of a sympathetic and encouraging teacher. sympathetic and encouraging teacher, Michele Johns' very fine method would be the next best thing, and certainly a wonderful text to use with a teacher. Johns begins with examples of two-

voice texture: the hymn-tune in one hand and another freely improvised voice in the other. Ideas for creating settings using ostinato figures are given in Chapter Two, making it possible for the beginner to immediately improvise in a musically satisfying way. Subsequent chapters deal with imitation, Ritornello form, Toccata, and finally, ideas on how to begin combining these techniques.

Composed examples from the literature are given throughout, as are fragments to "get the student going." The text, in a "user friendly" style, will not intimidate the beginning student. Highly recommended.

Everett Jay Hilty, Practical Modulation and Improvisation, The New Music Company (Distributed by the Kendale Company, division of SON-KEY, Inc.) NM T-7001, 93 pages, no

price given.

If the textbook by Michele Johns is an example of how to write an improvisa-tion manual, then this one by Everett Jay Hilty contains many examples of how not to do so. The book begins with how not to do so. The book begins with a verbose and turgid explanation of keys, scales, triads, and seventh, ninth, and thirteenth (!) chords, along with many admonitions to memorize this or that formula. Much of this is explained in roundabout language, and is knowledge which must be gained through thorough study of music theory over a period of time. It is difficult to imagine a student who would not be intimidated and overwhelmed by it all.

A substantial amount of space is devoted to harmonizing from the top down—placing chords haphazardly in different inversions under the soprano notes, without concern for functional



(800) 422-0044 Calif., Alaska & Hawaii call (213) 439-0481 1032B Redondo, P.O. Box 91235, Long Beach, CA 90809



Bethlehem, Pennsylvania 18015



progression of the bass line. (The apparent aim is to develop the ability to instantly harmonize any note.) Such a "method" fails to help the student understand how harmony is constructed from the bass upward, and disregards the importance of integrity of individual voice lines.

A good deal of the book deals with modulation, frequently describing in detail how to get from key "X" to G major for "Old Hundredth" purposes. Not only is the concept of modulating between parts of the church service a dated and unnecessary practice, but there is so much more to improvisation that is more interesting, tasteful and useful! Even if the student is required by the authorities to modulate in the service, the written-out examples in this book would not be recommended models since so many of them contain instances of poor voice leading and a trite overuse of the dominant seventh (most students will need to practice not adding the seventh).

The New Music Company has produced a spiral bound book wich appears to be a reproduction of Hilty's original manuscript, i.e., with typed text, unprofessional-looking music calligraphy and pasted-in photocopies of previously printed music.

-James R. Biery

## Music for Voices and Organ by James McCray

Songs of Joy

Make a joyful noise unto the Lord, all ue lands Psalm 100

Although my comments this month are not based on a scientific study, they do represent some general investigation into the topic. This past semester, I read about 700 concert program reviews written by the 100 students in my general music appreciation class. These students represent a wide range of majors and backgrounds, and must attend seven of our concerts, then write evaluative comments on each work on the program. Clearly, it was noted that when a work was not enjoyed, it most often was because it was slow, perhaps a bit too serious, or had those kinds of musical characteristics sometimes associated with melancholy or sadness. Furthermore, this same group of 100 tended to choose fast, joyful movements or works as the ones they enjoyed the most on each of the seven concerts.

This attitude also seems to be true of choir members and congregations. They enjoy anthems that are jubilant more than those that are more ponderous. These songs of joy are preferred because they lift the spirit, provide a fresh, posi-tive enthusiasm, and are often fun.

A random survey of sacred, single-movement works published by compa-nies which feature music for the church indicates that they make more works available that are joyful than those which are introspective. It follows that if people prefer to hear these kinds of settings, then more will be printed. I suspect that this transfers into other areas, too. More people seem to attend comedic movies than those on a pensive, thought-provoking theme. Television programs probably follow that same pattern. In short, the message is that people want to hear songs of joy which, when put in perspective, is the basis of the Christian religion; tomorrow will be better, or, as has been said, "hope springs eternal." So, joyfully, the re-views this month feature those anthems that help us celebrate our faith.

Rejoice in the Lord, William Mathias.

Press, A 359, no price given (M+).

Mathias, one of Great Britain's fine church composers, has created an anthem with moments of polytonality, brevure chords rhythmic energy and bravura chords, rhythmic energy and some unison singing. This 16-page Psalm has frequent divisi passages, but they are not problematical. There are places where Mathias' compositional technique is similar to Stravinsky's as he develops and repeats short motivic ideas. The choir has some unaccompanied singing and the organ part, while not difficult, is very important with frequent solo passages that connect the vocal phrases. There are several sections with tempo and mood changes. This wonderful anthem is recommended for a large choir.

A Joyful Psalm, Jane Marshall. SATB and organ, G.I.A. Publications, Inc., G-3082, \$.90 (M).

Jane Marshall is one of those solid

church composers whose music remains attractive, never overly-difficult, and useful for most types of groups. This current anthem has some biting dissonances which are approached through passing lines and from unisons, so that they are easy to sing. The organ, on two staves, functions as a background for the

voices. There are rhythmic syncopations that heighten interest, but remain un-complicated. The text is based on Psalm 146. This anthem will be of interest to most church choirs.

Sing Alleluia! Sue Ellen Page. Unison treble voices with organ, tambourine and hand drum, Choristers Guild,

CGA-415, \$.85 (E).

Written for children, this revised 1968 setting has four verses and an alleluia refrain. The percussion begins as introduction and is used throughout most of the singing. Optional harmony parts and ostinato patterns for metallophone and alto glockenspiel are given for those groups having Orff instru-ments. This is a charming setting for young voices.

Clap Your Hands, Rene Clausen. SATB unaccompanied, Mark Foster Music Co., MF 2013, \$1.30 (M+m).

Often the sections sustain rhythmic pulsating major seconds, yet these dis-sonances add color to the texture and are structured so that they are not difficult to sing. This Psalm 47 setting is very syncopated and contrapuntal with each choir section contributing to the lively, rhythmic character. The individual lines are not particularly difficult, but there are many divisi areas, and with the independence of the sections, a good choir will be needed. It is exciting and builds to a festive, loud ending.

You Shall Have A Joyous Song, Eugene Butler. SATB and keyboard, Theodore Presser Co., 392-41489, \$.90 (M-).

This is one of those vigorous Butler anthems in which the choir sings in unison and later in parts; the keyboard helps push the music with repeated pulsating chords and some contrasting metric shifts (3+3+2), and there is a typical contrasting middle area that is slower. The bright D major key adds to the gleeful mood. The ranges and character of Butler's piece make it especially useful for youth groups, although adult choirs will enjoy it, too.

Great is the Lord, David Stanley York. SATB, organ and two optional trumpets, Theodore Presser Co., 312-41469, \$.90 (M).

This is almost two anthems because the first half is an original setting of Psalm 96, and then the last half is a choral version of "God of Grace and God of Glory"; the familiar tune is in a modest four parts above the organ accompaniment. Both halves feature trumpet interjections between many of

the phrases. The tessitura for the men tends to be somewhat high, but frequently the women and men sing in parallel thirds. It is a useful anthem for most adult church choirs.

Sing A New Song, Alun Hoddinott. SSAATB and organ, Oxford University

Press, A353, no price given (M+).

Hoddinott (b. 1929) is a Welsh composer of particular note in Europe, although he is less well known in this country. In this anthem, he uses a minimum of musical material, but lets it expand through counterpoint, key change and repetition into a 15-page setting. The organ often plays alternating chords as a background for the voices which tend to move in imitation. At times vertical chords provide contrast. This work is not difficult and would be good for school or church choirs having more women than men. It is a joyful, celebrative setting.

Make A Joyful Noise, Lana Walter. Three part mixed and keyboard, Columbia Pictures Publications, SV 8642,

There is static harmony which holds the sound in place beneath contrapuntal and homophonic theme statement. The last section has an optional descant; the keyboard often has open arpeggios with repeated eighth notes in the right hand. The material is repetitious for both the singers and accompanist, making this easily accessible for young performers.

O Be Joyful! Douglas Wagner, SATB and keyboard, Lorenz Publishing Co., E98, \$.85 (M-).

This is a typical example of what celebrative anthems tend to be. It is very singable with driving keyboard rhythms, has a contrasting section, uses high energy and has harmony that creates a sense of bravura. Singers and congregations will enjoy this anthem, and it is certain to be a winner. The style and ranges make it appropriate for a

Psaume 111, Jean Langlais. SATB and organ, Editions Musicales of Switzer-

land, no price given, (M+).

Organists need no introduction to the name of Langlais; however, choral musicians are less familiar with his literature. This Latin motet is five minutes in duration and uses a wide harmonic scope. It begins with an Alleluia intro-duction that moves through significant dynamic changes. The organ generally doubles the voices except for brief moments. The music is, at times, dissonant and will challenge many groups.





The Ahlborn Computing Organ from West grmany produces sounds unique to wind blown Germany produces sounds up pipes.
It is totally programmable. Every aspect of

It is totally programmable. Every aspect of stoplist, voicing, tuning, wind modulation, attack, decay, and other pipe peculiarities is under computer control and can be changed.

Our Floppy Disk option permits two or more completely different specifications on the same organ, and digital recording and playback of performances.

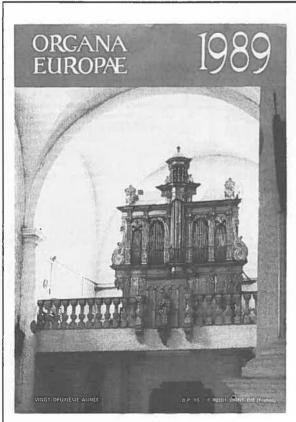
Numerous computer directed pitch generators create true "Multi-Pipe Ensemble". Tone projection can be Werk Prinzip with C and C# output. "Most, upon hearing it, immediately describe

it as the finest organ without pipes. It is unique and unsurpassed." Standard, Custom, or pipe augmented organs available Send us your requirements.

## AHLBORN

"Seit 1955 die europäische Qualitätsmarke" P.O. Box 915011 - Longwood, Florida 32791

(407) 774-6884



For Personal Joy

Professional Information

Christmas Gifts

 Business Associates Just Ready

# **ORGANA** EUROPAE 1989 The International Organ Calendar (Size 10 x 14.5 in.)

With 13 coloured reproductions of gothic, renaissance, rococo and modern organs, of the South of France, from the Mediterranean to the Atlantic coast, protected by a covering of transparent rhodoid.

Price: U.S. \$20. Can. \$25.

It is not too late to order copies of 1970 to 1988 calendars, each at U.S.  $\$15.20;\ Can.\ \$20.$ 

The whole collection of 1970 to 1988 with 260 coloured reproductions. by air mail: U.S. \$335; Can. \$400; by surface mail and packing U.S. \$250; Can. \$320.

Association ORGANA EUROPAE (optional fees) U.S. \$3; Can. \$4.

Orgues en Champagne (60 p.)
Orgues en Normandie (64 p.)
Orgues en Franche-Comté (68 p.)
Orgues en Sud-Rhodanien (72 p.)
Orgues en Lorraine-Mosellane (70 p.)

at each U.S. \$12. Can. \$14.50 IIS \$14 at each Can. \$17.

Please send cheque with your order directly to:

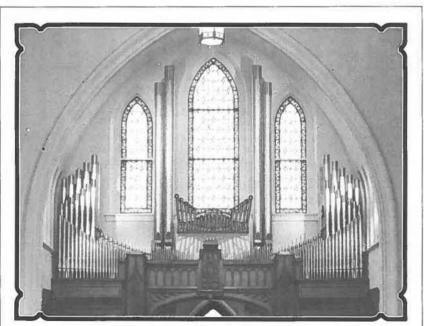
ORGANA EUROPAE

F 88101 Saint-Die, France

A door at the side opens . . . a stooped figure wearing a tuxedo enters, complete with large felt bow tie, and bearing a well-used score . . . as he walks slowly to the empty seat a few rows from the chancel, whispers from members of the audience nearby indicate recognition . . . the lights in the church dim, giving way to brightness at the front . . . then another figure wafts in, seemingly on sails of fuchsia, acknowledges the warm applause with dancing eyes and inviting smile, and seats herself at the piano . . . the long muted chords hover in F-sharp major, leading the listeners to a world of stillness and awe . . .

Olivier Messiaen is eighty. It can hardly be possible—his music has never seemed to be anything but modern, positive, and exotic, with never a hint of nostalgia. He has not appeared to grow old in his music because of its uniqueness, largely free from traits which would tie it to a particular period of the century. He has not undergone a total style transformation on the order of Stravinsky or Schönberg. Rather, the process has been one of assimilation: from the early days of La Nativité, Rather, the process has been one of assimilation: from the early days of La Nativité, all those unique trademarks of rhythm, modes and color were there, waiting to be expanded and refined into a language embracing seemingly disparate ideas from all over the world. And those ideas—original, sharply defined, obsessive: is there a more graphic expression of the Incarnation than the granitic descending pedal statement that opens "Dieu parmi nous"? or of evil in the subterranean growl of the Apocalyptic beast in "Offertoire" of Messe de la Pentecôte? or of utter peace and innocence, heard in the call of the yellowhammer at the end of Méditations sur le mystère de la Sainte Trinité? And what holds all these highly distinctive inventions together? Baldly quoted Gregorian chant; birdsong from Iran; thoughts of St together? Baldly quoted Gregorian chant; birdsong from Iran; thoughts of St. Thomas Aquinas dressed up in ascetic, glistening serial passages; sensuous, lush chords: all these simply co-exist in works of the last twenty years or so (e.g., Méditations), not even seeming to conform to Messiaen's modes, or rhythmic patterns. The familiar long, slow movements; pieces that begin without beginning; movements made of many sections which just seem to hang beside each other like mobiles, slowly turning in the air: Messiaen has made time stand still—in his music, at least.

David John Palmer, a native of Canada, holds bachelor and master of music degrees from the University of Michigan, where he studied with Robert Glasgow. In the spring of 1981, he did sabbatical study with Yvonne Loriod on Messiaen's piano music. Palmer has performed recitals throughout Canada, the U.S., England and France, and holds the positions of Professor at the University of Windsor, Ontario, and Organist and Choirmaster, All Saints' Anglican Church, Windsor, Ontario, and is currently President of the Royal Canadian College of Organists.



## IRST BAPTIST CHURO HENDERSON, KENTUCKY

# Great (Exposed) principal rohrflote

- saliciona
- vo x celeste dulciana
- octave
- rohrflote

- ronflote
  dolce 2
  super octave
  mixture
  trompette
  trompette en chamade
  chimes
  cymbelstern

- Swell (Enclosed) lieblich gedeckt geigen diapason stopped flute salicional
- voix celeste to

- 2 2/3'
  - 8
- voix celeste tc geigen octave koppelflöte nasat blockflöte trompette oboe trompette en chamade TC trompette en chamade trompette en chamade tremolo

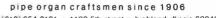


bourdon lieblich gedeckt principal gedeckt choralbass gedeckt posaune oboe trompete en chamade

Pedal

16'

resultant principal



phone (618) 654-2191 • 1100 5th street • highland, illinois 62249

Rainbows, bells, gongs, sound-colors circling around the hall . . . the two pianos alternately clash, hum or chant as the audience listens at the composer's door on the eternal. At the first piano, the animated face watches as her hands, with unerring accuracy and supple ease, fire the strings into kaleidoscopes of brilliant chords and runs; at the second piano, the ever reflective face presides over the organ-like underpinnings of the edifice, counting meticulously now and then .

The wellspring for his vast creative output is, of course, his undoubting religious The wellspring for his vast creative output is, or course, his undoubting rengious faith, a frame of mind more common in the Middle Ages than in our century. In his oft-stated purpose, that his music is "intended to bring out the theological truths of the Catholic faith", Messiaen speaks of musical "dazzlement which gives birth to Reverence, Adoration, [and] Praise", an expression fully understood by anyone who has been inside the cathedral of Chartres, or seen an illuminated medieval manuscript. Yet the beliefs of the past do not make Messiaen an antiquarian: a probing mind given to scientific observation places him squarely in our time. "Expansion of space and time; galaxies, photons, contrary spirals, inverse lightning" he writes in the inscription for the sixth movement ("By Him was everything made") of 20 Regards for the piano—we could be reading here the latest speculations in the world of physics. Most clearly though, the birds which so distinguish his scores identify his exhaustive research methods: he is a trained and experienced ornithoidentify his exhaustive research methods: he is a trained and experienced ornithologist, having travelled to nearly every continent to study the behaviour patterns of birds and their environment, as well as their song. It is well known that he notates the latter and reproduces it as closely as the twelve-note scale will permit, constantly inventing harmonies to match the actual timbre of the call. In recent years, this obsession for representational accuracy in things natural has led him to New Caledonia to gather the songs of birds for his opera Saint-François and to the deserts of Israel for those expressed in "Manna and the Bread of Life" from Livre du Saint Sacrement. Interestingly enough, Messiaen's fascination with matters of faith, so out of step with this century, may actually turn out to be a harbinger of a general shift in consciousness away from a materialistic approach. Rössler notes a "deeper understanding" of Messiaen's music as part of a "more intuitive, emotional way [of seeing things] extending far into the subconscious".

In the splendor of the Paris Opera, Francis has been hymned into heaven in a son-et-lumière spectacle which ignites the audience into a twenty-minute long ovation. The packed house doubles the volume of its tribute as the figure in the trade-mark tuxedo comes slowly to the front of the stage, surrounded by the cast, the huge orchestra and chorus, all joining in the general acclaim. The composer moves eagerly from one person on stage to another, rendering his appreciation in return, careful not to miss anyone . . .

While performances of the music of Messiaen have not yet permeated the main-stream of the orchestra or the piano to the degree they have in the organ world, stream of the orchestra or the piano to the degree they have in the organ world, Messiaen's place as a composer is as prominent as anyone's can be amid the pluralism of styles that mark the late 20th century. The many studies of his compositional techniques routinely mention their unique character; indeed, Paul Griffiths opens his study, stating that "Messiaen is the first great composer whose works exist entirely after, and to a large degree apart from, the great Western tradition4". They also stress, however, how much he was in the forefront of new developments in the 1930s through the 50s, first in his modes of limited transposition, additive rhythm, and in his fascination with palindromes, permutation processes, serialism (in a modal sense), and ideas based on prime numbers (much of this rigorously exemplified in *Livre d'Orgue*). He shared a general interest with many composers of the time in the mathematical structures of musical form, thought processes which linked them all, as Rowell observes5, to their counterparts of the ancient world, when music was studied for its numerical properties as much as for anything else. when music was studied for its numerical properties as much as for anything else. Messiaen did not, however, like his pupil Boulez, move completely into serial techniques, choosing instead to incorporate their elegant severity as one more element in the mosaic of his broadly-based musical tongue.

In the chancel, surrounded by some five dozen absorbed faces, the organist speaks in low, reverent tones of her experiences, both spiritual and physical, in preparing the premiere the night before of Livre du Saint Sacrement . . . then, eyes turn as the composer enters and moves toward the empty chair at the entrance to the sanctuary . . . warm applause from the group, now standing . . . the sage shares his lifelong reflections on the meaning of the Eucharist (having come full circle from Le Banquet célèste) . . . a question from the audience prompts a lighthearted

"Why have you not written anything for both organ and orchestra?"

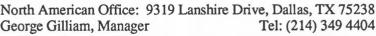
The property of instruments the organ is "Because the orchestra is the Emperor of instruments, the organ is the Pope, and the two don't work together.

One of the surest measures of the man must be seen in his teaching. His unfailing insights into music—past, present and in formation—have led hundreds of young composers to his classes in Paris and elsewhere. The trademark common to the styles

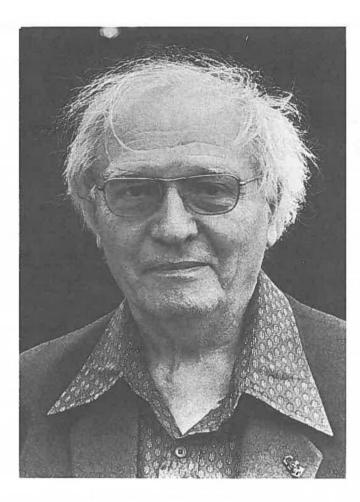
J.W.WALKER & SONS LTD. **BRANDON · SUFFOLK · ENGLAND** 

Mechanical Action Organs in the best English tradition

North American Office: 9319 Lanshire Drive, Dallas, TX 75238



W



of all of them, however, is the absence of his. Respect for their individuality predominates, even though his own analyses are often highly personal (as one reads in his remarks on Mozart, Bach, Stravinsky, and many others). And the teacher goes well beyond the classroom: so that understanding of his music shall be available to all, he has provided detailed program notes to each of his works, whether for performance or recording. Further, no Messiaen devotee will want to be unfamiliar with the extensive published interviews with Antoine Golea, Claude Samuel, and Almut Rössler. Clarity of thought, thoroughness of expression, patience in presentation: no question from a sincere follower lacks a full response.

The vast interior of Sainte Trinité throws back the pompous color-chords of the organ as the bishop enters in long procession . . . during Communion, unmistakable sound complexes on the celestes resonate with the stained-glass windows in the chancel, overlaid by delicate melodic streamers from the 16-2% flute solos, darkened all the while by the distant 32-foot pedal . . . at the end of Mass, as the procession winds out the doors at the front, the organ's triads move from glowing embers to intense flames as the reeds come on in luminous, turning sonorities . . . it is Trinity Sunday . . .

It is the liturgy, and his improvisations in it, that have generated Messiaen's organ music, even though it is not intended for church use (with the exception of Messe de la Pentecôte). One would believe, on reading the Conversations with Samuel<sup>6</sup>, that this work was, in fact, the end of his improvisations, but a trip to the Trinité in Paris would dispel that, comparing Messiaen's liturgical expressions there with several movements of both Méditations and Saint Sacrement (confirmed in Musique et Couleur<sup>7</sup>, with regard to the former, at least). Certainly, Halbreich characterizes Messiaen as mainly an organ composer up until 19408, and it is not difficult to see his predilections for extremely slow tempi and unusual sonorities as having their source in the organ with its austere, unending tone, and its mutations and mixtures Given the almost complete primacy of the organ works amongst all others of this century, the piano remains nevertheless his favorite instrument, as he has stated often (his favorite pianist is, of course, his wife, Yvonne Loriod). Clyde Holloway places the organ works, though not the most important items of Messiaen's oeuvre, as being central to developments in language9: hindu rhythms in Nativité and Corps developments are all languages and control to the most important items of Messiaen's oeuvre, glorieux, serialism and birdsong in Pentecôte and especially Livre d'Orgue, and total synthesis in Méditations. Saint Sacrement may be seen to continue this synthesis on an even larger scale: Gregorian chant, sound-color, birdsong, some "communicable language," and so on.



They are on vacation in the countryside in the interior of France . . . one day, while sitting outside, she exclaims:

"Listen, do you hear that bird? that's a curlew!"

He listens, then says, "Nonsense, that's not a curlew—we're too far inland."
"No," she insists, "that is a curlew—listen to its pattern."
"It can't be," he says. She hands him the binoculars.

After a few minutes, he lowers them, and, in amazement, admits that it is indeed a curlew.

Given Messiaen's deep faith and its almost complete expression in works with a religious content, it is natural to compare him with Bach. Rössler asked him how he felt about this in her 1983 interview<sup>10</sup>, at which time he acknowledged that the "spiritual content" of the music of both was the same. Messiaen has always seen himself as a musical evangelist. During Mass one Sunday in 1974 (as Rössler tells himself as a musical evangelist. During Mass one Sunday in 1974 (as Rössler tells it<sup>11</sup>), the priest referred to Messiaen's improvisations as being particularly apt for the readings that day. Messiaen said, "That's one of the greatest joys in my life . . . I'm recognized as a co-messenger of the Word . . ." At the 1986 premiere of Saint Sacrement, many found the eleventh movement ("The Appearance of the Risen Christ to Mary Magdalene") especially direct in its appeal. Really a self-contained mini-drama, it is a very unusual (for Messiaen) depiction of human character, reflective no doubt of his then recent experiences in writing about Francis of Assisi in the opera. Perhaps Messiaen saw himself in Mary's encounter with Christ, and her mission, in His command, to "go and find my brothers and tell them my words: I am going to my Father . . .". I am going to my Father.

This year, Messiaen has been invited by "his brothers" and is "telling them my words," in a myriad number of festivals and concerts of his music, in honor of his eightieth year. The "Prophet Bird" (in Claude Samuel's echo of Schumann¹²) and his "Oriole" are flying to nearly every continent as apostles, receiving tributes and veneration, but most of all surely, a deep satisfaction that his visions of the divine presence have reached receptive listeners the world over.

References:
Griffiths, Paul. Olivier Messiaen and the Music of Time. Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press, 1985.
Halbreich, Harry. Olivier Messiaen. Paris: Fayard/Fondation SACEM, 1980.
Holloway, Clyde. "The Organ Works of Olivier Messiaen and Their Importance in His Total Oeuvre." SMD thesis, Union Theological Seminary, New York, 1974. [Microfilm, Ann Arbor: University Microfilms International.]
Johnson, Robert Sherlaw. Messiaen. Berkeley and Los Angeles: University of California

and Los Angeles: University of California

and Los Angeles: University of California Press, 1975.

Messiaen, Olivier. Musique et Couleur, Nou-veaux entretiens avec Claude Samuel. Paris: Pierre Belfond, 1986.

Rössler, Almut. Contributions to the Spiri-tual World of Olivier Messiaen. Duisburg: Gilles und Francke, 1986.

Rowell, Lewis. Thinking about Music. Am-

herst: The University of Massachusetts Press, 1983.

Press, 1983.
Samuel, Claude. Conversations with Olivier Messiaen, trans. Felix Aprahamian. London: Stainer and Bell, 1976. [Original French edition, Paris: Editions Pierre Belfond, 1967.]

#### Notes:

Notes:
1. Samuel, Conversations, p. 2.
2. Messiaen, Conférence de Notre Dame (found in Rössler, Contributions, p. 62).
3. Rössler, Contributions, p. 124.
4. Griffiths, Olivier Messiaen, p. 15.
5. Rowell, Thinking About Music, p. 231.
6. Samuel, Conversations, p. 6.
7. Messiaen, Musique et Couleur, p. 135.
8. Halbreich, Olivier Messiaen, p. 31.
9. Holloway, Class, 19-21 June, 1978, Cleveland, Ohio. 9. Holloway, Sand, Jand, Ohio. 10. Rössler, Contributions, p. 139. 11. Rössler, Contributions, p. 137. 12. Messiaen, Musique et Couleur, p. 12

## BERGHAUS ORGAN COMPANY, INC.

New Instruments, Rebuilding, Tuning and Maintenance. Est. 1967 537 SOUTH 25TH AVENUE • BELLWOOD, ILLINOIS 60104 • (312) 544-4052



MANUAL I Gedackt 8' Principal 4' 2' Gemshorn Quinte 1-1/3

MANUAL II Gedackt Gemshorn 4 Principal 2' Klein Octave 1'

PEDAL Gedacktbass 16 Gedackt 8' Gemshorn 4' 2' Principal

Wind Pressure 50mm

Residence of the Clerics of St. Viator (Fr. John Palmer, C.S.V.) Lisle, Illinois

## **Old Symbols-New Language:** An examination of Olivier Messiaen's Méditations sur le Mystère de la Sainte Trinité

Janette Fishell

God's creations are enclosed in time, and time is one of God's strangest creatures because it is totally opposed to Him who is without beginning, end or succession.\(^1\)

The music of Olivier Messiaen seems to reside outside the everyday realm of expected progression and predictable resolution. It is a world of harmonic stasis, rhythms which are guided by pulse rather than by meter, and the unmeasured song of both birds and monks. Like the Catholic theology which he wishes to champion, Messiaen disregards the arrow of time.

In view of this it comes as no surprise that a work written rather late in his career, the Méditations sur le Mystère de la Sainte Trinité (1969), contains, side-by-side, highly contrasting elements which represent all of his previous periods.<sup>2</sup> In this cycle voix celeste added-sixth chords of his first published organ composition, Banquet céleste (1928), and austere trios of Livre d'orgue (1951) are joined by birdsong, Gregorian chant, Hindu rhythm, Greek meter and the modes of limited transposition. tion. Even the title is drawn from an earlier composition—the final movement of Corps Glorieux (1939).

For some, Pierre Boulez's comment "Messiaen doesn't compose, he juxtaposes may seem an apt description of the *Méditations*. However, an investigation into the essence of the music and its inherent symbolism reveals an intricately conceived and skillfully unified cycle in which musical style is shaped by theological concepts. In this light the work ceases to resemble a musical "patchwork" and becomes a "sermen in tones."

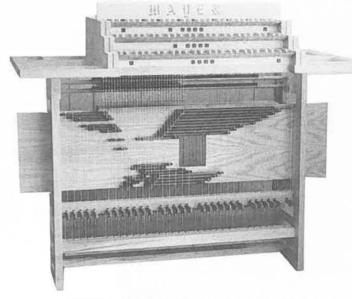
mon in tones.

If one agrees with Paul Griffiths when he states that, "his (Messiaen's) music exudes a joy that the old chains of cause and effect have been forgotten," then such diversity seems inevitable. The language of the *Méditations* can be viewed not so much as a summation of Messiaen's life work but as the natural response to the mystery of the Trinity. It is the response of one who has continued to explore new artistic ground while refusing to limit musical style to particular compositional periods. Messiaen, in his disregard for the expected progression of stylistic change, has given us a powerful symbol for Eternity.

Janette Fishell, an honors graduate of Indiana University and Northwestern University, is Assistant Professor of Music at the University of North Alabama, Florence. Many of her contemporary music recitals have gained national attention including the complete Messiaen Méditations and the U.S. premiere of Petr Eben's Faust for organ. Dr. Fishell is a frequent reviewer of new music and, in July of 1986, published an article on Eben's Faust in THE DIAPASON

## Karl Mayer Organ Builders Inc.

- MECH. KEYBOARDS \$520.00
- **ELECTRIC KEYBOARDS \$685.00**
- II MAN. MECH. CONSOLE CHASSIS WITH KEYBOARD \$3540.00



#### **CONSIDERED ADVANTAGES OF BUYING** "TOP QUALITY MADE IN USA":

- uncomplicated shipping shorter delivery time
- no exchange rate
- easy ordering through direct communication

26 Hwy. 146 N. • Texas City, TX 77590 • (409) 945-7958

As in so many of the composer's works, program notes provide insight into the nature of this lengthy cycle. In addition to his notes regarding the individual movements, an explanation of the most sensationalized compositional element, "le langage communicable," hereafter referred to as "LC," is provided. This system is based on a musical alphabet of Messiaen's own construction in which each letter is assigned a pitch, register and duration. It is employed in only three movements to spell text from the Summa Theologica of St. Thomas Aquinas, the medieval theo-

spell text from the Summa Theologica of St. Thomas Aquinas, the medieval theologian whose writings Messiaen has often consulted. In addition to this alphabet, a series of melodic formulas, or leitmotifs, embodies the most important religious personages, the verbs "avoir" and "être" and grammatical cases which signify the part of speech used in the quotation.

It is quite obvious that text spelled by this musical alphabet is not aurally comprehensible to even the most skilled listener. As Robert Sherlaw Johnson points out "... even when one knows the key to the language of the work, the message remains hidden and difficult to perceive just as the Mystery of the Holy Trinity itself is hidden and difficult to comprehend." Perhaps Messiaen's discussion of methods of communication between angels which is contained earlier in his preface, and supported by quotations from the Summa Theologica, hints at his real motive for the ciphers—that the "LC" is not for human comprehension but divine.

The elusive quality of this alphabet has overshadowed the more musically direct leitmotifs which the composer uses in nearly all of the movements. These motifs are formed from similar figures (especially "Dieu," "Fils" and "Esprit") and nearly every statement is at its original pitch level. Therefore it would not be unreasonable to assume that a sensitive listener could often identify at least three motifs of the Trinity if given the figures in a program note.

to assume that a sensitive listener could often identify at least three motifs of the Trinity if given the figures in a program note.

It seems appropriate that Messiaen used such a highly symbolic language to depict one of the greatest mysteries of Christianity. The composer's aim here is not to explain or understand—that would be incomprehensible. Rather, it is an attempt to evoke through music and text a sense of the mystery of the Trinity. His own words remind us that, for Messiaen, words, music and color are not just pretty symbols but agents for change. "There does exist a white magic, and that's a symbolical quest for the power of language, sounds or colors for the influence of certain things..." certain things .

The challenge of achieving a balance between unity and contrast is especially great in a large cycle such as the *Méditations*. An overview of this work reveals a multitude of shared material as well as interesting areas of contrast (see Chart A). In

Chart A: Motivic Connections I II III IV V VI VII VIII IX x x x Hindu Rhythm Trio Texture x x x Leitmotifs

addition to musical demarcation, the movements are grouped according to theological concerns which can be summarized in the following manner:

The Trinity and Relationships Between Its Members

Father and Son Meditations 2, 6

Defining the Essence of God Meditations 5, 8

God Revealed by God

Because a detailed analysis of symbolism in the Méditations is well beyond the scope of this article, the importance of harmony, color, rhythm and form must be the subject of a future essay. The following discussion, which addresses the parameters of number, "LC," chant and birdsong, examines the overt and subtle ways in which Messiaen has translated religious concepts into musical gestures. **Numerical Symbolism** 

The most obvious Trinitarian symbolism can be seen in the nine movement structure (3 × 3). Furthermore, only three movements (1, 3, 7) are based on the least comprehensible (hence the most mysterious) musical element—the musical alphabet of the "LC." One might expect that the third movement would be set apart from all others and this is the case by the nature of its length and form.<sup>8</sup>

In addition to Trinitarian symbolism, the importance of the prime number seven is highlighted by making the seventh movement the final area to small text from

is highlighted by making the seventh movement the final one to spell text from Aquinas. The emphasis on seven, the number of Creation, seems to be a subtle representation of those who were before this world and before Time itself. Such

Example 1. Corps Glorieux, mvt. 7

VII\_ LE MYSTÈRE DE LA SAINTE TRINITÉ

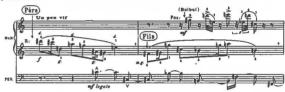


#### Meditations, mvt. 4

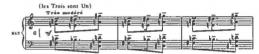
flageolet 2, 3" 13, piccolo 1 - Pos. en 16, 8, 4 - > ) (Ped: vcl., fl. 4 -)



#### Meditations, mvt. 7



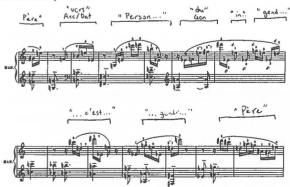
Example 2. Meditations, mvt. 8



Example 3. Meditations, mvt. 7



Example 4. Meditations, mvt. 1



Example 5. Meditations, myt. 1



symbolism can also be seen in the link between this movement and the seventh and final movement from Messiaen's *Corps Glorieux* which appears to be the spiritual parent of the entire *Méditations*.

The relationship between the "Méditations sur le Mystère de la Sainte Trinité" of

Corps Glorieux and the later cycle by the same name points to important similarities in musical texture. In movements four and seven of the Méditations Messiaen includes the trio texture which was used in Corps Glorieux to pay tribute to the the Holy Trinity. Griffiths describes this texture as sounding, "not (like) counterpoint but heterophony; the simultaneous presentation of lines that continue to be felt as utterly distinct" (Example 1). Although the third movement of the Méditations is not in strict trio texture it is undeniably divided into three separate musical strata underscored by the registration and independent cycles of rhythmic repetition. A similar instance of symbolism occurs in the fourth variation section of the first movement which uses three separate ostinato segments simultaneously to evoke the

Pitch material is also filled with numerological symbolism. In the eighth meditation the composer alerts listeners to the "Three in One" by repeating a section of three chords which have the ternary rhythms  $\cup - \cup$  (Example 2). The symbolism of the number seven can be seen in the seven "mysterious" chords which begin and end movement seven (Example 3).

Communicable Language
Although the nature of the Communicable Language is relatively simple to Although the nature of the Communicable Language is relatively simple to understand, the embodiment of it is often more subtle. In the first movement Messiaen accompanies the theme "Father of the Stars" with right hand counterpoint which he describes only as "disjointed." In reality, the pitches of this disjunct line "spell" both partial and complete words, randomly ordered, which will appear later in the movement. In contrast to the later section, this partial statement is not marked by the composer so the meaning remains hidden to both listener and performer (Example 4). The progression during the course of the movement from veiled words to labeled text brings to mind the verse from Corinthians 13:12, "Now we look at a reflection in a mirror dimly but then we shall see face to face."

The other dimension of the "LC," that of the leitmotif, is also introduced in the first movement. The motifs for "Père," the verbs "être" and "avoir" and several grammatical cases occur alongside the alphabet thereby acting as a kind of musical shorthand (Example 5).

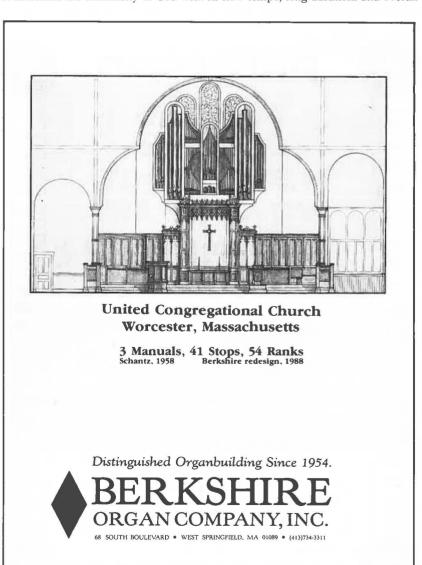
grammatical cases occur alongside the alphabet thereby acting as a kind of musical shorthand (Example 5).

One of the most subtle instances of Messiaen's musical symbolism can be found in the principal motif of movement one. The theme, marked "Le Père des étoiles," is not constructed from either the alphabet or leitmotifs of the "LC." Moreover, it is used in only the first movement. This singular occurrence is strange when the cycle is viewed as a whole, for every other major motif can be traced to the "LC." The explanation for this motif can be found in the statement of Aquinas which precedes the meditation in which God is described as not being from another—God is unengendered. The obvious musical parallel, then, is that the movement is based upon a theme which is not derived from pre-existing musical language which shapes upon a theme which is not derived from pre-existing musical language which shapes the remaining meditations.

As has been noted previously, the alphabet occurs in three movements only. Elsewhere, with the notable exception of the second and sixth meditations, leitmotifs are used. These themes most often evoke images or "color" the music rather

that are used. These themes most often evoke images of color the music rather than spell text literally. In some instances, however, they are used in combination to convey more specific theological tenets.

The fifth movement, a meditation on the attributes of God, begins with the distinctive theme "Dieu" in the lower register of the organ played on the 16′ basson. It illustrates the immensity of God with its slow tempo, long durations and overall



gravity (Example 6). Later in the same movement two motifs initially heard in the first and fourth movements, "Pére" and "Fils," are combined in a rapid passage of semiquavers. Father and Son are thus combined to form "le Souffle de l'Éspirit" (Example 7)—a reference to the inseparability of the members of the Trinity.

The closest the composer comes to motivic development can be seen in his treatment of the "Souffle de l'Esprit" theme. In movement five this linear motif is transformed into vertical chords which accompany augmented statements of "Dieu" in the pedal (Example 8). This exciting toccata is balanced by a similar passage in the last movement in which the same theme accompanies fragments of "Dieu" and "Fils" (Example 9). Although Messiaen describes these as development sections the non-directional modal language, repetitive rhythmic units and almost exact duplication of material at various pitch levels brings to mind Messiaen's earlier toccatas such as "Dieu parmi nous." Such works have been described as, "the race around a circle joined by repetition... in an ecstasy of stasis." Indeed, such race around a circle joined by repetition . . . in an ecstasy of stasis." <sup>10</sup> Indeed, such outpourings seem to evoke effectively both the timeless majesty and great power of God, Christ and the Holy Spirit.

God, Christ and the Holy Spirit.

There are instances, however, when Messiaen's meanings remain veiled even when the motifs are deciphered. Movement eight, the meditation whose form is most fragmented by symbols, contains a single line which is constructed from three interlocking leitmotifs representing "être" and the cases for genitive and accusative/dative (Example 10). Its relationship to the accompanying scripture (Paul 11:33 "O depth of the riches of the wisdom and knowledge of God!") is not obvious except for the low register and 16' pitch which signify "depth." Perhaps the composer is again communicating on a celestial plane. On the other hand it is highly possible that he just liked the sound of these motifs regardless of an extra-musical meaning. meaning.

#### Chant

One can easily see the importance of the "LC" in generating motivic material. But what of the movements which totally eschew the use of this system? Chant, the most obvious element shared between them, has long been a part of the composer's musical technique. It is understandable that the music which, for centuries, was considered the truest form of church music would serve as another kind of com-

municable language in movements two and six.

As one might expect, Messiaen's use of chant in only a few movements is steeped in symbolism. As outlined earlier, both the second and sixth movements are theologically linked to Christ, and the appearance of plainsong in these movements seems to be tied to references of Christ in the supporting text. Although the "Fils" motif occurs in other meditations, the chant statements in meditations two and six seem to emphasize the God/Man who suffered as a human even as he brought divine salvation. Like Christ who took on the humanly recognizable form of Jesus, the music adopts more comprehensible and familiar melodies. This interpretation is supported by the inclusion of chant in only one of the "LC" movements (the eighth) where it is accompanied by Christ's words.

Messiaen's chant settings can be divided into three general categories: harmonized, modally re-interpreted and monophonic. The passages of harmonized chant contain parallel triadic structures, chords constructed from the modes of "limited" transposition" which were made famous in his Technique de mon langage musical of 1942, and the more ordinary mode of Mixolydian transposed to the key center of

A (Example 11)

For the most part Messiaen uses chant in a form close to the original. However, movement six contains modally-reworked sections which are reminiscent of all earlier organ works excluding Livre d'orgue. In these passages the composer strays from a faithful reproduction of the Gregorian Gradual for the Mass of Epiphany and presents it in mixed modes of limited transposition (Example 12).



In the monophonic chant statements the composer blurs the lines between plainsong, Hindu jâti and birdsong by employing many repeated-note ngures. Annual Griffiths emphasizes the references such sections make to earlier monodies in Corps Glorieux, the aural impression is one of linking chant to the birdsong which follows the clarger than in the second meditation where the Alleluia for the Dedication is extended by many repeated notes. This figure foreshadows similar motifs in several birdsongs used later in the movement (Example 13). The final chant harmonization which leads to the movement's last cry of the Yellowhammer recurs in subsequent movements.

#### Example 6. Meditations, mvt. 5



#### Example 7. Meditations, mvt. 5



Example 8. Meditations. mvt. 5



Example 9. Meditations, mvt. 9



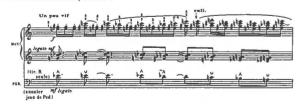
Example 10. Meditations, mvt. 8.



Example 11. Meditations, mvt. 2

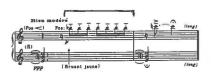


Example 12. Meditations, mvt. 6



Example 13. Meditations, mvt. 2





Birdsona

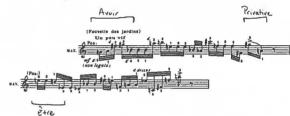
Melodic constructions such as those found in movement two, where the songs of humans and birds unite in order to praise Christ, lead naturally to an examination of birdsong in the Méditations. A glance at Chart A reveals that, like the "LC birdsong is organized into two categories. Four movements use various birdsongs for much of their thematic material and four are linked through their use of an ornithological leitmotif—the song of the Yellowhammer. In contrast to the dissonant heterophony of leitmotif trios using Hindu rhythms and lengthy prose in the "LC" alphabet, birdsong is a refreshing interval of rhythmic and melodic freedom. Trevor Hold's statement that Messiaen's use of birdsong "... is a means of freeing himself from self-imposed restrictions . . ." is supported by the composer's own

If you want symbols, let us go on to say that the bird is a symbol of freedom . . . I doubt that one can find any human music, however inspired, melodies and rhythms that have the sovereign freedom of birdsong.  $^{12}$ 

Mention has been made of the influence of birdsong on chant within the second movement. Here two different species seem to join in praise of God and, in so doing, influence one another's songs both melodically and harmonically. The motivic similarities between the Garden Warbler of movement nine and the leitmotifs for the verbs "être" and "avoir" illustrate the influence of one communicable language upon another (Example 14). But these represent only one aspect of bird symbolism. The fourth movement, built almost entirely of birdsong, is described by Messiaen as The fourth movement, built almost entirely of birdsong, is described by Messiaen as "strange . . . evoking some unknown dimension . . . almost all of this piece locates a mood, preparing the final vision." To that end many different birds sing in succession. These are not the pleasant warblings of the Blackbird, Garden Warbler or Blackcap found in the second and ninth movements. Here one finds the mighty screech of the Black Woodpecker and the long, unpredictable solo of the Song Thrush (Example 15). These distinctive songs are contrasted with some of Messiaen's favorite "sound effects" such as silk which is being torn or drops of water. Suddenly, chords in contracted resonance (related to the third mode of limited transposition) succeed the song of the Ring Ouzel. This "final vision" to which Messiaen refers is the account of divine revelation in Exodus when God proclaims, "I am!" The chords, which correspond to the accentuation of the text "Je suis," abruptly end. Nature returns, in the form of the lonely call of an owl, seemingly

abruptly end. Nature returns, in the form of the lonely call of an owl, seemingly

#### Example 14. Meditations, mvt. 9



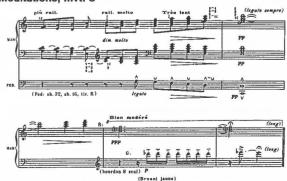
#### Example 15. Meditations, mvt. 4

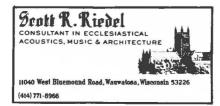


## Example 16. Meditations, mvt. 4



#### Example 17. Meditations, mvt. 8







oblivious to the presence of God (Example 16).

In this chain of events Paul Griffiths sees a possible analogy to the divinity of

If this may be taken as a metaphor of nature's ignorance of God other parts of the work would suggest that the whole of nature . . . is joined in a celebration of him: the ignorance is the ignorance of innocence, the ignorance in nature of the fact that it manifests the divine. <sup>13</sup>

Some of the symbolism in the seventh movement has been mentioned previously in regard to similarities with Corps Glorieux. However the most fascinating bit of symbolism is not found in the text of Aquinas nor in the "Trinitarian Trio" but in the introduction which reveals a deeper connection between three important elements of Messiaen's world—time, color and nature.

The rhythmic organization of the mode three chords which open the movement is extremely important. Messiaen, speaking of the 'color' of the rhythm, reveals that, to him, time has color. The next element is an unknown bird whose song the composer transcribed in Iran. Messiaen informs us that the bird was singing at sunset. The last element in the introduction consists of chords in contracted resonance that give the impression of "four hours which fade away." These seemingly unrelated events introduce the austere "LC" and return at the end of the movement. The relationships between these sections can be sketched in the following way:

7 Chords Important Ordering of Durations = color of time Birdsong Heard at Sunset Contracted Resonance Chords like 4 hours fading = time of color = color and time

This symbolic unification, although not audibly recognizable, illustrates the intri-

cate ways in which Messiaen interweaves various aspects of his musical language.

The song of the Yellowhammer, the last bird to be discussed, occurs only in the concluding measures of four movements. Given its prominent position and brief song it can be retained in the ear of the listener in much the same way as some of the soing it can be retained in the ear of the listener in much the same way as some of the leitmotifs. Unlike these motifs, however, the bird does not carry with it an unchanging symbol. Furthermore, only the eighth meditation features text in connection with the Yellowhammer. However, the ascending triads, rather than the bird, seem to illustrate the Psalm text, "Would that I had wings like a dove I would fly away and be at rest." The bird's characteristic cadence which functions as an added-sixth does indicate, perhaps, that although he ascends into the sky, the Psalmist has not est found seet. (Except 17) yet found rest (Example 17). In every Yellowhammer statement a stable triadic resolution is thrown off balance by the added-sixth resulting in an open-ended harmonic structure. The final bit of symbolism being, one might suppose, that even after nine lengthy meditations on the mystery of the Holy Trinity, an agent of God (the Yellowhammer) is ever-present—reminding us that the mystery is unfathomable

Although even a brief discussion of form is prohibited in an examination of this scope, it should be apparent that the shared material and common processes which are present in the *Méditations* result in the overall cyclic nature of the work. The various aspects of the "LC," birdsong, numerical symbolism, textures, and chant define both overt and subtle connections between each of the movements as well as between this work and others by the composer. In the end, the piece, like the Holy Trinity itself, retains aspects of form without being organized into any easily identifiable form.

It is fascinating to note that the raison d'être behind the cycle is, itself, steeped in mystery and symbol. In giving creative voice to his theological beliefs, Messiaen produced a three-pronged line of communication between himself and the world. the Trinity and the world, and, in the unlabeled messages which stem from Messiaen's soul, the composer and the members of the Trinity. Yet even after one has learned to translate some of this language the mystery remains. It should come as no surprise that the full meaning of the Méditations will most likely remain incompresentation. hensible to all save its creator.

Notes
1. Olivier Messiaen quoted in Claude Samuels, Conversations with Olivier Messiaen, translated by Felix Aprahamian (London: Stainer and Bell, 1976 [original edition 1967]).
2. The composer's latest work for organ, Livre du Saint Sacrement (A. Leduc, Paris), also seems to display characteristics of this stylistic synthesis.
3. Pierre Boulez quoted in Paul Griffiths, Olivier Messiaen and the Music of Time (Ithaca: Cornell University Press, 1985), 157.
4. Griffiths, Olivier Messiaen, Introduction.
5. The complete "LC" and Messiaen's prefatory notes can be found in the score (Paris: Alphonse Leduc, 1973) or in "Messiaen's Organ Works: The Composer's Aesthetic and Analytical Notes," compiled and translated by Jon Gillock, Music/The AGO-RCCO Magazine, December 1978, 42–54.
6. Robert Sherlaw Johnson, Messiaen (Los Angeles: University of California Press, 1975), 175.
7. Olivier Messiaen quoted in Samuels, Conver-

sations, 20.

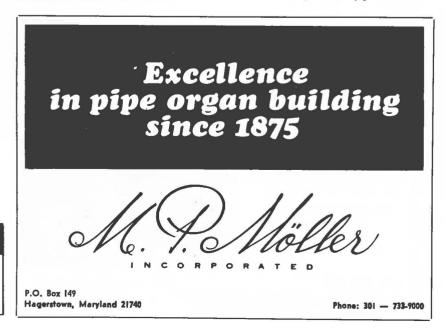
8. It is interesting to note a parallel between the third movement of this cycle and that of Robert Schumann's Opus 60 Fugues on the Name B-A-C-H. Messiaen mentions Schumann and Richard Wagner in his preface when referring to composers who made use of musical ciphers and leitmotifs. Both of these movements are the third ones in their respective collections, the shortest and the only ones to be in a single section.

9. Griffiths, Olivier Messiaen, Introduction.

10. Ibid., 221.

10. Ibid., 221. 11. Trevor Hold, "Messiaen's Birds," Music and Letters (April 1971), 122. 12. Messiaen quoted in Antoine Golea, Recontres avec Olivier Messiaen (Paris, 1960), 19. 13. Griffiths, Olivier Messiaen, 223.

Musical examples copyright<sup>®</sup> Alphonse Leduc, Paris; reproduced by permission.



n this, the occasion of renowned organist-composer Olivier Messiaen's eightieth birthday, we shall undertake a study of the organs associated with his music. We will examine the organ at Messiaen's own church, as well as other organs on which his works have been premiered, then compare the resources of these instruments with the registrations specified in the scores. Our intent is to establish a clearer understanding of Messiaen's registrational aesthetic.

When I wrote to Messiaen telling him of my plans for this article, he kindly responded with a copy of a small booklet on the organ at his church. As it succinctly describes this important instrument in the composer's words, I will translate it here in its optimity.

in its entirety:

The grand organ of the Church of the Holy Trinity was constructed in 1868 by Aristide Cavaillé-Coll. After the events of the "Commune," the organ having been damaged, Aristide Cavaillé-Coll completely reconstructed it in 1871. It was at this time that Alexandre Guilmant was named titular organist: he occupied this post until 1901. From 1902 to 1929, the organ of La Trinité was played by Charles Quef. In 1930, the new titular was Olivier Messiaen, the writer of these lines. At the time of Charles Quef, a first reconstruction of the organ was made by Charles Mutin. In 1934, a second restoration was entrusted to Pleyel-Cavaillé-Coll, Inc., which added, at my request, seven new stops, and a pneumatic machine on the Positif. Finally, a third restoration was accomplished from 1962 to 1965 by the Debierre-Beuchet company, under the direction of Joseph Beuchet Sr., voicing by Michel Mertz, cleaning by Jean Perroux and Eugène Picaud Sr. (with the son, Jacques Picaud continuing the work). Again at my request, from 1962 to 1965, the organ's action was electrified, a new three-manual console was installed, eight new stops were added and, in 1966, the instrument was given an electro-mechanical combination system with six adjustable general combinations.

1966, the instrument was given an electro-mechanical combination system with six adjustable general combinations.

As it stands presently, the organ of La Trinité is a masterpiece. Of course, the original stops of the great builder Aristide Cavaillé-Coll have been preserved, and personally I strongly insisted that the admirable timbre of these stops be respected. But the numerous additions made in the course of each restoration have considerably enriched the instrument with mutations (chorus mixtures, nazards and tierces) and very complete reed choruses. In addition, the electrification and the general combinations have permitted a faster attack and more frequent and more varied changes of colors. Nonetheless, the most beautiful timbres remain those of Cavaillé-Coll: the principals, the flutes, the very powerful reeds, the extraordinary basson 16, and the marvelous quintaton 16 of the Positif: all these were conceived and executed by Cavaillé-Coll.<sup>2</sup>

The organ of l'Eglise de la Trinité has often been compared with that of the Basilique Sainte-Clotilde (where César Franck, Charles Tournemire, and presently Jean Langlais have been titulars). It is certain that these two instruments are brothers, and besides Aristide Cavaillé-Coll constructed them at nearly the same time. But their qualities differ and the

The organ of l'Eglise de la Trinité has often been compared with that of the Basilique Sainte-Clotilde (where César Franck, Charles Tournemire, and presently Jean Langlais have been titulars). It is certain that these two instruments are brothers, and besides Aristide Cavaillé-Coll constructed them at nearly the same time. But their qualities differ and the acoustic of the two churches is not the same.\(^3\)

There exist in the world many instruments larger than the organ of La Trinité. I cite, at random: the grand organ of the National Shrine of the Immaculate Conception in Washington, D.C., U.S.A.—the prand organ of the Cathedral Church of St. John the Divine in New York, U.S.A.—the very great French instruments: Saint-Ouen-de-Rouen, Nôtre-Dame-de-Paris, Sacré-Coeur-de-Montmartre—and the grand organ of Saint-Sulpice (where Charles-Marie Widor and my teacher Marcel Dupré were organists). All these organs are magnificent, grandiose. The organ of La Trinité equals them in power, in majesty, and perhaps surpasses them in mystery and poetry. And the famous "quintaton 16" of the Positif of La Trinité is without doubt unique in the world: nowhere else have I ever heard a timbre of this quality. Besides this, one can play everything at La Trinité: it is not just a romantic organ on which noisy toccatas or suavities à la César Franck are possible—the instrument being equipped with numerous mixtures, it is perfectly suited to Cabézon, Frescobaldi, Nicholas De Grigny—the beauty of its cornets (and especially the Positif cornet which is the instrument's solo cornet) lends itself admirably to the ornamented chorals of Johann Sebastian Bach—and the fact that each stop is extraordinarily "individualized" marvelously sets off modern music, from Marcel Dupré to the most advanced contemporaries.

Some supplementary remarks:

The Récit is provided with a swell-box that closes completely, and thus is very effective, making this keyboard into a double-division: all the stops may be played fortissimo and pianissimo, with all inter

# elaware organ co.

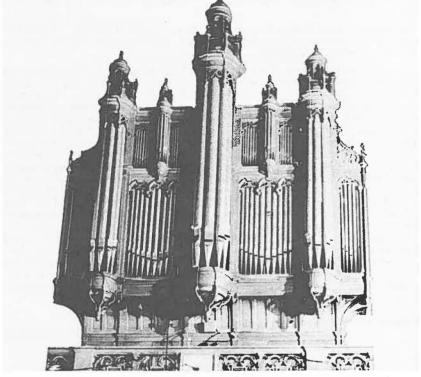
The Alice M. Colby **Memorial Organ** 

St. Edmund's Church Tonawanda, NY



P.O. Box 362 **TONAWANDA, NEW YORK 14150** 

Member: APOBA (716) 692-7791



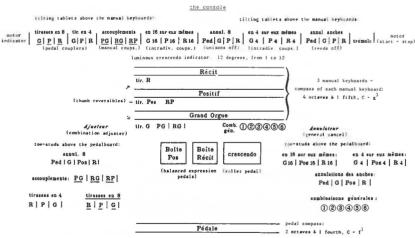
The organ at l'Eglise de la Sainte Trinité, Paris (photo: Polydux Paris)

The organ of La Trinité possesses three manual keyboards (Récit, Positif, Grand Orgue) and a fourth keyboard which is the pedalboard, or clavier de Pédale. Besides the six general combinations (which permit instantaneous changes of color on the four keyboards) it is equipped with a crescendo pedal, which increases by successive gradations from pianissimo to fortissimo. The tutti of the organ of La Trinité is extremely powerful, even overwhelming, but without hardness: it is perfectly appropriate to the church's acoustic.

I have just written the word "acoustic." We will finish with this idea. In churches, the acoustic plays a considerable role. If the nave is too large, the columns too numerous, the ornamentation too prominent, this role may be detrimental: the sounds overlap, the harmonies are blurred, and a portion of the music is lost in the confusion. If the nave is too small and the ornamentation nonexistent, the sonority becomes thin, dries out, and loses all poetry. At La Trinité, the acoustical proportions are good: no dryness, no blurring, but a sufficient quantity of "aura" and of reverberation of sound to insure harmonic poetry as well as precision of attack. If the organist knows how to choose his registrations and pace his tempi as well as the necessary silences, all the music "passes" and "sounds", in the most thundering bustle as well as in the most distant and mysterious details.

There follows a diagram of the organ's console layout, reprinted from the appendix to the score of the Méditations sur le Mystère de la Sainte Trinité, which is reproduced here with translations.

#### Plan du Grand Orgue de l'Église de la Sainte Trinité (à Paris)



Plan du Grand Orgue de l'Église de la Sainte Trinité (à Paris)

	the stops	
to the left of the manual keyboards      R	to the right of the manual k	eyboards     cymb   hib   bombards   trp.   clair   vois     3   8   16   8   4   bumaine
Pos quintaton princip   fl.   cor   salic   unda   prest.   fl.   nazard   de   8   maris   4   4   2 2/3		cornet fournit. basson trp. clair. clarinette 2 4 16 8 4 6
(G) montre bourd montre fi. bourd gbe   prest. fi. 5°   4 4 4 2° 25	G doublette	cornet plein jeu cymb. bombarde trp. clairon 5 5 4 16 8 4 rangs rangs rangs
Ped 32   CB   sb   f1.   bourd. Vel.   f1   4	Ped	plein jeu bombarde trp. clairon 16 8 4

Some more detailed information on the organ and its history may be found in other sources, especially an article by Rudolf Walter4. Here is the original stoplist of the Trinité organ; however, it is possible that this disposition reflects alterations from the 1868 stoplist, brought about in the 1871 rebuild under the influence of Guilmant<sup>5</sup> (we do know that one stop was added then<sup>6</sup>): (bold face =  $jeux \ de \ combinaison$ )

GRAND ORGUE (I)	8' Bourdon
16' Montre	8' Gambe
16' Bourdon	8' Voix céleste (from co)
8' Montre	4' Flûte octaviante
8' Flûte harmonique (harmonic from	2' Octavin (harmonic)
f1)	8' Trompette
8' Bourdon	8' Basson-Hautbois
8' Gambe	8' Voix humaine
4' Prestant	4' Clairon
2º/3' Quinte	
Plein-jeu III-V	PÉDALE
8' Cornet V (from c1)	32' Soubasse (or Bourdon)
16' Bombarde	16' Contrebasse
8' Trompette	16' Soubasse
4' Clairon (breaks to 8' at f2)	8' Flûte
(one blank slider)	8' Bourdon
,	8' Violoncelle
POSITIF (II)	4' Flûte (or Octave)
16' Quintaton	16' Bombarde
8' Flûte harmonique	8' Trompette
8' Salicional	4' Clairon
8' Unda maris (from cº)	
4' Prestant	Pédales de combinaison:
4' Flûte douce	Fonds Pédale <sup>7</sup>
2' Doublette	Tirasses G, P, R
1' Piccolo	Octaves graves G
2½' Cornet harmonique II-V	Anches Péd, G, P, R
16' Basson	Expression R
8' Trompette	G sur machine
8' Clarinette	Copulae P-G, R-G, R-P8
	Trémolo R
RÉCIT EXPRESSIF (III)	
8' Flûte traversière (harmonic from c²)	

Sources conflict as to the exact composition of the Positif Cornet harmonique<sup>9</sup>. While it starts 2<sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>′, 2′, and adds the 1<sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub>′ at c°, Walter claims that the 8′ and 4′ enter at c′, while Messiaen claims that they enter at f°. Messiaen's seems to be the more accurate description. However, I have found no written source of a composition of the Grand Orgue Plein-jeu; yet it was possible to more-or-determine it from Messiaen's recording to the proposition of the Grand Orgue Plein-jeu; yet it was possible to more-or-determine it from Messiaen's recording the proposition of the Plain jeu jeungle plants. siaen's recordings<sup>10</sup>, especially two passages in *Livre d'Orgue* where the Plein-jeu is used with the 4' alone (in the fourth and fifth pieces):

C				2'	11/3'	1'
C1			233'	2'	11/3'	1'
C <sup>2</sup>	5%'	4'	233	2'	11/3'	

I know of no other Cavaillé-Coll plein-jeu of this particular composition. One might speculate about what influence Guilmant had on its design (or re-design).

The following stops were added in the 1930s, using new tubular-pneumatic chests

GO: 4' Flûte octaviante

Pos: 8' Principal, 8' Cor de nuit,  $2\frac{\pi}{3}$ ' Nazard,  $1\frac{3}{5}$ ' Tierce Réc: 16' Bourdon,  $2\frac{\pi}{3}$ ' Nazard<sup>11</sup>,  $\frac{1}{2}$ ' Cymbale III

(Curiously, this totals eight stops, while Messiaen had said that seven stops were added then).

On the recordings that Messiaen made of all his organ works composed up to that time (1956), one may clearly hear the organ's deteriorated state that made the upcoming rebuild necessary: poor tuning, slow response of the tubular chests, occasional dead notes, etc. Negotiations for rebuilding began in 1961. The first proposal<sup>12</sup> was to recondition the organ's existing mechanical and pneumatic actions, releather the latter, and to add some new stops:

#### GO: Cymbale III

Positif: Fourniture (IV?), 4' Clairon (made possible by removing Salicional and Unda maris)

Récit: 1% Tierce, 16' Bombarde (with 1/2-length bass octave)

Pédale: Plein-ieu IV

"Further improvements" would include the recomposition of the GO Plein-jeu as IV throughout, presumably with more breaks, and the addition of a swell-box for the Positif: the latter would enclose all registers of the Positif including the 16' Basson, but leave the 8' Principal and Cor de nuit basses unenclosed.

Walter gives the complete text of Messiaen's reply (dated 4 March 1961), which is

summarized here:

Yes, to all proposed mechanical improvements; additionally, Messiaen specified further needed mechanical work;
Yes, to the addition of the Récit Tierce and Bombarde, so long as they would

be enclosed in the swell-box

Yes, to the addition of the GO Cymbale and the recomposition of the Plein-

— No, to the addition of the new Positif and Pédale stops, each of which he said was "not indispensable." He specifically forbade the removal of any Cavaillé-Coll registers to provide new stops, and this led him also to discourage the addition of a Positif swell-box. Apparently, such an enclosure would have necessitated an alteration of the 16' Basson and affect its tone quality in the bass (perhaps the pipes, likely full-length, would be severely mitted, or even reduced to helf length, is any control of the co full-length, would be severely mitred, or even reduced to half-length—in any case, enclosing them in a swell-box would be enough to muffle their tone somewhat).

enclosing them in a swell-box would be enough to muttle their tone somewhat). Messiaen was especially emphatic about preserving this rank intact, since it is a favorite solo stop in its low register.

— He did suggest, however, that Positif expression might be useful for just the 2½/3′, 2′, 1¾′, 1′ and Clarinette, and asks if these stops might be enclosed in a box of their own, leaving the remainder of the Positif unenclosed.

— Finally, he says that the total price of seven million old francs is excessive, and that five million would be more realistic. Apparently, his rejection of certain proposed additions had at least some economic motivation. However, it would seem that more funds somehow became available for this project for not only were that more funds somehow became available for this project, for not only were

several stops added (including those that Messiaen had earlier pronounced "not indispensable") but the entire mechanism was electrified, and a new console installed. Here is the present disposition (\* = new stops): $^{13}$ 

GRAND ORGU	E (I) Chest	$2^{2}/_{3}'$	Nazard	E
16' Montre	A	° 2′	Flageolet	E E E
16' Bourdon	A	13/5'	Tierce	$\mathbf{E}$
8' Montre	A	ĩ'	Piccolo	E
8' Flûte harmoniq			Clarinette	E
8' Bourdon	A			_
8' Gambe	A		RÉCIT EXPRESSIF (III)	
4' Prestant	A	16'	Bourdon	$\mathbf{F}$
4' Flûte octaviante			Flûte traversière	F
21/3' Quinte	В		Bourdon	Ğ
(°) 2' Doublette (from			Gambe	$\widetilde{\mathbf{F}}$
(°) 2' Plein-jeu V	В		Voix céleste (from co)	F
° ½ Cymbale IV	В	4'	Flûte octaviante	Ĝ
8' Cornet V (c1)	В		Nazard	Ğ
16' Bombarde	B		Octavin	Ğ
8' Trompette	В		Tierce	F G G G G
4' Clairon (8' from		1/2	Cymbale III	Ğ
	- /	° 16′	Bombarde (bass octave L/2)	H
POSITIF (II)		8'	Trompette	H
16' Quintaton	C	8'	Basson-Hautbois	F
8' Principal	C		Voix humaine	F
8' Flûte harmoniq	ue C		Clairon	Ĥ
8' Salicional	Č	7.		
8' Unda maris (fro	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		PÉDALE	
4' Prestant	C	32'	Soubasse	ĭ
2' Doublette	Č		Contrebasse	î
° 2' Fourniture IV	Ď		Soubasse	î
2½' Cornet harmoni	que II-V D		Flûte	Î
16' Basson	D		Bourdon	î
8' Trompette	Ď		Violoncelle	Î
° 4' Clairon	$\tilde{\mathbf{D}}$		Flûte	î
	~		Plein-jeu IV	î
expressif:		16'	Bombarde	K
8' Cor de nuit	E		Trompette	ĸ
4' Flûte douce	Ē	4'	Clarion	ĸ

Noting the added chests Positif E and Récit G would explain how room was found to add stops on the older chests. For instance, displacing the Positif Flûte douce, Piccolo and Clarinette made room for the new Fourniture and Clairon.

Accessories:
Tirasses G, P, R en 8' & 4'
Accouplements P-G, R-G, R-P (en 8')
Accouplements G-G, P-P, R-R en 16' & 4'
Annulations 8' Péd, G, P, R (unisons off)
Annulations anches Péd, G, P, R, duplicated by toe reversibles
Trémolo R thumb reversibles for all unison couplers toe reversibles for all couplers and unisons off six general combinations, duplicated thumb & toe
Ajuster, Annulateur (set and cancel buttons by thumb only)
Expression P, R by balanced pedals
register crescendo by roller, with 12-step luminous indicator

#### Mixture compositions:

GRAN C	ID ORGU	E Plei	n-jeu V:			2'	1½′	1/	343′	1/2'	
f#0				4'	233'	2' 2' 2'	11/3'	1/	73	72	
f#1		8'	51/3'	4'	233	2	173	1			
	ally ider										
	mbale IV	:									
C								1/2'	1/3'	1/4' 1/4'	1/6'
Co							35' 35' 35' 35'	1/2'	1/3'	1/4'	
f#0						1'	3/3'	1/2'	1/3'		
C1					11%′	1'	3/3'	1/2'			
f#1				2'	11/3'	1′	3/3'				
C2			233'	2' 2' 2'	11/3'	1'					
f#2		4'	233'	2'	11/3'						
$C_3$	513'	4'	233'	2'							
(a sim	nilar patter	n to Do	om Bédo	s, but w	vith a high	er ceilin	g of 1/12')				
POSI	TIF Four	niture	IV:								
C				2'	1½′ 1½′	1'	24'				
fo			233'	2' 2' 2'	11/3'	1′					
f1		4'	233'	2'	11/3'						
f2	51/3'	4'	233'	2'							
(appa	rently des	ianed t	o comple	ement th	ne Récit C	vmbale	much as	the Gran	nd Oraue	Plein-ie	u and

Cymbale complement each other)

## ATTENTION ORGAN BUILDERS IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR RELIABILITY and

EASE OF INSTALLATION...see below

MULTI-ACTION **ORGAN CONTROL** SYSTEM

- Superior Pipe Organ Relay
- 99 Memory Combination ActionSophisticated Record/Playback
- Specification changes in seconds
  Can handle any size installation

THE ULTIMATE ALL IN ONE SMALL PACKAGE

## COST SAVING-EASY TO INSTALL

SOLID STATE RELAY COMBINATION ACTION LOW NOTE PEDAL GENERATORS

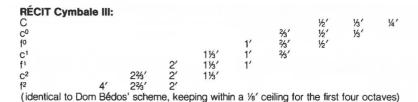
#### ECONOMICAL FOR SMALLER INSTALLATIONS

- Assemble the relay system yourself and put MORE PROFITS into your
- pocket

  Dual Combination Action with sixteen
- pistons—assembled ready to install
   Low note pedal generators at a
  LOW COST—blends beautifully with pipes



SEND FOR CATALOG AND MULTI-ACTION BROCHURE DEPT. 40 6101 WAREHOUSE WAY • SACRAMENTO, CA 95826 • 916/381-6203



PÉDALE Plein-jeu IV: 51%

The crescendo pedal deserves special study, since it functions in a manner quite fferent from most American crescendos. Walter's article includes a facsimile of different from most American crescendos. the crescendo scheme in Messiaen's hand:14

cancelling from the beginning: Pos: Unda maris, Clarinette Réc: Voix céleste, Hautbois, Voix humaine

Station	Pédale	<b>Grand Orgue</b>	Positif	Récit
1	16' Soubasse	8' Bourdon	8' Bourdon	8' Bourdon
2	8' Bourdon	8' Flûte harm.	8' Flûte harm.	8' Flûte trav.
3	8' Violoncelle	8' Gambe	8' Salicional	8' Gambe
4	16' Contrebasse 8' Flûte	8' Montre	8' Principal	
5	4' Flûte	4' Prestant 4' Flûte	4' Prestant 4' Flûte	4' Flûte
6		2%' Quinte 2' Doublette	2%' Nazard 2' Doublette 2' Flageolet	16' Bourdon 2' Octavin 2%' Nazard
7			16' Quintaton* 2' Fourniture IV	½' Cymb. III
8	32' Soubasse 8' Trompette	16' Bourdon* 2' Plein-jeu V ½' Cymbale IV		
9			8' Trompette 4' Clairon	8' Trompette 4' Clairon
10		8' Trompette 4' Clairon		16' Bombarde
11	16' Bombarde	16' Montre	16' Basson 2%' Cornet II-V 1%' Tierce	1⅓′ Tierce
12	2%' Plein-jeu IV 4' Clairon	16' Bombarde 8' Cornet V	1' Piccolo	Tutti

throughout: all manual and pedal unison couplers • = Messiaen had originally planned for these two stops to come on at station 6.

Curiously, in the appendix to the score to the *Méditations*, Messiaen gives a summary description of the crescendo's stages which in several details disagrees with the description given above:
1. bourdons et flûtes p

2.

mf + les flûtes 4 + les montres

+ les prestants 4 + les doublettes 2

+ les petites mixtures

+ les pleins-jeux + les anches 8

9.

10. ff 11. + les anches 16 12. tutti fff

However, carefully listening to Messiaen's own recording of the Méditations<sup>15</sup> while noting Messiaen's carefully numbered crescendo indications<sup>16</sup> in the score, it while noting Messiaen's carefully numbered crescendo indications<sup>16</sup> in the score, it is clear that the description provided by Walter is entirely correct. Further, this crescendo operates independently of any manually-drawn stops (either that, or Messiaen cancels all registers before ever using the crescendo), since the twelve stations always sound only as indicated in the table given above, irrespective of what combination is registered beforehand. Also, the stops in each station are engaged all at once rather than one by one, so that this pedal is really in effect a graduated series of twelve fixed combinations. It is perhaps curious that station no. 9 brings on the Récit and Positif reeds 8' and 4' simultaneously, since "anches Positif" is usually a valued intermediary dynamic between "anches Récit" and "anches Grand Orgue" in the French aesthetic. Otherwise this scheme bears some striking similarities to a

in the French aesthetic. Otherwise, this scheme bears some striking similarities to a fifteen-step crescendo scheme by Tournemire for a large three-manual organ designed by him for the monastery at Montserrat, Spain.<sup>17</sup>

Let us now take a quick overview of Messiaen's *oeuvre*, seen in terms of particular registration requirements related to the state of the Trinité organ at the time of

Le Banquet Céleste. This work, composed in 1926, before Messiaen became Trinité's titulaire, was first published in 1934, and seems to be registered for the Trinité's titulaire, was first published in 1934, and seems to be registered for the Trinité organ before any new stops were added: the GO 16' Bourdon is used, since that of the Récit did not yet exist, and the Positif is registered 4' Prestant and 1' Piccolo, not calling for the Nazard which is specified in the composer's new edition of 1960 (along with the 2' Doublette, and the 4' Flûte instead of the Prestant). The complete details of registration and other discrepancies between the two editions are given in an article by Rollin Smith. 18

Apparition de l'Église Eternelle (1932). The generic "fonds et anches" indications could apply to any typical French three-manual organ. Of course, "anches preparées" suggests the use of the original console's ventil pedals ("appels"), and the term "anches" implies the inclusion of mixtures, an understood practice with earlier composers such as Franck and Widor. This practice was just fading when Messiaen wrote the work; already composers such as Tournemire were writing separate indications for mixtures and reeds in their scores.

indications for mixtures and reeds in their scores.

L'Ascension (1933-34). The "appel fonds Pédale" on the original console would have facilitated the repeated addition and removal of these stops in the first movement. A similar need in the sixth of the Méditations is met by the new console's Pédale "unison off" (see score, pp. 53, 57).

Otherwise, note the absence of any indication for the added stops of the 1930s. In

more recent years, Messiaen has changed the registration of the second movement

somewhat, including at least one of the newer registers (Récit Cymbale):

opening: Positif Cornet alone m. 23, LH, 3rd beat: Pos. 16' Quintaton & Cornet m. 24, RH: Réc. 4' Flûte, 2' Octavin, Cymbale III (Cymbale then removed in m. 36). 19

La Nativité du Seigneur (1935). Note the first movement's colorful opening registration: Pos.: 16' Quintaton mf (i.e. unenclosed), Récit coupled

Rec.: 4' Flûte, Nazard pp (i.e. box closed)

Curious to observe, one may now play this registration on Trinité's uncoupled Positif, since this division's 4' Flûte and Nazard are under expression while the 16'

Positit, since this division's 4' Flüte and Nazard are under expression while the 16' Quintaton remains unenclosed!

La Nativité is Messiaen's first work to make extensive use of mutation color (e.g. 4', 2½, 1⅓, 1' coupled to the Pédale as a tenor melody in movements I and VIII); obviously, the new stops were added by now. Still, some of the "generic" indications of "fonds et anches (mixtures understood)" persist. 20

One registration in the last movement ("Dieu parmi nous") deserves comment. Towards the bottom of page 2, we see:

PR: montres 8, 4, 2 plein-jeu

Since at the time the Trinité Positif had Principals 8′, 4′, 2′ but no chorus mixture, and the Récit had a Cymbale but no Principals, coupling these two divisions was the only way to synthesize a secondary pleno, answering the GO pleno heard immediately before. 21 Of course, now the Positif has its own Fourniture, though the Récit Cymbale might or might not be used in addition to it. The point is that Messiaen is not calling for two complete choruses coupled together (as I have seen some organists do), but only one complete secondary chorus, here arrived at by coupling. Obviously, on another organ with a complete Positif chorus, coupling is probably unnecessary.

In both La Nativité ("Le Verbe") and Messe de la Pentecôte (1950; "Sortie"), one "generic" registration needs to be taken with a grain of salt: "Réc: fonds et anches 16, 8, 4, mixtures." Note that the Récit had no 16' reed at this time, only a 16'

flue, and this may influence one's registration of these passages on other organs.

Livre d'Orgue (1951). One especially exotic registration is used in the fourth piece ("Chants d'Oiseaux"):

GO: plein-jeu, clairon 4

Note that the Clairon actually sounds at 8' pitch from treble f upwards, thus explaining the "transposed" effect that portions of these passages have on the composer's recording (the plein-jeu's 8' resultant from c¹ and 16' resultant from c² composer's recording (the plein-jeu's 8' resultant from c¹ and 16' resultant from c² complicate matters further, contributing to this registration's colorful effect!). For instance, in the first passage with this registration (p. 13), the major seventh figures (b¹), a²) sound more like minor seconds, since the reed's a² actually sounds in the same octave as the b¹. Studying the other song-thrush soli with this "transposition" phenomenon in mind reveals a rather different melodic shape for these passages; this effect may also be observed when Messiaen uses this same registration (for the same bird's song) in his recording of the fourth of the Méditations. I somehow doubt, however, that the composer would recommend "recomposing" these passages to produce similar effects in performances on other organs!

With the Méditations sur le Mystère de la Sainte Trinité (1969) we arrive at the first work written for La Trinité's rebuilt organ. Messiaen had given its inaugural concert on 23 November 1967 in honor of the church's centennial. Entitled "Le Mystère de Dieu" (The Mystery of God), the program consisted of four organ improvisations alternating with three brief sermons by Msgr. Charles, then rector at Sacré-Coeur-de-Montmartre. Messiaen recorded these improvisations for his own

Sacré-Coeur-de-Montmartre.<sup>22</sup> Messiaen recorded these improvisations for his own study, using them as a point of departure for composing the *Méditations*.<sup>23</sup> Messiaen's appreciation for his new combination action is evident from the con-

stant indications for its use in the *Méditations* score. Many sections of the work use two or more combinations in which each manual is registered with a distinct, independent color; thus the combination action facilitates the further, more frequent and more rapid juxtaposition of colors. Many of the large ensemble registrations are carefully selected and set on the pistons; however, Messiaen otherwise quite frequently resorts to the crescendo pedal which, as mentioned before, serves as a system of fixed ensemble combinations.

Alongside the score's many specific crescendo pedal indications are parenthetical listings of specific stops which, however, don't necessarily agree with what the crescendo actually registers at that station. Examples:

Méditation I, pp. 8-9: Réc: fonds 16, 8, 4 - anches 16, 8, 4 - cymbale III, box open Pos: fonds 16, 8, 4 - trp. 8 - fourniture IV, box open GO: fonds 16, 8, 4 - plein-jeu V, manuals coupled Péd: fonds 32, 16, 8 - bombarde 16, trp. 8, 3 tirasses

Note that the indicated Crescendo station #9 differs from the listing given here—for instance, Crescendo #9 includes no 16' reeds in either Récit or Pédale. Yet listening to Messiaen's recording, it is clear that at this point the unaltered Crescendo #9 registration is in effect.

Another example:

Méditation V, pp. 38–39: GPR: fonds 16, 8, 4, mixtures, tous les plein-jeux Péd: fonds 16, 8, anches 16, 8, 3 tirasses

We see that Crescendo #8 actually does not include the GO 16' Montre nor the Pédale 16' Bombarde, but does include the Pédale fonds 32' and 4'.

Further, on p. 39, "Bien modéré," we see the indication "cresc. no. 9," followed by "cresc. no. 10" two bars later with the additional indication "+ anches 8, 4, du R." On the recording, one actually hears the reeds 8' and 4' of both Récit and Positif entering at Cresc. #9 and the GO reeds 8' and 4' added with the Récit 16' reed at Cresc. #10.

Méditation IX provides further examples, one of which is particularly striking: on p. 78, the indication "cresc. no. 6" is definitely at odds with the indication "GPR: fonds 16, 8, anches R; Péd: fonds 16, 8, 32, 3 tir.", since Cresc. #6 has no reeds in it, but does include all fonds 4', 2\(\frac{1}{2}\)'' and 2'. Furthermore, while the passage begins mf and has "cresc." marked in the second measure, f in the fourth followed by another "cresc.", no crescendo is actually heard in these measures, since the next step, #7, appears only at the halfway point of the fifth measure—again, the stops in each crescendo step are all brought on at once, not one by one. Similar discrepancies may be observed in the analogous "decrescendo" passage on p. 88.

While these discrepancies may at first seem a perplexing ambiguity, it is logical to assume that these supplementary indications are better understood as alternate



Messiaen at the console of La Trinité's organ (photo: Mali)

Suggestions to be used if one does not have a crescendo pedal at one's disposal. 24 Of course, Trinité's new stops are put to use, the Récit 1% Tierce and 16' Bombarde with special frequency (however, the Pédale Plein-jeu IV is all but ignored—perhaps he still feels that this stop is "not indispensable!"). The new Positif swell-box is used briefly in Méditations IV and VIII: the first time (p. 31) completely closed for a brief passage on 2' Flageolet, 1% Tierce, 1' Piccolo, 8' Clarinette plus 16' and 4' couplers; the second for a bass solo (pp. 70 and 71) on 16' Quintaton, 2% Nazard and 8' Clarinette, starting with the box open and gradually closing it during the final, held note.

Quintaton, 2% Nazard and 8 Clarinette, starting with the box open and gradually closing it during the final, held note.

The electric console's new 16' and 4' couplers are used in a special way. Note that the manual 16' and 4' couplers are apparently only intradivisional, and that the intermanual couplers are unison only. The Positif registration given in the paragraph above is one of two examples of their use in this work, the other being for a solo registration in Méditation I: Positif 16' Quintaton, Cornet II-V and 8' Clarinette, plus 16' and 4' couplers (GO and Réc 16' or 4' couplers are never called for in this work, nor are the 4' tirasses). It is worth noting that these couplers are only used to create certain color registrations, and are never used to supplement ensembles, including full organ. Clearly, this organ is designed to produce clear, complete, balanced and full ensembles without the use of these devices, a contrast to a still-too-prevalent American practice. Of course, with the 56-note manual chests, Trinité's 4' couplers lose their effect above treble g; nonetheless, this doesn't prevent Messiaen from writing above this note when the 4' coupler is engaged, even with the resulting change in sound (which is clearly heard in the composer's recording).

Of course, the old console had a 16' coupler, "octaves graves Grand Orgue" (which would operate on the P-G and R-G couplers when they were drawn as well), standard equipment on 19th-century French organs. Messiaen calls for it only once in his oeuvre, for the final tutti chord of the "Sortie" from Messe de la Pentecôte: note the dynamic marking of fff. However, other ffff manual passages in other works (last page of "Dieu parmi Nous"; climax of "Combat de la Mort et de la Vie"; final tuttis of Méditations I & IV) do not indicate the use of octaves graves, nor is the device heard in any of these passages in Messiaen's recordings. Thus, in all but one case, ffff is no different from fff as far as the Trinité organ is concerned—it's simply a more emp

on that later).

on that later).

Messiaen's newest work, Livre du Saint Sacrement, was composed in 1984-85 on a commission from the American Guild of Organists, and premiered at the 1986 National AGO Convention in Detroit, Michigan. This eighteen-movement work lasts approximately 1¾ hours, though individual movements vary in length from 1½ minutes (II: "La source de vie") to at least fifteen minutes (XI: "L'apparition du Christ à Marie-Madeleine"). In this work Messiaen shows signs of his continuing practice of recording organ improvisations and using them as a basis for composition. For instance, the fifth piece, "Puer natus est nobis," uses ideas from an improvisation that I heard Messiaen perform in a pre-midnight-mass concert at La Trinité on Christmas Eve, 1984. Other movements seem to have their origins in liturgical improvisations as well. Furthermore, the opening gesture of piece eleven liturgical improvisations as well. Furthermore, the opening gesture of piece eleven appears to be derived from the opening improvisation on a commercial recording made by Messiaen at La Trinité in June, 1977.<sup>26</sup>

The work is scored for the Trinité in June, 1977.26

The work is scored for the Trinité organ, judging from the registrations mentioned in the composer's program notes. Many registrational ideas from the Méditations are reused, e.g. the GO fonds 8 with individual stops gradually added or removed (Méditations VII, VIII; Livre V, VI, VIII), or his beloved 16' Quintaton plus Nazard solo, alternating with the GO 16' Bourdon plus Quinte, accompanied by Récit Voix céleste (Méditations II, VIII; Livre II, V, XII, XVI), or bird-songs on GO Clairon and Plein-jeu (Méditations IV, Livre XII, XV). Other bird-songs continue to use elaborate mutation colors. It is interesting to note how a number of the tinue to use elaborate mutation colors. It is interesting to note how a number of the shorter movements use one registration throughout: I, II, IV, X (tutti), XVI, XVII shorter movements use one registration throughout: I, II, IV, X (tutti), XVI, XVII (tutti). At least one registrational innovation is the use of Récit Cymbale alone in the sixth piece, "La manne et le pain de vie," for sustained high chords intended to "evoke the peace and silence of the desert." The same movement uses Positif Clarinette and Nazard with 16' and 4' couplers, played in trilled chords while the box is slowly opened and closed; Messiaen explains that this depicts a strong desert wind blowing sand. <sup>27</sup> Of course, a complete study of the work's registrations will only be possible once the score is published. <sup>28</sup> In the meantime, a CD recording of Livre on the Trinité organ has been released, performed by Jennifer Bate. <sup>29</sup>

(to be continued)

Notes:
1. Olivier Messiaen, Les Grandes Orgues de l'Église de la Sainte Trinité à Paris, Imp. Raymond Belleville, Paris, October, 1980.
2. I frankly suspect that the formerly slow

attack was due more to the instrument's advanced state of deterioration than to lack of an electric mechanism (translator's note). Also, one might question the authenticity of the voicing of the Cavaillé-Coll registers, since the organ was rebuilt by

Merklin in 1901 and, according to Vierne, underwent some unfortunate revoicing: "They had notched [nicked?] the harmonic flutes in a way to kill all their character, they had hardened the strings, sharpened the reeds... in a word, it was a disaster." (Esther E. Jones, translator, "Reminiscences of Louis Vierne; His Life and Contacts with Famous Men." THE DIAPASON, Feb. 1, 1938, p. 8). This rebuild was done without Guilmant's knowledge or consent while he was away on concert tour. Guilmant refused to sign the letter of acceptance for Merklin's work and subsequently left his post. Of course, it is possible that some attempt to restore the original voicing was undertaken in one of the subsequent rebuilds.

3. The Ste.-Clotilde organ dates from 1859, and originally had 46 stops compared to Trinité's 45, including a Récit with an identical disposition. Ste.-Clotilde is a tall, narrow neo-gothic basilica with a stone floor, while La Trinité is a wider and somewhat larger Italian-Renaissance-style church with a wooden floor (translator's note).

4. Rudolf Walter, "Die Orgel von Ste.-Trinité in Paris und Olivier Messiaen," Musik und Kirche, 48. Jahrgang, Nov.-Dec. 1978, pp. 261–272.

5. Walter, op. cit.; also Félix Raugel, Les Grandes Orgues des Eglises de Paris et du Département de la Seine, Fischbacher, Paris, 1927, pp. 219–220.

6. See Rollin Smith, "Alexandre Guilmant—Commemorating the 150th Anniversary of his Birth," The American Organist, vol. 21, no. 3 (March 1987), pp. 51–52.

7. According to Walter; Raugel indicates "Appel des jeux Pédale."

8. Here Walter also lists "Positif sur machine" and "Octaves graves Positif;" however, judging from Messiaen's account, these would seem to be additions from the 1930s—they are not listed in Raugel's 1927 account.

9. "Harmonique" here means a progressive, non-breaking mixture, not double-length pipes.

10. Olivier Messiaen: L'oeuvre d'orgue de 1926 à 1931, EMI 2C 155-16191/6 (a boxed set of six LPs) (recorded June & July 1956).

11. Walter incorrectly states that the Réci Merklin in 1901 and, according to Vierne, under-went some unfortunate revoicing: "They had

Max Eschig, Paris, 1936, p. 9.

18. Rollin Smith, "Le Banquet Céleste," Music/the AGO & RCCO Magazine, volume 12, no. 12 (December 1978), p. 35.

19. See composer's recording with its program notes, and Jon Gillock, "Messiaen's Organ Works: The Composer's Aesthetic and Analytical Notes," Music/the AGO & RCCO Magazine, volume 12, no. 12 (December 1978), p. 43.

20. See Almut Rössler, Contributions to the Spiritual World of Olivier Messiaen, Gilles & Francke, Duisburg, 1986, pp. 160–162 (this passage includes notes on how Messiaen has since revised certain registrations in this work).

21. In his 1956 recording, Messiaen adds some of the Positif mutations as well, even including the Tierce.

21. In his 1956 recording, Messiaen adds some of the Positif mutations as well, even including the Tierce.

22. Norbert Dufourcq, "Olivier Messiaen rend hommage à l'orgue néo-classique sur le grand orgue restauré de la Trinité," L'Orgue, no. 124, Oct.—Dec. 1967, pp. 13–14. (The organ's stoplist appears on pp. 12–13, albeit with some errors. It is curious to note Dufourcq's comment on "larigots or septièmes," since the organ has neither! Of course, one could easily mistake Messiaen's high-register 16' + 2½', soli for 8' + 1½'—but septièmes?"

23. Marie-Louise Jacquet, "Une somme théologique et musicale: 'Neuf Méditations sur le Mystère de la Sainte-Trinité' d'Olivier Messiaen, 'Cinq méditations sur l'Apocalypse' de Jean Langlais," L'Orgue, no. 154, Avril—Juin 1975, pp. 44–45.

24. In my own performance, I chose to follow the actual crescendo settings, putting them on a series of general pistons, then making occasional adaptations—e.g., adding 16' reeds in the "Méditation I" passage described above.

25. However, it is apparently used in the course of the fff climax in his recording of Apparition de l'Eglise Eternelle.

26. "L'Ame en Bourgeon: Poèmes de Cécile Sauvage Récités par Gisèle Casadesus avec des commentaires musicaux improvisés à l'orgue de l'Eglise de la Trinité à Paris par Olivier Messiaen," Erato STU 71104.

27. Interview with Messiaen by Almut Rössler at Christ Episcopal Church, Detroit, Michigan, 2 July 1986.

28. Unfortunately, at least one reviewer has

21. Interview with Messaen by Almut Rossler at Christ Episcopal Church, Detroit, Michigan, 2 July 1986.

28. Unfortunately, at least one reviewer has made potentially misleading comments about certain registrations used in the Detroit première: C. Nicholas Bullat's article "Première of Olivier Messiaen's Livre du Saint Sacrement," THE DIAPASON vol. 77, no. 10 (October 1986) pp. 15–16 refers to a plein-jeu registration for movement I, "Adoro te." "Plein-jeu" normally refers to an ensemble of foundations and chorus mixtures, while "Adoro te" uses what some (e.g., Daniel Roth) call "demi-grand-choeur," i.e., full foundations 32', 16', 8', 4' plus full Récit. Similarly, his comment that no. IV, "Acte de foi" uses a plenum could be misleading in that this piece's registration included reeds as well (including the famous cyphering oboe that interrupted the program!—a weight fell off a reed tongue and got stuck in the valve, holding it open).

29. Unicorn-Kanchana DKP CD 9067-8.

### A Gift Subscription to

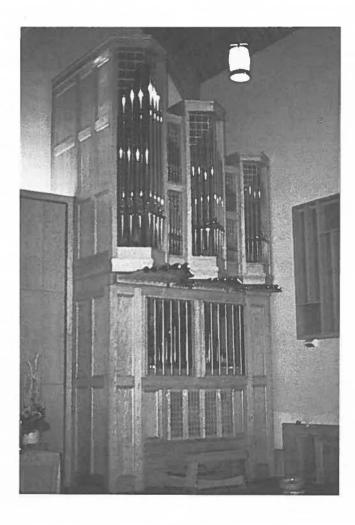
## THE DIAPASON

The perfect Holiday gift for

- + Organist colleagues
- + Students
- **Teachers**
- + Choir Directors
- + Organbuilders

Each month your gift will keep giving by providing the important news of the organ and church music field. Send in the form below along with your check and know that your gift will be just right.

OR:		ENCLOSED IS
ame		□ \$28.00—3 years □ \$20.00—2 years
reet		☐ \$12.00—1 year
		Foreign subscriptions:
y		□ \$32.00—2 years
nte	Zip	□ \$18.00—1 year



Orgues Létourneau, Saint-Hyacinthe, Québec, has recently installed its Opus 17 in Gaetz Memorial United Church, Red Deer, Alberta. The inau-gural concert on this 24-stop organ of 28 ranks was given on Sunday, November 15, 1987 by Professor Barrie Cabena, of Wilfrid Laurier University, Waterloo, Ontario. Organist Miriam MacKenzie and Robert Ganz acted as consultants. The voicing, under the direction of Fernand Létourneau, assisted by voicers Jean-François Mailhot and Sylvain Létourneau, is neo-classical French style. The case was designed by Dennis Campbell, technical director, for installation in the right hand side of the chancel, in a church seating 500. Oak was chosen as the wood for construction, natural finish. Pipes of the Principal 8', polished tin, are shown in the three towers of the facade, above the Clairon en chamade (75% polished tin). The rest of the pipework is hammered lead. Stop action and key action are mechanical. Compass is 58/32 (AGO). Manual natural keys are of polished bone, with accidentals in padauk; notes of Pedal are of rosewood and padauk. The organ has flexible wind; pressure is 70 mm throughout; equal temperament A=440 at 20° Celsius; adjustable bench, decorative doors for the console.

## GREAT

- Quintaton Principal
- Chimney Flute
- Octave
- Spitzflute Fifteenth
- Mixture IV
- Cymbale II
- Trumpet 4' Clairon en chamade

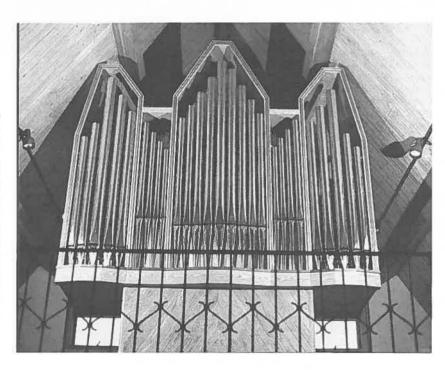
#### POSITIV

- Bourdon Salicional
- 4' Spire Flute 2½' Nazard
- Sesquialtera
  2' Blockflute

- Octave Nazard Scharff III
- 8' Dulciane Tremolo

#### PEDAL

- 16' Bourdon 8' Open Flute 4' Choral Bass
- Bassoon
- Trumpet (Gt)



# A radio program for the king of instruments

DECEMBER #8849

Olivier Messiaen • A Tribute — an introduction to and celebration of the work of this century's foremost organ composer, on the occasion of his 80th birthday.

Organs Carol — singing the Christmas tidings with pipes and other voices, featuring John Walker, Mark Blatchly, Kerry Beaumont, Joseph Payne, Edwin Swanborn and other players.

#8851

Noël We Play — organ settings of familiar holiday themes by Daquin, Dupré, Karg-Elert, Gaston Litaize and many more.



An Organist's Yearbook — with reflections on and forecasts of some matters of consequence in the world of the King of Instruments.

PIPEDREAMS is a weekly radio series produced by Minnesota Public Radio and broadcast over stations of the American Public Radio network. For more information, contact your local public radio station, or call 612-290-1466.

Johnson Organ Company, Inc., Fargo, ND, has built a new organ for First Lutheran Church, Hector, MN. This 17-rank, 2-manual instrument is installed rank, 2-manual instrument is installed fully encased in the balcony just to the rear of the choir. Before the installation, all carpeting in the balcony was removed to improve floor reflection. The console features padouk pedal sharps and grenadilla stop tablets. The entire organ is on a single large reservoir and has flexible winding. Pipework consists of wood pipes by Johnson and metal pipes by Geisecke. Assisting in its construction were Craven J. Nichols, Gregg and Joelle Pechacek, Michael G. Johnson and Gerald Schjelderup. David Fienen of the Gustavus Adolphus Music Department served as consultant. Com-Department served as consultant. Compass 58/32.

## GREAT

- Holzgedackt
  Gemshorn tc (Sw)
  Oktav
  Spitzflöte (prepared)
  Blockflöte

- IV Mixture 16' Trumpet (73 pipes)
- 8' Trumpet 4' Clarion

#### **SWELL**

- Gemshorn to Copula Prestant

- Rohrflöte
  Prinzipal
  Larigot
  Cornet tc
  Oboe (prepared)

- PEDAL Gedacktbass (44 pipes) Prinzipal (44 pipes) Gedackt Choralbass

- Mixture (Gt + 48 pipes) Posaune
- Trumpet Clarion

## Calendar

This calendar runs from the 15th of the month of ssue through the following month. The deadline is the first of the preceding month (Jan. 1 for Feb. the first of the preceding month (val. 1 holds) issue). All events are assumed to be organ recitals unless otherwise indicated and are grouped within each date north-south and east-west. \*=AGO each date north-south and east-west. \*=AGO chapter event, \*\*=RCCO centre event, +=new organ dedication, ++=OHS event.

Information cannot be accepted unless it speci-es artist name, date, location, and hour in writing. Multiple listings should be in chronological order: please do not send duplicate listings. THE DIAPASON regrets that it cannot assume responsibility for the accuracy of calendar entries.

UNITED STATES

#### 15 DECEMBER

Choral Concert, with orchestra; Coral Ridge Presbyterian, Ft Lauderdale, FL (also 16, 17 December)

#### 16 DECEMBER

Handel, *Messiah*, with orchestra; Avery Fisher Hall, New York, NY 8 pm

American Boychoir; Trinity Cathedral, Trenton, NJ

#### 17 DECEMBER

Huw Lewis, with orchestra; Interlochen Academy, Interlochen, MI 8 pm

Lessons & Carols: South Church, New Britain, CT

4 pm Christmas Concert; Trinity Church, Newport, RI

Russian Choral Concert; Trinity Cathedral, Trenton, NJ 8 pm

Carol Service: UMC, Red Bank, N.I.4:30, 7 pm McK. Williams, *Pageant of the Holy Nativity*, St Bartholomew's, New York, NY 3 pm

Lessons & Carols; St Thomas Church, New York,

NY 4 pm

Carol Service; Holy Trinity Lutheran, New York, NY, 5, 7:30 pm

Christmas Concert; St Clement's, Philadephia, PA

2:30 pm

Britten, Ceremony of Carols, Washington Cathedral, Washington, DC 4 pm

Lessons & Carols; St John's Church, Washington,

Choral Concert; First Presbyterian, Lynchburg, VA

7:30 pm Menotti, Amaht, Grace Episcopal, Silver Spring,

MD 7 pm

Lessons & Carols: Cathedral of St Thomas More. Arlington, VA 7:30 pm

Karel Paukert, with handbells; Cleveland Mu-

seum, Cleveland, OH 2 pm
Lessons & Carols; Belle Meade UMC, Nashville,

TN 7 pm Lessons & Carols; Grace Lutheran, Woodstock, IL

Schuetz, Magnificat, Independent Presbyterian, Birmingham, AL 5 pm

Lessons & Carols; Christ Church Cathedral, New Orleans, LA 4 pm

20 DECEMBER

Handel, Messiah, St Thomas Church, New York, NY 7:30 pm (also 22 December)

Frederick Grimes; Holy Trinity Lutheran, New York, NY 8 pm

24 DECEMBER

Nancy Lancaster; House of Hope Presbyterian, St Paul, MN 10 pm

29 DECEMBER

Carolyn Haury; West Side Presbyterian, Ridgewood, NJ 8 pm

1 JANUARY

Lessons & Carols; St Bartholomew's, New York, NY 3 pm

Rach Cantata 171; Holy Trinity Lutheran, New York, NY 5 pm

Lessons & Carols; Washington Cathedral, Wash-

ington, DC 4 pm

William Gudger; Cathedral of St Philip, Atlanta, GA 5 pm

4 JANUARY

Carlene Neihart; First Presbyterian, Kissimmee, FL 7:30 pm

6 JANUARY

Carlene Neihart; UCC, Spring Hill, FL 2 pm Colin Andrews; Emory University, Atlanta, GA 8:15 pm

8 JANUARY

Thomas Murray; Dartmouth College, Hanover, NH 7 pm

Hans Uwe Hielscher; St Bartholomew's, New

York, NY 3 pm

Margaret Martin; St Thomas Church, New York,

NY 5:15 pm Rollin Smith; Trinity Cathedral, Trenton, NJ 3:30

Cj Sambach; Trinity Presbyterian, Arlington, VA

Adrienne Payur: Cathedral of St Philip. Atlanta.

GA 5 pm Karel Paukert; Cleveland Museum, Cleveland,

OH 2 pm Gary Miles; St Paul's Episcopal, Flint, MI 4:30

Bach, Cantata 7; Holy Trinity Lutheran, New York,

NY 5 pm

John Weaver; Orchestra Hall, Chicago, IL 7:30

10 JANUARY

Charles Senor; Church of the Epiphany, Washington, DC 12:10 pm 'Joan Lippincott; St Boniface Episcopal, Sara-

sota, FL 8 pm

11 JANUARY

\*Joan Lippincott, masterclass; St Boniface Episcopal, Sarasota, FL

St Cecilia's Day Concert, with orchestra; Alice Tully Hall, New York, NY 8 pm

Diane Bish; Coral Ridge Presbyterian, Ft Lauderdale, FL 8 pm

14 JANUARY

Workshop Concert; Coral Ridge Presbyterian, Ft Lauderdale, FL 8 pm

Gruenstein Award Sponsor

CHICAGO CLUB OF WOMEN RGANISTS

Kirstin Synnestvedt, DMA, President

Founded 1928

## PHILIP CROZIER

#### RECITALIST

4702 Queen Mary Road, Apt 10 Montreal, H3W 1W8, P. Quebec (514) 739-8696

St. James United Church, Montreal Temple Emanu-El Beth Sholom, Montreal Also Organ Duo concerts with Sylvie Poirier



## **Alexander Anderson**

Knowles Memorial Chapel Rollins College Winter Park, Florida 32789

CHARLOTTE AND WILLIAM

## ATKINSON

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH 2001 El Camino Real Oceanside, California 92054

robert anderson

Southern Methodist University

Dallas, Texas 75275

WILLIAM AYLESWORTH

Evanston, Illinois

DAVID BURTON BROWN

Belle Meade Church

Nashville, Tennessee

Recitals - Aurand Management

**ENNIO COMINETTI** 

Organist-Composer

Recitals and lectures on Italian music

17th—18th century & contemporary

Via Statale, 75

22050 Varenna (Italy)

WALLACE M. COURSEN JR.

FAGO

Holy Trinity Episcopal Church

West Orange, NJ 07052

STEVEN EGLER

Central Michigan University

First Presbyterian Church

Mt. Pleasant, Michigan 48858

GEORGE ESTEVEZ

ch.m.

Chicago Chamber Choir

Robert Finster

TEXAS BACH CHOIR

Our Lady of the Atonement Church

SAN ANTONIO

**FUNK** 

M Mus A A G O

Concord, California

John W. Gearhart Ill

B.A., M.Mus.

St. Paul's Episcopal Church

P.O. Box 8427 Mobile, Alabama 36608

Shelly-Egler

Flute and Organ Duo

SOLO

RECITALS

ELLEN KURTZ

809 Harpeth Knoll Rd.

Nashville, TN 37221

FAGO

SMD

W. MICHAEL BRITTENBACK FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

607 Lake St. Evanston, IL 60201

Organ Consultation Instruction

ROBERT CLARK

School of Music ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY TEMPE, ARIZONA 85281

MICHAEL CORZINE

**School of Music** Florida State University Tallahassee

GEORGE W. DECKER

St. Paul's Cathedral Syracuse, NY 13202

KATHRYN ESKEY

The University of North Carolina at Greensbore

**IOHN FENSTERMAKER** 

GRACE CATHEDRAL SAN FRANCISCO

JEFFREY FOWLER

Organist - Choirmaster First Presbyterian Church Northville, Michigan 48167

HENRY FUSNER

S.M.D., First Presbyterian Church

Nashville, Tennessee 37220

Robert Glasgow

University of Michigan Ann Arbor

HAMILTON

IOHN

School of Music

**Antone Godding** School of Music

Bishop W. Angie Smith Chapel

Oklahoma City University

COPENHAGEN Christian Winthersvej 45 2800 Lyngby Denmark telephone (02) 87 08 18

SEATTLE 5134 Northwest Sammamish Road Issaquah Washington 98027 USA telephone (206) 641-1360

DECEMBER, 1988

#### **BRUCE GUSTAFSON**

Franklin and Marshall College Lancaster, Pennsylvania

## JAMES HAMMANN

D.M.A. A.A.G.O. **Jefferson Ave Presbyterian Church** Detroit Allen Park Symphony

WILL O. HEADLEE SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY SYRACUSE, NEW YORK 13210

## Harry H. Huber

D. Mus. sas Wesleyan University, Eme University Methodist Church SALINA, KANSAS

Your Professional Card could appear in this space

Please write for rates

# Brian Jones

TRINITY CHURCH **BOSTON** 

## JAMES KIBBIE

The University of Michigan School of Music Ann Arbor, MI 48109

## WILLIAM KUHLMAN

Decorah, Iowa 52101 **Luther College** 

## David Lowry

School of Music Winthrop College Rock Hill, South Carolina 29733

DAVID McCAIN

# ORI ANDO

MICHAEL GAILIT

Organist — Pianist



HOCHSCHULE FUR MUSIK Lothringerstrasse 18 A-1030 VIENNA, AUSTRIA

## E. LYLE HAGERT

Minneapolis

## **DAVID S. HARRIS**

**Organ Consultant** 1332 Del Mar Parkway Aurora, CO 80010

## VICTOR HILL

Harosichard and Orace

Williams College St. John's Episcopal Church Williamstown, Mass. 01267

## FRANK IACINO

St. James Church 728 Annette St. Toronto, Canada

Recitals

Records

## **MICHELE JOHNS**

A.Mus.D

Organ - Harpsichord The University of Michigan **School of Music** 

#### KIM R. KASLING D.M.A.

St. John's University Collegeville, MN 56321

## **GALE KRAMER**

DMA

**Wayne State University Metropolitan Methodist Church** Detroit 48202

## RICHARD W. LITTERST M. S. M.

SECOND CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH ROCKFORD. ILLINOIS

## BETTY LOUISE LUMBY

DSM . FAGO

UNIVERSITY OF MONTEVALLO MONTEVALLO, ALA. 35115

Shirley Makus Harpsichord, Organ Ariel Ensemble, Chicago 1437 W. Rose 37 W. Rosemont Ave. Chicago, IL 60660 (312) 761-1847



# DAVID GOODING

Resident Music Director/Consultant

THE CLEVELAND PLAY HOUSE

Cleveland, OH 44106

Nancianne Parrella; Holy Trinity Lutheran, New York, NY 5 pm

Julian Goodwin; St Thomas Church, New York, NY 5:15 pm

Michael Murray: First Presbyterian, Ft Lauderdale, FL 7:30 pm

Elizabeth & Raymond Chenault, organ duo; St

Paul's-by-the-Sea Episcopal, Jacksonville Beach, FL

Donald Joyce: Cleveland Museum, Cleveland,

Hans Hielscher; First Congregational, Columbus OH 8 pm

Murray; Jefferson Ave Presbyterian, Detroit, MI 4 pm

+ Stephen Schaeffer: Cathedral Church of the Advent, Birmingham, AL 4 pm

Nancy Klein, with tenor and boy soprano; Zion

Lutheran, Ann Arbor, MI

#### 17 JANUARY

James Buonemani, with trumpet: Church of the Epiphany, Washington, DC 12:10 pm

10 JANIJARY

Paul Riedo, harpsichord, with orchestra; St Thomas Aguinas, Dallas, TX 7:30 pm

20 JANUARY

Joan Lippincott: Old West Church, Boston, MA

21 JANUARY

Joan Lippincott, masterclass; Old West Church, Boston, MA

Baroque Concert: St John's Episcopal, Stamford. CT 8:30 pm

Gerre Hancock, workshop; Westminster Choir College, Princeton, NJ 9:30 am

\*Cj Sambach; Golden Hill UMC, Bridgeport, CT 2

pm
Willibaid Guggenmos; St Bartholomew's, New

York, NY 3 pm Bach, Cantata 72, Holy Trinity Lutheran, New York, NY 5 pm

Richard Heschke: St Thomas Church, New

Carlene Neihart; First UMC, Ft Lauderdale, FL 4

David Higgs; Miami Cathedral, Miami, FL Tamara Albrecht: Cathedral of St Philip, Atlanta.

GA 5 pm

Karel Paukert; Cleveland Museum, Cleveland, OH 2 pm

24 JANUARY

Samuel Baker; Church of the Epiphany, Washington, DC 12:10 pm

28 JANUARY

Hymn Festival; Cathedral Church of the Advent, Birmingham, AL 2 pm

29 JANUARY

Larry Allen, with piano & orchestra; South Church, New Britain, CT 4 pm Margaret Martin; Downtown United Presbyter-

ian, Rochester, NY 4:30 pm Robert Roth; St James the Less, Scarsdale, NY 4

Nicholas Jackson: St Thomas Church, New York, NY 5:15 pm

David Arcus; Duke University, Durham, NC 5

Robert Wolfersteig, with soprano; Cathedral of St Philip, Atlanta, GA 5 pm

Karel Paukert; Cleveland Museum, Cleveland, OH 2 pm Le Nuove Musiche: Christ Church Cathedral, Indi-

apolis, IN 1 pm Organ & Brass Concert; Independent Presbyter-

ian, Birmingham, AL 4 pm

31 JANUARY

Richard Apel; Church of the Epiphany, Washington, DC 12:10 pm

American Boychoir; Cathedral of St Philip, Atlanta, GA 8 pm

#### UNITED STATES West of the Mississippi

18 DECEMBER

Lessons & Carols; St Luke's Episcopal, Des Moines, IA 3 pm

Lessons & Carols; St John's Cathedral, Denver, CO 4:30, 7 pm

Lessons & Carols; St Timothy's Lutheran, Albu-

querque, NM 4 pm
Lessons & Carols; St Mark's Episcopal, Berkeley, CA 7:30 pm

31 DECEMBER

Dallas Bach Society: St Thomas Aguinas, Dallas,

John Renke: Grace Cathedral, San Francisco. CA 10 pm

6 JANUARY

Epiphany Concert; St John's Cathedral, Denver, CO 7:30 pm

9 JANUARY

\*Philip Brunelle; Zion Lutheran, Dallas, TX 8:15 pm

20 JANUARY

Michael Farris; Trinity University, San Antonio, TX 8 pm

Thomas Murray: The Tabernacle, Salt Lake City, UT

Robert Glasgow, masterclass; Mormon Taber-

Catharine Crozier; Arizona State Univ, Tempe,

Frederick Swann: Central Union Church, Hono-

21 JANUARY

Marilyn Mason, masterclass; La Jolla Presbyterian, La Jolla, CA

Anne & Todd Wilson, duo recital; Univ of New Mexico, Albuquerque, NM 4 pm

Melvin Butler; Stanford University, Palo Alto, CA

8 pm "Marilyn Mason; La Jolla Presbyterian, La Jolla,

23 JANUARY

Kenneth Hart; SMU, Dallas, TX 8:15 pm

'Christopher Young: St John's Cathedral, Denver. CO 8 pm Michael Lindner; SMU, Dallas, TX 8:15 pm

Douglas Butler; St Mark's Cathedral. Seattle. WA

28 JANUARY

David Higgs, John Balka; St Leander's, San Leandro, CA

29 JANUARY

Candlemas Concert: St John's Cathedral, Denver, CO 7:30 pm

David Higgs; Pacific Union College, Angwin, CA 7 pm

## INTERNATIONAL

15 DECEMBER

Gillian Weir; Royal Festival Hall, London, England 5:55 pm (also 16, 18 December)

17 DECEMBER

Gillian Weir; Sheldonian Theatre, Oxford, England 8 pm

14 JANUARY

John McIntosh; Central United Church, Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario 8 pm

## **MARILYN MASON**

CHAIRMAN, DEPARTMENT OF ORGAN UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN ANN ARBOR

"... Ginastera's... was by all odds the most exciting... and many, .... with awesome technique and a thrilling command of its daring writing."

The American Organist, 1980

## Donald P. Moore



ORGANIST-CHOIRMASTER THE PILGRIM UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST 130 BROAD BLVD.

Professional Card in

A Two-Inch

## THE DIAPASON

Please write for rates. And there's no extra charge for photos!

# COMPOSER—ARRANGER

CUYAHOGA FALLS, OHIO 44221

## **Organ Recitals**

ROBERT ANDERSON, Västeras Domkyrka, Sweden, July 31: Hymne 'A solis ortus', de Grigny; Toccata d-moll, BuxWV 155, Buxtehude; Toccata d-moll, 3 Versen über Nun freut euch, lieben Christen, Weckmann; Praeludium und Fuga Ess-dur, S. 552, Bach; Scherzo, Op. 2, Duruflé; Agnus Dei, Martin; Carillon, Op. 27, Dupré.

DAVID BURTON BROWN, Trinity Lutheran Church, Reading, PA, September 11: Concerto III in C Major, S. 594, Vivaldi-Bach; Comes Autumn Time, Sowerby; Phantasie in F, K. 608, Mozart; Sonata on the 94th Psalm, Reubke.

PHILIP CROZIER, St. James United Church, Montreal, July 12: Herr Jesu Christ, dich zu uns wend, S. 655, S. 709, Bach; Toccata in D Minor, BuxWV 155, Buxtehude; Deuxième Symphonie, Dupré.

MERRILL N. DAVIS, III, Christ United Methodist Church, Rochester, MN, August 30: Prelude, Sarabande, and Fugue, Jennings; Sleepers Wake!, Toccata and Fugue in D Minor, S. 565, Bach; Nimrod (Enigma Variations), Elgar; Ronde Francaise, Boëllmann; Finale (The Firebird), Stravinsky.

ROBIN DINDA, Concordia College, Ann Arbor, MI, August 3: Trumpet Voluntary, Dinda; Variations on 'God Save the King', Hesse; Rondo, Rinck; Variations on 'Auld Lang Syne', Thayer; The Swan, Saint-Saëns; Variations on a Theme of Paganini, Thalben-Ball; In Springtime, Kinder; Vision, Dinda.

EARL EYRICH, Old West Church, Boston, MA, July 19: Prelude and Fugue in E Minor, S. 548, Bach; Toccata cromatica con durezze e ligature, Kerll; Magnificat octavi toni, Kindermann; Prière, Final, Franck.

MARY FENWICK, Christ Church, Alexandria, VA, July 9: Two Trumpet Tunes, Martin; Fugue in C, Buxtehude; III. Sarabande, IV. Rhythmic Trumpet ('Baroques' Suite for Organ), Bingham; Fantasy and Fugue in G Minor, S. 542, Bach; Melodia, Reger; Symphonie III, Vierne.

FREDERICK HOHMAN, First Presbyterian Church, Durham, NC, August 28: Thanksgiving March, Lemare; All glory be to God on high, S. 664, Toccata in F Major, S. 540, Bach; The Bell Scherzo, Op. 89, Andantino in D-flat, Lemare; Fantasy-Overture to Romeo and Juliet, Tchaikovsky/Lemare; Claire de Lune (Pieces de Fantassie), Final (Symphonie V), Vierne.

EILEEN HUNT, with Janet Rosen, English horn, Green's Farms Church, June 5: Prelude and Fugue in C Major, S. 547, Bach, Andante in F Major, K. 616, Mozart; Variations on 'Amazing Grace' for English horn and organ, Hampton; Sonata IV in Bh Major, Op. 65, Mendelssohn; Partita for English horn and Organ, Koetsier; Praeludium, Konzen.

JARED JACOBSEN, Spreckels Organ Pavilion, San Diego, CA, August 8: The Emperor's Fanfare, Soler; Fantasie et Fugue sur B-A-C-H, Liszt/Guillou/Jacobsen; Prelude and Fugue in D, S. 532, Bach; Berceuse & Finale (The Firebird), Stravinsky/Besly; Choral in A Minor, Franck; Andante sostenuto (Symphonie Gothique), Widor; Overture to Die Meistersinger von Nürnberg, Wagner/Warren; Final (Symphonie VI), Vierne.

MICHAEL KRAFT, Old West Church, Boston, MA, August 16: In ecclesiis, Gabrieli; Nun freut euch, lieben Christen g'mein, BuxWV 210, Buxtehude; Fugue (First String Quartet, transc. Josiah Fisk), Children's Day (Third Symphony, trans. Kraft), Ives; Prelude and Fugue in B Minor, S. 544, Bach

RANDALL MANGES, Bruton Parish Church, Williamsburg, VA, July 12: Prelude and Fugue in E Minor, Brunckhorst; Nun komm der Heiden Heiland, S. 661, Bach, BuxWV 211, Buxtehude; In dulci jubilo, S. 211, Bach, Schroeder; Herzlich tut mich erfreuen, Es ist ein Ros, O Gott du frommer Gott, Brahms; Caprice, Gawthrop; Sinfonia Festiva, Near; Lobe den Herren, Eventide, D. S. Harris; God of Grace, Manz; In Paradisum, Tu es petra, Mulet.

JUDSON MAYNARD, Christ United Methodist Church, Rochester, MN, August 2: Carillon-Sortie, Mulet; Toccata in F Major, S. 540, Bach; Chorale Fantasia on 'O Godour Help', Parry; Communion, Sortie (Pentecost Mass), Messiaen.

KEVIN McKELVIE, First Congregational Church, Waterloo, IA, July 24: Chorale in E Major, Franck; Symphonie V, Widor; Variations sur un thème de Clèment Jannequin, Le Jardin suspendu, Litanies, Alain; Prelude and Fugue in G Minor, Deux Esquisses (E minor, B<sup>b</sup> minor), Dupré; Prêlude et Fugue sur le nom d'Alain, Duruflé.

TOMOKO AKATSU MIYAMOTO, Old West Church, Boston, MA, June 7: Fantasie in G-dur, S. 572, Partite: Sei gegrüsset, Jesu gütig, S. 768, Bach.

DAVID PEARSON, St. James United Church, Montreal, July 5: Sonata No. 5 in D Major, Mendelssohn; Master Tallis' Testament, Howells; Partita on a Norwegian Hymn Tune, Pearson; Arietta, Lloyd-Webber; March on a theme of Handel, Guilmant.

RICHARD PEEK, Covenant Presbyterian Church, Charlotte, NC, June 12: Toccata avanti la Missa, Kyrie, Toccata cromaticha per l'Elevatione, Frescobaldi; Basse de Trompette, Récit de Tierce (Messe pour les Couvents), Couperin; Prelude and Fugue in G Major, S. 541, Bach; Pièce Héroïque, Franck; Prelude in G Major, Bruckner; Sonate II, Hindemith; Fantasia and Fugue on 'St. Anne', Peek.

STEPHEN L. PINEL, Round Lake Auditorium, Round Lake, NY, with the Round Lake Festival Symphony Orchestra, Glenn E. Soellner, Music Director, July 24: Entrata (Meditations, Op. 167, no. 1), Introduction, Fugue and Passacaglia (Sonata No. 8 in Eminor, Op. 132), Rheinberger, Allegro, Op. 81, Adoration, Op. 44, Guilmant; Jauchz, Erd und Himmel, juble hell, Op. 67, Reger; Meditation, Op. 68, Charles Lefebvre; Concerto for Organ and Orchestra in Eminor, Op. 5 (1870), Ebenezer Prout.

DAVID ROTHE, First Presbyterian Church, Marysville, CA, June 25: Prelude and Fugue in C Major, S. 547, Bach; Nun bitten wir den heiligen Geist, Buxtehude; Passamezzo and Salterello, Bernard Schmid the Elder; Romance, Balbastre; Praeludium in G Minor, BuxWV 149, Buxtehude; Prelude and Fugue in G Major, Mendelssohn; Herzlich tut mich verlangen, Brahms; Mon äme cherche une fin paisible, Langlais; Carillon de Westminster, Vierne.

IAN SADLER, St. James United Church, Montreal, June 21: Sonata No. 1 in F Minor, Mendelssohn; Allein Gott in der Höh' sei Ehr, S. 664, Bach; Variations on a Theme of Herbert Howells, Bourgeois; Chorale prelude on Durness, Ferguson; Transports de Joie (L'Ascension), Messiaen.

**LAWRENCE** 

ROBINSON

VIRGINIA COMMONWEALTH UNIVERSITY

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

## LARRY PALMER

Professor of

Harpsichord and Organ

Meadows School of the Arts

SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY

Dallas, Texas 75275

**Musical Heritage Society recordings** 

## FREDERICK L. MARRIOTT

ORGANIST - CARILLONNEUR

KIRK-IN-THE-HILLS
BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MICH. 48013

## LEON NELSON

THE MOODY CHURCH CHICAGO, IL 60614

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH DEERFIELD, IL 60015

## RICHARD M. PEEK

Sac. Mus. Doc.

Covenant Presbyterian Church 1000 E. Morehead Charlette, N. C.

## **DOUGLAS REED**

UNIVERSITY OF EVANSVILLE
EVANSVILLE, INDIANA

### **Dennis Schmidt**

A. Mus. D. St. Paul's School Concord, NH 03301

# ROBERT L. SIMPSON

Cathedral of St. Philip 2744 Peachtree Road N.W. Atlanta, Georgia 30305

## Robert W. Smith

Historic First Christian Church
Charlottesville, Virginia

.

## **BEAL THOMAS**

St. Margaret Catholic Church
Bel Air, MD

## KARL MICHAEL WATSON

TRINITY LUTHERAN CHURCH STATEN ISLAND

## RONALD WYATT

Trinity Church
Galveston

## **DAVID SPICER**

First Church of Christ Wethersfield, Connecticut



## WILLIAM H. MURRAY

Mus. M F.A.G.O.

St. Jahn's Episcapal Church
215 North Sixth Street
2. O. Box 1432
Fort Smith Arkensor 72902

## **DUDLEY OAKES**

Organist/Choirmaster St. James' Episcopal Church Grosse Ile, Michigan 48138

## **JOHN DAVID PETERSON**

Memphis State University Memphis, Tennessee

## STEPHEN G. SCHAEFFER D.M.A.

The Cathedral Church of the Advent Birmingham, Alabama 35203

## Robert Shepfer

Organist - Choirmaster
SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Indianapolis, Indiana 46260
Recitals

## L. ROBERT SLUSSER

MUS. M., A.A.G.O.

LA JOLLA PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA

Your Professional Card

could appear in this space

Please write for rates

## SALLY SLADE WARNER, AAGO, ChM Carillonneur

St. Stephen's Church, Cohasset, MA Phillips Academy, Andover, MA Recitals

## DONALD W. WILLIAMS

D.M.A.
Zion Lutheran Church
Concordia College
Ann Arbor, MI

## **Gary Zwicky**

DMA FAGO

Eastern Illinois University

Charleston

## **GORDON YOUNG**



Mus. Doc., A.S.C.A.P.



International University Microfilms Interna-tional reproduces this publication in microform: microfiche and 16mm or 35mm film. For information, complete and mail the coupon below, or call toll-free for an immediate response: 800-521-3044 (call collect in Michigan, Alaska, and Hawaii: 313-761-4700).

	l information about	
Name		
Company/Ir	stitution	
Address		
City	State	Zip

## T. DAVIES & ASSOCIATES

Ann Arbor MI 48106

**Makers of Hand Crafted Organ Pipes** 

The Chapel, Low Moor Side Lane, New Farley, Leeds LS12 5EA England

Telephone Leeds: 633915



(212) 757-3503

Christopher A. Ballad

PIPE ORGAN BUILDER

NEW INSTRUMENTS TUNING/MAINTENANCE

REBUILDS

205 WEST 54TH STREET NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019 TONAL WORK

## **WILLIAM F. BRAME**

Eastern Associate Goulding & Wood, Inc.

P.O. Box 1231 Kinston, NC 28503

## BRUNZEMA ORGANS INC.

596 Glengarry Crescent South Post Office Box 219 . Fergus, Ontario Canada N1M 2W8 (519) 843-5450

KAREN HANSON SANDY, Christ United Methodist Church, Rochester, MN, July 19: Prelude and Fugue in E Minor, Bruhns; Benedictus, Reger; Master Tallis' Testament, Howells: Fantasia and Fugue in G Minor, Bach.

JOHN A. SCHULTZ, Christ United Methodist Church, Rochester, MN, June 21: Prelude and Fugue in C Minor, Op. 37, No. 1, Andante and Variations in D Major, Sonata in F Minor, Op. 65, No. 1, Mendelssohn.

ION THOMAS. Christ United Methodist Church, Rochester, MN, June 28: Toccata, Adagio, and Fugue in C, Bach; Prelude, Adagio (Symphony I), Vierne; Variations on the Austrian Hymn, Paine.

GWENDOLYN TOTH, Old West Church, Boston, MA, June 14: Toccata, Froberger; Selections from the First Book, Cavazzoni; Aria detta Balletto, Frescobaldi; Ciaccona, Storace; Three clock pieces, Haydn; Prelude in E<sup>b</sup> Major, J. C. Bach; Concerto in C Major, S. 594, Bach.

SUE MITCHELL WALLACE, with John Head, trumpet, Westminster Abbey, June 5: Processional, Mathias; Brother James' Air, Wright, arr. Wallace; Requiescat in Pace, Sowerby; Impromptu, Vierne; Invocation, Starer; Allegro vivace (Symphony V), Widor; Air, Largo, Gigue, Telemann.

DAVID YEARSLEY, Old West Church, Boston, MA, July 26: Sonata V in C Major, S. 529, Wo soll ich fliehen hin, Bach; A! Elbereth Gilthoniell, Gaggia; Tierce en taille, de Grigny; Prelude and Fugue in C Major, Op. 36, No. 3, Dupré.

RUDOLF ZUIDERVELD, Sacred Heart RUDOLF ZUIDERVELD, Sacred Heart Church, Fort Madison, IA, June 19: Fanfare, Lemmens; Partita on What God ordains is always right, Pachelbel; Air and Gavotte, Wesley; Elevazione in the manner of a short opera: Recitative - Aria - Chorus, Bergamo; Jesu, joy of man's desiring, Fugue in G Minor, S. 578, Bach; Prelude on Land of Rest, Prouls; Sweet Sixteenths, Albright; The Stages and Strings Forgers, Soura (Biggs. The Stars and Stripes Forever, Sousa/Biggs.

## Complete Organ Consoles

All styles, including Capture and keying systems.

Exclusive Opti-Sense (no contact) Keying Over a decade of experience

NORTHWEST ORGAN SUPPLY 3419 C St. N.E. **AUBURN, WA 98002** 

> Call or write for information (206) 852-4866

NEW ORGANS TUNING REBUILDING

Murray Burfeind

PIPE ORGAN SERVICE

R. R. 2 GOODHUE, MINN. 55027

ANDREW A. HUNTINGTON PIPE ORGAN VOICER AND CONSULTANT

35 CEDAR LAND COURT CROMWELL, CT. 06416 (203) 635-4179

FLUE VOICING—TONAL FINISHING TONAL REVISIONS—RESTORATIONS

## International ORGAN LEATHERS

Quality Leathers for Pipe Organs - Player Pianos - Musical Instruments

Sample Card Available (219) 234-8831

412 West Marion South Bend, IN 46601

KIMBER-ALLEN makes nd supplies the finest omponents for the organ

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

#### **ALL REPLIES** TO BOX NUMBERS

that appear without an address should be sent to: THE DIAPASON 380 Northwest Hwy Des Plaines, IL 60016

#### PACITIONS AVAILABLE

Taylormusic Church Organ Co., Box 456, Willow Grove, PA 19090. 215/659-5420. Church organ sales. Position available for salesperson/organist with church organ division of Philadelphia area's largest and most respected piano and organ house. Business, sales and technical experience needed to manage 75-mile territory representing domestic and imported organ makers. State-of-the-art digitally sampled pipes, electronic, and electronic-pipe combinations. Standard and custom-built organs. Outstanding growth and earnings potential. Call collect, or write, to Fred Taylor or Joe Antonelli.

Position available with American Inst. of Organbuilders; Executive secretary/editor of quarterly journal. Half time. Send letter and resume to: Walter Holtkamp, 2909 Meyer Ave., Cleveland, OH 44109.

Organbuilder wanted, specializing in mechanical action. Experience in voicing an asset. Reply to Gabriel Kney & Co., Ltd., 137 Falcon St., London, Ont., Canada N5W 4Z2.

Zion Episcopal Church, Manchester, VT, 05255, looking for organist and/or choir director. Please call. Tell us your interests and capabilities. 802/362-1987.

#### POSITIONS AVAILABLE

Jobs for church musicians. Nationwide. All major denominations. Weekly mailings. New lower registration fees. Free information. Write Church Musicians' National Referral Service, Dept. 52, Box 36, Huntington, WV 25706.

Music Director/Organist for 500-member church to provide music for principal Sunday service, special worship services and special music events. Responsible for recruitment, training and direction of 15-member adult choir and possible children's choir. Paid vacation. Salary in \$8,000 - \$12,000 range. Position available immediately. Send resume to St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Main Street South, Woodbury, CT 06798. Attn. Richard Hayward.

Full-time position available for shop technician. Person must be willing to make commitment to the profession, capable of attention to detail, and take pride in workmanship. Large clientele covering three states. Firm is very busy and growing. Competitive starting salary, good company benefits. M. P. Proscia & Associates, 580 Hillcrest Rd., Bowdon, GA 30108.

Attention salespeople! If you like money and sunshine and are self-motivated (sales experience and keyboard background a plus) call or write for details. We have openings in beautiful Southern Callfornia for action people. Rodgers Instrument Company, Los Angeles Sales Division, 625 W. Covina Blvd., San Dimas, CA 91773. 714/599-7899, Bob Tall, General Manager.

Pipemaker wanted: 3-5 years experience; to work in growing company in New England area. Send resume to: Andover Organ Co., P.O. Box 36, Methuen, MA 01844.

## FINE ORGAN LEATHERS SINCE 1800

BROCHURES SENT ON REQUEST

BEVINGTONS AND SONS of LONDON NECKINGER MILLS ABBEY STREET BERMONDSEY LONDON SEL 2AW

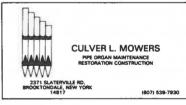


#### **CHARLES W. McMANIS**

Voicer & Tonal Finisher

651 Pershing Drive

Walnut Creek, CA 94596-2036



## Schneider Hipe Organs. Inc. P.O. Box 37 • Kenney, IL 61749-0037 (217) 944-2454

New Mechanical and Electrical Action Organs Affordable Residential Organs Comprehensive Rebuilds Artistic Tonal Work & Revolced Pipes

#### SONIC CREATIONS INC

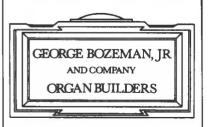
MODULAR SOLID STATE RELAY SYSTEMS for PIPE ORGANS

COMPLETE LINE OF MODULES FOR ELECTRONIC ORGANS, FROM KEYING THRU AMPLIREES BOTH IN KIT FORM & ASSEMBLED.

SEND \$1.00 FOR CATALOG.
SONIC CREATIONS INC
P.O. BOX 758 CORTEZ, CO 81321

PRICES

Chime Co. 2023 Eastern Ave. Cincinnati, O. 45202 (513) 221-8600



Telephone: (603) 463-7407 41 Raymond Road (Route 107) Deerfield, New Hampshire 03037





Fast UPS Delivery

WOMEN'S, 6 Colors, Sizes 4 - 11, \$30. ppd. MEN'S. Black, Sizes 6 - 12, \$35, ppd. Sizes 12½ - 13, \$38. ppd., Sizes 14 - 16, \$40. ppd. Narrow, Medium and Wide widths CALL OR WRITE (203)-453-1973

282 Stepstone Hill, Guilford, CT 06437

THE DIAPASON

#### **POSITIONS** AVAILABLE

Organ Builder, experienced. Shop & installation. For tracker organs. Call: 1/502/634-3637.

#### **PIPE ORGANS** WANTED

Practice organ wanted. Compact, self-contained, 2 manuals and pedal. 1, 2, or 3 ranks. Send description, stoplist and price. REPLY BOX SE-865 THE DIAPASON.

#### MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

**WANTED: Copy of "St. Lawrence Sketches"** by Alexander Russell. William F. Brame, P.O. Box 1231, Kinston, NC 28503; 919/523-2983.

2- or 3-octave handbell set in good condition. REPLY BOX DC-881, THE DIAPASON.

Wanted for research: Complete set of bound copies of *The Diapason*. Nelson Barden, 17 Bellevue St., Newton, MA 02158.

Clark artistouch consolette or Roesler-Hun-holz concert player unit. Also interested in rolls. Ed Gardner, 103 Lordship Rd., Stratford, CT 06497.

Tapered mandrels wanted. Contact Paul: 508/686-0371.

Deagan tower chimes wanted. Leads gratefully accepted. Jack Hardman, 140 Forest, Glenridge, NJ 07028. 201/429-8880.

#### PUBLICATIONS/ RECORDINGS

"The organs of the Divine Word Seminary." Techny, Illinois. Leon Nelson, organist. Works by Campra, Lemmens, Walton, Lenel, others. Stereo LP. \$7.00, postpaid. Collector's item. Nelson, 824 Waukegan Rd., Deerfield, IL 60015.

The Organ Literature Foundation, world's largest supplier of organ books and recordings offers Catalog "V" listing 635 books, 2, 129 classical organ records and cassettes, etc. Send \$1.00 or 4 international reply coupons. The Organ Literature Foundation, 45 Norfolk Rd., Braintree, MA 02184. 617/848-1388

Voicing & Finishing: Classical Examples. Principal tones typical of 18th century Baroque through classical revival. Harmonic content of flutes, Romantic vs. Baroque reeds. Scaling examples. Includes performance by George Thalben-Ball and Carlo Curley. Chrome Cassette. Send \$3.00 for Voicing Cassette to: Allen Organ Co., Macungie, PA 18062.

The first recording of organs by 19th century organbuilder, John George Pfeffer (1823–1910) of St. Louis, has been released. The two-record album "A Pfeffer Odyssey," features four organs built between 1860 and 1879. Organists heard on the recording are Rosalind Mohnsen and Earl Miller. Record Nr. OHS-200. \$16.00 (OHS members: \$12.00) includes physical Organists heard on the 1812.00 includes physical Organists. \$13.00), includes shipping. Organ Historical Society, Box 26811, Richmond, VA 23261.

The Organ Historical Society is offering a 16-page catalog of publications, recordings, and other items, many of which are produced by the OHS. The catalog also includes many hard-to-find popular books, recordings and tapes from other sources. Send 22¢ stamp to: OHS, Box 26811, Richmond, VA 23261

#### PUBLICATIONS/ RECORDINGS

English organ and choral records. Priory: CD, cassettes, and records. Abbey: records and cassettes, jim Johnston Record Imports, Box 07203, Ft. Myers, FL 33919.

The Stopt Diapason, a quarterly publication features illustrated articles regarding vinlage organs in the midwest. Special articles deal with little-known, but extant instruments and their builders, as well as similar articles regarding organs that no longer exist. Published information is well-researched. Subscrip-Published Information is well-researched. Subscription only \$12.00 per year. Checks made payable to Chicago-Midwest OHS. Address orders with remittance to: Susan Friesen, Editor, The Stopt Diapason, 2139 Hassell Rd., Hoffman Estates, IL 60195.

A complete listing of all available back-numbers of THE DIAPASON is now available. Many from the 1930's on, and some older issues may also be obtained for your personal or library collection. Send SASE to: The Organ Historical Society, Box 26811, Richmond, VA 23261.

#### PIANOFORTE

Player plano, baby grand: George Steck & Co., Electric, 1920, Duo-Art Aeolian, Serial #64667, Co., Electric, 1920, Duo-Art Aeolian, Senai #64667, completely restored. Mahogany case in lacquer, refinished. Excellent. Including roller cabinet with 70 reproducing rolls and piano bench. \$8,000. Call Patricia Garcia 904/223-5502, or 904/223-1757.

#### HARPSICHORDS

Harpsichord owners: A full line of audio and visual chromatic tuners is now available to help you with your tuning requirements. For more information write: Peterson Electro-Musical Products, Inc., Dept. 20, Worth, IL 60482.

#### HARDSICHORDS

Harpsichords, pedal harpsichords, clavi-chords custom made. Jan H. Albarda, 14 Princess St., Elora, Ont., Canada NOB 1S0

Eric Herz Harpsichords since 1954. Herz harpsichords are the product of over three decades of experience and refinement. They offer an unmatched combination of craftsmanship, reliability and musical excellence, backed by a commitment to customer service. Inquiries and catalogue requests to: 12 Howard St., Cambridge, MA 02139. 617/868-6772.

Harpsichords, Clavichords, Forteplanos. Custom instruments and kits. Write for free brochure. Zuckermann Harpsichords Inc., Box 121-D, Stonington, CT 06378.

Harpsichord Recording: Test your friends' ears with acoustic sounds form a digital instument: the Allen Harpsichord. Two manuals: two 8', one 4' & lute. Four pieces—all Bach. Chrome cassette. Send \$3.00 to Allen Organ Co., Macungie, PA 18062.

Neupert harpsichords, clavichords, fortepia-nos new and used. Wally Pollee, 1955 W. John Beers Rd., Stevensville, MI 49127.

#### PIPE ORGANS FOR SALE

Two-manual pipe organ, 13 ranks, electro-pneumatic. For details and specification please write or contact Morel Organ Co., 5 Lennon Rd., Arlington, MA 02174; 617/643-4054.

2M, 3R Schaefer organ, electro-pneumatic action, unified to 14 stops. Complete with finished swell box-case. Peace Lutheran Church, 17651 W. Small Road, New Berlin, WI 53146; 414/679-1441.



## BERKSHIRE ORGAN COMPANY INC.

68 SO. BOULEVARD, WEST SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS Area Code 413-734-3311. 736-1079 American Institute of Organbuilders Member: American Institute of Organbuilders

martin ott pipe organ company inc.

1353 Baur Boulevard St. Louis, Missouri 63132 (314) 569-0366

2033 JOHANNA B HOUSTON 77055

## KOPPEJAN

pipe organs

Tracker-organ builder new organs and restoration

Chilliwack, B C 48223 Yale Rd F Cenada V2P 6H4 Phone (604) 792-1623



QUALITY PIPE ORGAN SUPPLIES

Insert the advertisement shown below or enclosed in the Classified Advertising

section of THE DIAPASON for the following issue(s):

Member International Society of Organbuilders Associated Pipe Organ Builders of America

VISSER-ROWLAND

## KIEFER TANNING CO.

240 FRONT • GRAND RAPIDS, MI. 49504 (616) 459-3401

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC LEATHER





3101-20th Street 94110 (415) 647-5132

## **Robert M. Turner** Organbuilder

1721 East Autumn Drive West Covina, CA 91791

(818) 814-1700

## CLASSIFIED **ADVERTISING**

Regular classified advertising is single paragraph "want ad" style. First line only of each ad in bold face type.

Display classified advertisements are set entirely in bold face type with the addition of a ruled box (border) surrounding the advertisement.

Regular Classified, per word

riogulai olassiliea, poi word		-	+	-			Ψ 33
Regular Classified minimum	ě,	4			100	8	5.00
Display Classified, per word Display Classified minimum				×		*	.50
Display Classified minimum		٠					20.00
Additional to above charges:							
Box Service (mail forwarding)			÷				5.00
Billing charge to non-establish							0.00
accounts (per insertion) .	-			1			2.00

Closing Date (Classified): the first (1st) of the month for the next month's issue (Jan. 1st for the Feb. issue).

Non-subscribers wanting single copies of the issue in which their advertisement appears should include \$2.00 per issue desired with their

The Diapason reserves the right to designate appropriate classification to advertisements, and to reject the insertion of advertising deemed inappropriate to this magazine.

# THE DIAPASON . 380 NORTHWEST HIGHWAY . DES PLAINES, IL 60016

_ □ Regular	□ Boldface	
	-	
	The second secon	Phone

## FOR SALE

Moller Artiste, Op.9808, ca. 1962, 2M, 4R with foundation flutes, reeds and mixture, swell to great coupler. Wood console and chest cabinet. This organ is and has been maintained in excellent tion. Asking \$25,000. St. Stephen Lutheran Church, Williamsburg, VA 23185. 804/229-6688, 804/229-

About 100-year-old 2M tracker pipe organ, R.S. Williams & Son, Toronto; 10 ranks, 12 stops, five couplers, full pedalboard. Tel. 519/631-7712.

Wangerin organ #493; 2M, 12R, rebuilt 1977; two reeds, several new ranks. Complete w/casework; can be seen & played. \$15,000. James Yeager, Pontifical College Josephinum, 7625 N. High St., Worthington, OH 43235.

1928 Pilcher 10R, 2M/ped. In storage, ready for moving. \$2,500. Kevin Bishop, Box 527, Manchester Center, VT 05255. 802/362-4160 eves.,

Continuo organ; one-manual, 48-note; 8' Holzgedackt, 2' Prinzipal, medieval style in white oak. Self-playing capability. \$11,688. Tellers Organ Co., Inc., 21 West 10th St., Erie, PA 16501. 814/

3R with chimes Wicks, playing; 2M & pedal; compact free-standing case console attached; can crate and ship; living room furniture coming, must sell. Bob Markworth, 8505 N. 46, Omaha, NE 68152.

1961 Holzinger: 3M Klann console; 20R, Great, Swell, Choir, Pedal, 45 stops, 21 couplers; 4-16' ranks, very compact, unique regulators as chest bases. Extra: Bombarde, Vox, Coronet, Maas chimes/carillon w/amplifier. Two Meidinger blowers 10V. Presently 90% set up, easy to remove. \$10,000. Donald Cordell, 8932 Haddon Ave., Sun Valley, CA 91352.

New 5-stop positiv with pedalboard and coupler (no 16'), mech. action. Gedackt 8', Rohrfloete 4', Prinzipal 2' (facade), Quinte 11/3', Mixtur III. Masterful workmanship. \$23,000. Call 508/695-2713.

#### PIPE ORGANS FOR SALE

Free. Historic 1891 Schoenstein: 2/24 tracker. Needs case and complete re-build. Recipient must have suitable location and funds for approved restoration by first-class builder. 3101 20th St., San Francisco, CA 94110.

Hook-Hastings 2/7 tracker. \$38,000 restored and installed (transportation, etc. extra). Schoenstein & Co., 3101 20th St., San Francisco, CA 94110. 415/647-5132.

1915 Estey, 8 ranks, 8 stops, 2M and 30-note pedal. For sale as a whole or in parts. Currently in regular use. Buyer to remove. \$7,000 or best offer. Contact Bruce Reuter, 1035 Gladish Lane, Glenview, 11 60025 312/729-1364

Hall pipe organ; 2M, 14R with chimes. Currently in use. Asking \$7,500. Buyer to remove. For more information contact Boulevard Un. Methodist Church, 804/358-8993, 321 N. Boulevard, Richmond, VA 23221.

2M, 5R electro-pneumatic unit organ. John West, 265 Cleaveland Rd., Pleasant Hill, CA 94523. 415/937-2914

1949 Moeller, 23R, 3M. Write for stoplist to: Cleburne First Seventh-Day Adventist Church, 111 Meadow View Dr., Cleburne, TX 76031. 817/645-

1808 Dieffenbach tracker, 9 stops, 1-m & pedal. Stored, now temporarily set up. Most historic. Dieffenbach, 5806 Norton Rd., Alexandria, VA

1907 Hutchings-Votey electro-pneumatic; 20 stops, 22 ranks, 2 manual Law's "Austin-Style" AGO console. Contact: Congregational Church of Laconia, 18 Veterans Sq., Laconia, NH 03246.

6-stop Flentrop cabinet organ kit, 2M and pull-down pedal, 90% complete. Ideal for continuo or early music. Singlefold wedge-shaped bellows. 215/822-8365.

#### PIPE ORGANS FOR SALE

Superb 3-manual Skinner-plus organ, approximately 50 ranks. Instrument completely rebuilt and restored; console on movable platform, has all-new mechanism; new Peterson solid-state combination action. \$250,000 installed. REPLY BOX AU-872, THE DIAPASON.

Portative organ: folding keyboard; has served for performances in Phila., Balt., N.Y.; 8' Ged. 4' Rohrt, 2' Gems, 1' Oct. \$15,000. American Society of Ancient Instruments, 1205 Blythe Ave., Drexel Hill, PA 19026. 215/789-1205.

#### THEATRE ORGANS FOR SALE

3/9 Wurlitzer theatre pipe organ, mitered for 8-ft. ceiling. Three HP blower, single phase. Full toy counter, chrysoglott/vibraphone, glockenspiel, chimes, xylophone, the works. \$14,750. George 213/546-2343 eves./weekends.

Marr & Colton, eight-voice unit organ, ca. 1925, restored 1952. Now available, complete, with console, harp, blower and generator. \$2,500. Trinity Lutheran Church, 658 Grand Ave., Waukegan, IL 60085. 312/623-1197.

**2/5 Wurlitzer with traps & percussion,** \$7,500; 3/10 Robert Morton \$10,000. Others. Lots of T.O. parts. P.O. Box 66261, Portland, OR 97266. 503/771-8823.

Kilgen, 3 manual, 11 ranks. From Atlantic Theatre, Chicago. Complete with toycounter and percussions. 312/429-6766 days; 312/349-4309

#### **ELECTRONIC ORGANS** FOR SALE

Rodgers Jamestown 725, ex. cond., 2M, 32 pedals, with additional speakers. Price \$6,000. 313/676-8929.

#### **ELECTRONIC ORGANS** FOR SALE

Conn model 825, 2M, full 32-note pedals. Combination action, 2 gyro speakers, 2 sets Conn "pipes". 25 years old, fair condition. \$500. 312/945-0403.

Johannes Op.270, 3M, modified tracker action, memory capture registration, 2-year studio installation. Excellent church or studio instrument. Specs on request. \$20,000. REPLY BOX DC-883, THE DIAPASON.

Baldwin organ, model 48 H (custom made); excellent condition. \$1,500. Available immediately. Suited for all types of service music or for home. REPLY BOX DC-882, THE DIAPASON.

Hammond organ model 100A, \$1,500. Phone 815/625-3731, Sterling, IL.

Kimball Granada 2 manual theater console. 25 pedals, walnut, \$1,500. 312/824-0551. Des Plaines, IL.

#### REED ORGANS

PHOENIX Reed Organ Resurrection offers two magnificent 2mp pipetop Esteys: Style G 59, Style T 59. Complete restorations, replacement reeds. Catalogue \$1 and SASE; Box 3, Jamaica, VT 05343.

#### MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Artisan 3 man., draw knob, roll top, walnut cosole. Baldwin 2 man., light walnut console. Both in exc. cond. Ideal for connecting to a pipe organ. Pix and specs on request. Sale of church pipes, chests, trems, blowers and shades. Bobo Eby, 4202 Fireside Cir., Irvine, CA 92714; 714/551-0669.

Peterson solid-state combo action, unit EP chests, reservoirs, relay, console. Send SASE for details: 918 Hinman, Apt E, Evanston, IL 60202; 312/

# R. A. Colby, Inc.

Full Line Suppliers To The Organ Builder

Box 4058, C.R.S. Johnson City, TN 37602 (615) 282-4473

Goulding & Wood

Builders of superior slider-chest pipe organs employing the

finest craftsmen, materials, and classic tonal concepts.

Indianapolis, IN 46204

# GIESECKE

CARL GIESECKE & SOHN **PRESTIGIOUS ORGAN PIPEWORK SINCE 1838** 

## COLKIT MFG. COMPANY

P.O. Box 362 Tonawanda, New York 14150

(716) 692 7791

#### Organ Leathers

Quality Skins for Every Need

COLKIT MFG. Co.

P.O. Box 362 Tonawanda, NY 14150

(716) 692-7791

Sample card sent on request

## STEINER-RECK

Incorporated ORGANBUILDERS

> 415 Fast Woodhine Street Louisville, KY 40208 (502) 634-3636

## Quality Parts and Service Since 1966

SEND \$5.50 TODAY FOR OUR 85 PAGE CATALOG

ARNOT ORGAN SUPPLY COMPANY

## Орданосік дер\_ Makers of versatile mechanical action pipe organs

1109 Honeysuckle Way

Wichael WcHeiL

(317) 637-5222

Lompoc, CA 93436

Milnar Organ Company Eagleville, TN 37060 • (615) 274-6400

MAINTENANCE

NEW ORGANS . REBUILDING

ORGAN BUILDING/RESTORATION

T. R. RENCH & CO. RACINE, WIS. 53403

1405 SIXTEENTH ST. • 414/633-9566

## Pipe Organ Sales and Service, Inc. P.O. Box 838 • Lithonia, Ga. 30058 • 404/482-4845 Serving Pipe Organs of All Types in the Southeast

Rebuilding

Additions Repairs

Annual Maintenance Contracts

New Organs



(216) 826-0097

CHARLES M. RUGGLES
PIPE ORGANS

NS 24493 BAGLEY ROAD OLMSTED FALLS, OHIO 44138 MECHANICAL ACTION ORGANS

## **Prestant** Pipe Organs, Inc.

823 Massachusetts Ave.

P.O. Box 5099 San Antonio, Texas 78201



Redman Organ Co. 816 E. VICKERY BLVD. 817 - 332 - 2953

FORT WORTH 76104 MEMBER - INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY OF ORGANBUILDERS - ASSOCIATED PIPE ORGAN BUILDERS OF AMERICA

Known for Quality

Manufacturer of Organparts: OTTO HEUSS KG POBox 1162 6302 LICH W-Germany





#### **MISCELLANEOUS** FOR SALE

**Pipes (40+ ranks), chests, offsets, blowers,** misc. parts. Many hard to find ranks. SASE for list. Dan Spies, 5143 Winfield, East Canton, OH 44730.

E. M. Skinner large scale Deagan chimes with Deagan action like new; M. P. Moller Celesta with large scale Deagan bars; 3M/70+ tabs console with Klann combination action and misc. pipes and parts. 213/384-3039.

Kimball 8' Tuba, 73 pipes; 8' Diapason, 61 pipes; 8-note pedal offset chest; Wicks 4' gemshorn; 8' Vox; 16' Bourdon; 1 HP 1-phase cent. blower; Wurlitzer 49-note chrysoglott. Bob Markworth, 8505 N. 46, Omaha, NE 68152. 402/453-7769.

Pipes, parts, chests; send SASE for list to: Pipe Organ Parts, 1617 Vandalia Ave., Cincinnati, OH 45223.

Partially completed organ, perfect 2M, AGO pedal, 91 new relays, new switches, 3 ranks operating, unit chests, swell shades, reservoirs, 14 pipe ranks, 3 HP blower. \$6,000. In Oregon. 503/769-5354. Cowger.

Klann key actions; manual, one 15 slide, one 6 slide; pedal, one 15 slide. Like new, \$200 each. Maas-Rowe chimes, 21 notes. Paul R. Brendel, 9023 Maple Grove Dr., Crestwood, MO 63126. 314/842-1691.

8' Melodla, 61 pipes, wood pipes painted ground color, 1-13 stopped, 14-59 open wood, 60 + 61 metal, \$150, 4' Hohlflote, 49 pipes, Stinkens open spotted metal, \$175; 8' Dulciana, 61 pipes, 1-12 Haskell, Moller 1929, \$200; 8' Stopped Diapason, 57 pipes, 1-24 stopped wood, 25-57 metal rohrflote, Roosevelt 1882, pipes 43 + 47 missing, substitutes furnished, \$200. Desire pick up only. Donald D. Curry, 4 Roma Court, Lincroft, NJ 07738, answering machine 201/842-0837.

1935 Kilgen 3M console, chests for 17 ranks, 16' Tromba 85p, reservoirs, facade pipes, etc. Presently playing; in Sioux Falls Cathedral, B.O. to remove Spring, 1989. Hendrickson Organ Co., St. Peter, MN 56082, 507/931-4271.

New and used organ pipes, 16' Bourdon w/ chest, also consoles, chimes, keyboards. Eastern Mass. location. 508/975-2561.

#### **MISCELLANEOUS** FOR SALE

2 Morton chests, 8' Casavant Oboe (1950), 16' Subbass w/chest. Best offer. 312/281-1094.

Korg AT-12 autochromatic tuner. Play instrument; tuner shows note, octave, cents sharp or flat for seven octaves. C 1 to B 7. Plays four octaves: C 2 to B 5. Calibrate A=430-450 Hz. Batteries, AC adaptor, earphone, case, year warranty, one lb. Introductory offer: \$155 postpaid (\$225 list). Song of the Sea, 47 West St., Bar Harbor, ME 04609. 207/288-5653.

Aeolian 8-stop duplex pitman chest, new leather and magnets in 1970. Light use. Located near Victorville, CA. Asking price \$450, buyer to remove. For particulars, phone Abbott & Sieker, 213/473-2058.

One Spencer Orgoblow 2 HP, 5" WP; very good condition; \$1,800. Buyer to remove, or arrangements for removal can be made. First Reformed Church, 70 Scofield St., Walden, NY 12586. 914/778-5405

Pipes (many new) & other parts. Immediate shipment. Write for list. Schoenstein & Co., 3101 20th St., San Francisco, CA 94110.

Swell box (Estey); 8' 0" long, 3' 0" deep, 6'1½" high, with 7-stage swell motor, in good working condition. \$250. 508/695-2713.

8' Trumpet, 73 pipes, \$450; 8' Oboe \$400; 2M console \$300; over 40 ranks of pipes, parts, etc. SASE for current list. John Lyon, P.O. Box 299, New Hudson, MI 48165. 313/437-3059.

Two Schober theatre organ manuals prewired with Devtronix top octave tone generators for the Schober organ. Brand new, never used, \$700. Call or write: Frank Roper, 24185 Chardon Rd., Richmond Heights, OH 44143. 216/531-7082.

Used pipes and organ equipment, Lee Organs, Box 2061, Knoxville, TN 37901.

Misc. organ parts, hundreds of pipes, some complete ranks; 16' wood open, 16' Bourdon, swell motors, chests, rectifiers. Sell by the lot or by item. In N.J. 201/836-6490.

#### **MISCELLANEOUS** FOR SALE

E. M. Skinner (1928): 8' Concert Flute, 8' Vox Celeste II, 8' Solo Gamba and Celeste, two 8' Gambas; Moeller (1957) Gamba Celeste. Write to: Organ, Idlewild Presbyterian Church, 1750 Union Avenue, Memphis, TN 38104.

Well-equipped pipeshop in Mass. For one-man business. Very low rent. Office ser-vices & other assistance available. Imme-diate orders on hand. 413/734-3311. REPLY BOX MA-881, THE DIAPASON.

#### SERVICES/ SUPPLIES

Used, revoiced, classic pipework. Various registers offered for one-half price of new pipework. Price includes cleaning and polishing old pipes & new tuning sleeves, etc. Customer's pipework re-voiced at 1/3 price of new pipework, including cleaning/polishing/sleeves. Samples available. Contact: Schneider Pipe Organs, Inc., P.O. Box 37, Kenney, IL 61749, 217/944-2454.

Austin actions recovered. Over 15 years experience. Units thoroughly tested and fully guaranteed. Manual motor, \$16.50 f.o.b. Technical assistance available. Foley-Baker, Inc., 1212 Boston Trnpk., Bolton, CT 06040. 203/646-4666.

The new 7-octave Peterson Chromatic Tuner, model 320, is now available from stock. Continuously variable Vernier control allows you to compensate for temperature or tune celeste ranks with ease. For more details: Peterson Electro-Musical Products, Inc., Dept. 31, Worth, IL 60482.

Electro-Mechanical Action. Features include color coded 50, 85, 130 ohm colls. clude color coded 50, 85, 130 ohm colls, one screw mounting, and fulcrum pivot hinge. Price: \$2.70 each including 48-state shipment. Felt and leather valves sold separately:  $\frac{5}{4}$  - 13¢,  $\frac{3}{4}$  - 14¢,  $\frac{7}{4}$  - 15¢, 1' - 16¢,  $\frac{1}{6}$  - 17¢, 1' $\frac{1}{4}$  - 19¢. Tube of valve adhesive \$5.00. Justin Matters, P.O. Box 1485, Rapid City, SD 57709. 605/255-4787.

#### SERVICES/ SUPPLIES

"The Pneumatic Works" Specializing in all types of releathering. Write 76 Ed Clark Rd., Colrain, MA 01340, or phone 413/624-3249.

Solid state switching systems/combination actions (1-32 separate memorys)/electric inertia tremolos/drawknobs/stop actions/electric swell shade operators/& many more products. Send for details. Peterson Electro-Musical Products, Inc., 11601 South Mayfield Ave., Worth, IL 60482. 312/

Recovering any type of pouches, pneumatics, primaries, and reservoirs. Also new reservoirs and offset chests. Write: Eric Brugger Releathering Service, 11570 Eureka Rd., Edinboro, PA 16412. Phone vice, 11570 Euro 814/734-3762.

Organ Servicemen: We will recover Casavant and Skinner pouchboards, primary and offset actions. Write: Burness Associates, P.O. Box 344, Glenside, PA 19038.

New organ pipes, excellent workmanship and expertly voiced. Formerly supervisor of Aeolian-Skinner pipeshop. Hans Rother, German Organ Pipe-craft, 34 Standard St., Mattapan, MA 02126.

Watkins & Watson Co. of America. Complete line of "Discus" organ blowers and humidifiers, high and low speed, efficient operation, silencing cabinets. Immediate delivery on most items. Free catalogue. 11040 W. Bluemound Rd., Wauwatosa, WI 50006 44/371 9006 logue. 11040 W. Blue 53226. 414/771-8966.

#### ALL REPLIES TO BOX NUMBERS

that appear without an address should be sent to: THE DIAPASON 380 Northwest Hwy Des Plaines, IL 60016



David C. Harris, Owner and Tonal Director • Member: International Society of Organ Builders, American Institute of Organ Builders • Inquiries are cordially invited.

REPAIRING

TUNING

ADDITIONS

## R.W. KURTZ ORGAN CO.

CONSULTANT. SPECIALISTS ON PIPE ORGAN REBUILDING P. O. Box 32, Woodstown, N. J. 08098 • 609 / 769-2883



Artisan Builders 806 NP Ave. Fargo, N. Dak. 58102 (701) 293-8964 Wood Organ Pipes

Greenwood Organ Co.

"Three Generations at Organ Building" CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA 28218 P.O. Box 18254 704/334-3819

STEPHEN F. MEADOR Designer - Builder

Service of other makes 3210 Groometown Rd. Greensboro, NC 27407 1-919-299-9871 Since 1974

## JULIAN E. BULLEY

New Organs — Rebuilding Service **SINCE 1906** 

1376 Harvard Blvd.---Dayton, Ohio 45406 513-276-2481

#### GUZOWSKI & S STEPPE

NEW INSTRUMENTS

REBUILDS - ADDITIONS TUNING & SERVICE

1121 EAST COMMERCIAL BLVD FT. LAUDERDALE, FL 33334 (305) 491-6852



AUSTIN ORGANS, INC.

P.O. Box 2562 PALM BEACH, FLORIDA 33480 (305) 833-2087 HUGH M. PIERCE



## W. Zimmer & Sons, inc.

pipe organ builders

Mailing Address: P. O. Box 520 Pineville, N. C. 28134 Telephone (704) 588-1706

### **Robert Copeland**

P.O. Box 182 Saltsburg, PA 15681

(412) 639-9798

Pipe Organ Repair - All Makes

## Klux & Schumacher, Inc.

PIPE ORGAN SERVICE

1708 Atlanta Ct. Lakeland, FL 33803 Phone (813) 687-9425



Proscia & Associates

(404) 258-7560

580 Hillcreet Road Bowdon, Georgie 20109

# 813 Boones Creek Rd. • RR14, Box 40-A Jonesborough, TN 37659

DURST

PIPE ORGAN & SUPPLY COMPANY

Chests

Swell Engines

Swell Fronts

Quality from the Past Competitive for the Future

## Lewis & Hitchcock, Inc.

Pipe Organ Builders Since 1915

Vienna, Virginia 22180 8466A Tyco Road

(703) 734-8585



Your personal wishes are in good hands

scaves Stinkens Organ pipe makers B.V.

ZEIST Holland



ORGAN COMPANY, INC.

WASHINGTON ROAD PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY 08540 609-799-1421

# Murtagh-McFarlane Artists, Inc.

3269 West 30th Street Cleveland, Ohio 44109 (216) 398-3990



Marie-Claire



William Albright





Stephen Cleobury+ David Craighead







Gerre Hancock



Judith Hancock





David Higgs



Clyde Holloway









Susan Landale+\*



Olivier Latry+\*



Joan Lippincott









Martin Neary\* Peter Planyavsky+\* Simon Preston+\*





George Ritchie





Daniel Roth\*



Larry Smith



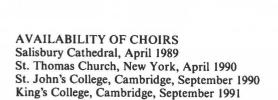


Donald Sutherland Frederick Swann





Thomas Trotter+\*







John Weaver



Todd Wilson